

Independent Auditor's Report

To the members of Ishaan Solar Power Private Limited

Report on the standalone Ind AS Financial Statements

Qualified Opinion

We have audited the accompanying standalone Ind AS financial statements of Ishaan Solar Power Private Limited ("*the Company*") which comprises the Balance Sheet as at March 31, 2021, the Statement of Profit and Loss (including Other Comprehensive income), the Statement of Changes in Equity and the Statement of Cash Flows for the year then ended, and Notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, except for the effects of the matter described in the *Basis for Qualified opinion* section of our report, the aforesaid standalone Ind AS financial statements give the information required by the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the Indian Accounting Standards prescribed under section 133 of the Act read with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, as amended, ("Ind AS") and other accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the state of affairs of the Company as at March 31, 2021, and profit, changes in equity and its cash flows for the year ended on that date.

Basis for Qualified Opinion

With respect to certain liabilities aggregating to INR 56,444,062 lying outstanding as at March 31, 2021 under trade payables sufficient appropriate audit evidence is not available to corroborate the management's assessment of such obligations. Hence, we are unable to determine whether any adjustments might be necessary to such amounts and the corresponding impact on income tax, net income and shareholders' funds.

We conducted our audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing (SAs) specified under section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013. Our responsibilities under those Standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the standalone Ind AS Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the Code of Ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the standalone Ind AS financial statements under the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and the Rules thereunder, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our qualified opinion on the standalone Ind AS financial statements.



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Emphasis of Matters

- 1) We draw attention to Note 35 of the standalone Ind AS financial statements annexed to this report which explains in detail non-compliances with various RBI guidelines and FEMA regulations.
- 2) We draw attention to Note 37 of the standalone Ind AS financial statements, which describes the effect of COVID-19 pandemic on the Company's operations and its financial position.

Our opinion is not modified in respect of these matters.

Key Audit Matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the standalone Ind AS financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the standalone Ind AS Financial Statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters. In addition to the matter described in the Basis for Qualified Opinion section, we have determined the matters described below to be the key audit matters to be communicated in our report.

Sr. No.	Key Audit Matter	Auditor's Response
1	<p>Accuracy of recognition, measurement, presentation and disclosure of revenues and other related balances in view of adoption of Ind AS 115 "Revenue from Contracts with Customers"</p> <p>The application of this revenue accounting standard involves certain key judgements relating to identification of distinct performance obligations, determination of transaction price of the appropriateness of the basis used to measure revenue recognized over a period. Further, it comprises the point in time when transfer of control has occurred regarding sale of solar water pumps (supply-only and supply-and-installation), sale of solar components, and assessing the degree of completion of service contracts which are accounted for over time. Recognition of the Company's revenue is complex due to several types of customer contracts utilized, including sale of solar water pumps and the service income aspect of the same. Refer Note 3(b) of the standalone Ind AS financial statements.</p>	<p>Our procedures included, among others, obtaining an understanding of contract execution processes and relevant controls relating to the accounting for customer contracts. We tested the relevant internal controls used to ensure the completeness, accuracy and timing of revenue recognized, including controls over the degree of completion of service contracts at year-end.</p> <p>We read a sample of both sales and service contracts to assess whether the method for recognition of revenue was relevant and consistent with Ind AS 115 and has been applied consistently. We focused on contract classification, allocation of income and cost to individual performance obligations and timing of transfer of control. Where a contract contained multiple elements, we considered Management's judgements as to whether they comprised performance obligations that should be accounted for separately, and in such cases, challenged the judgements made in the allocation of consideration to each performance obligation.</p> <p>We evaluated and challenged the significant judgements and estimates made by Management in applying the Company's accounting policy to a sample of specific contracts and separable performance obligations of contracts, and we obtained evidence to support them, including details of</p>



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		contractual agreements, delivery records and cash receipts. For the contracts selected, we inspected original signed contracts and reconciled the revenue recognized to the underlying accounting records.
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Information Other than the standalone Ind AS Financial Statements and Auditor's Report Thereon

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the other information. The other information obtained at the date of this auditor's report is information included in the Director's report but does not include the standalone Ind AS financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the standalone Ind AS financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the standalone Ind AS financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the standalone Ind AS financial statements or our knowledge obtained during the course of our audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. As described in the Basis for Qualified Opinion section above, we were unable obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence with respect to certain liabilities aggregating to INR 56,444,062 lying outstanding as at March 31, 2021 under trade payables to corroborate the management's assessment of such obligations. Hence, we are unable to determine whether any adjustments might be necessary to such amounts and the corresponding impact on income tax, net income and shareholders' funds. Accordingly, we are unable to conclude whether or not the other information is materially misstated with respect to this matter.

Management's Responsibility for the Standalone Ind AS Financial Statements

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the matters stated in section 134(5) of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") with respect to the preparation of these standalone Ind AS financial statements that give a true and fair view of the financial position, financial performance, changes in equity and cash flows of the Company in accordance with the Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) and accounting principles generally accepted in India. This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding of the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the Ind AS financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the standalone Ind AS financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those Board of Directors are also responsible for overseeing the company's financial reporting process



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Auditor's Responsibility for the Audit of the standalone Ind AS Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these standalone Ind AS financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the standalone Ind AS financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal financial controls relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. Under section 143(3)(i) of the Act, we are also responsible for expressing our opinion on whether the Company has adequate internal financial controls system in place and the operating effectiveness of such controls.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the standalone Ind AS financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the standalone Ind AS financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the standalone Ind AS financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

Materiality is the magnitude of misstatements in the standalone Ind AS financial statements that, individually or in aggregate, makes it probable that the economic decisions of a reasonably knowledgeable user of the financial statements may be influenced. We consider quantitative materiality and qualitative factors in (i) planning the scope of our audit work and in evaluating the results of our work; and (ii) to evaluate the effect of any identified misstatements in the financial statements.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.



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We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the Ind AS financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

1. As required by Section 143(3) of the Act, based on our audit we report that:

- a) We have sought and except for the matter described in the Basis for Qualified opinion section above, obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit.
- b) Except for the possible effects of the matter described in the Basis for Qualified opinion section above, in our opinion, proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as it appears from our examination of those books.
- c) The Balance Sheet, the Statement of Profit and Loss including Other Comprehensive Income, Statement of Changes in Equity and the Statement of Cash Flow dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the relevant books of account.
- d) Except for the possible effects of the matter described in the Basis for Qualified opinion section above, in our opinion, the aforesaid standalone Ind AS financial statements comply with the Accounting Standards specified under Section 133 of the Act.
- e) On the basis of the written representations received from the directors for the year ended March 31, 2021 taken on record by the Board of Directors, none of the directors is disqualified as on March 31, 2021 from being appointed as a director in terms of Section 164 (2) of the Act.
- f) The qualification relating to the maintenance of accounts and other matters connected therewith are as stated in the Basis for Qualified Opinion section above.
- g) With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls over financial reporting of the Company and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate report in "Annexure A". Our report expresses a qualified opinion on the adequacy and operating effectiveness of the Company's internal financial controls over financial reporting.
- h) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with the requirements of section 197(16) of the Act, as amended, in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the Company being a private company, section 197 of the Act related to the managerial remuneration not applicable.



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- i) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:
 - i. The Company does not have any pending litigations which could impact its financial position
 - ii. The Company did not have any long-term contracts including derivative contracts for which there were any material foreseeable losses.
 - iii. There were no amounts which were required to be transferred to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Company.
2. As required by the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2016 ("the Order"), issued by the Central Government of India in terms of sub-section (11) of section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013, we give in the "Annexure B" a statement on the matters specified in paragraphs 3 and 4 of the Order, to the extent applicable.

For V K A N & Associates
Chartered Accountants
ICAI Firm Registration No 014226S



Kaushik Venkatraman
Partner
Membership No. 222070
Place: Chennai
Date: August 4, 2021
UDIN: 21222070AAAADV5690



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Annexure A to the Independent Auditor's Report

(Referred to in paragraph 1(g) under 'Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements' section of our report to the Members of Ishaan Solar Power Private Limited of even date)

Report on the Internal Financial Controls under Clause (i) of Sub-section 3 of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act")

We have audited the internal financial controls over financial reporting of Ishaan Solar Power Private Limited ("the Company") as of March 31, 2021 in conjunction with our audit of the standalone Ind AS financial statements of the Company for the year ended on that date.

Management's Responsibility for Internal Financial Controls

The Company's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India ('ICAI'). These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Companies Act, 2013.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's internal financial controls over financial reporting based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting (the "Guidance Note") and the Standards on Auditing, issued by ICAI and deemed to be prescribed under section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls, both applicable to an audit of Internal Financial Controls and, both issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls over financial reporting was established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.

Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls system over financial reporting and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls over financial reporting included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls over financial reporting, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Company's internal financial controls system over financial reporting.

Meaning of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting

A company's internal financial control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal financial control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with



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generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorisations of management and directors of the company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorised acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting

Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls over financial reporting, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls over financial reporting to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial control over financial reporting may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

Opinion

In our opinion, to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the Company has in all material respects, an adequate internal financial controls system over financial reporting and such internal financial controls over financial reporting were operating effectively as at March 31, 2021, based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India.

For V K A N & Associates

Chartered Accountants

ICAI Firm Registration No 014226S



Kaushik Venkatraman

Partner

Membership No. 222070

Place: Chennai

Date: August 4, 2021



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Annexure B to the Independent Auditor's Report

(Referred to in paragraph 2 under 'Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements' section of our report to the Members of Ishaan Solar Power Private Limited of even date)

- (i) In respect of its fixed assets:
 - (a) The Company has maintained proper records showing full particulars including quantitative details and location of fixed assets
 - (b) The Company has a regular program of physical verification of its fixed assets by which fixed assets are verified in a phased manner over a period of three years. In our opinion, this periodicity of physical verification is reasonable having regard to the size of the company and nature of its assets.
 - (c) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, there are no immovable properties are held in the name of the Company.
- (ii) In respect of inventories
 - a. Inventories have been physically verified by the management during the year. In our opinion the frequency of such verification is reasonable.
 - b. The procedures for physical verification of inventories followed by the management are reasonable and adequate considering the nature and size of the Company and the nature of its business.
 - c. The Company is maintaining proper records of inventory. The discrepancies noticed on account of verification between book records and physical stocks were not material.
- (iii) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of books of accounts, the Company has not granted any loan, secured or unsecured to companies, firms, limited liability partnerships or other parties covered in the register required under Section 189 of the Companies Act, 2013 and hence paragraph 3(iii) of the order is not applicable.
- (iv) The Company has complied with the provisions under Sections 185 and 186 of the Act with respect to the loans given to other Companies. There are no investments and guarantees which require compliance with such provisions.
- (v) According to the information and explanations made available to us, the Company has not accepted deposits from the public.
- (vi) The Central Government has not prescribed the maintenance of cost records under section 148(1) of the Act.
- (vii) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of books of accounts in respect of statutory dues,



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- a) There were no material delays in depositing undisputed statutory dues including income tax, goods and services tax and other material statutory dues with the appropriate authorities. The Company has no arrears of outstanding goods and services tax as on 31st March 2021 for a period of more than six months from the date they became payable.
- b) The Company has no material dues of income tax, goods and services tax, customs duty and others statutory dues which have not been deposited with the appropriate authorities on account of any dispute as on 31st March 2021.
- (viii) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of books of accounts, the Company has not defaulted in repayment of borrowings to a financial institution.
- (ix) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of books of accounts, the Company did not raise any money by way of initial public offer or further public offer (including debt instruments) and term loans during the year.
- (x) According to the information and explanations given to us, no fraud by the Company or no fraud on the Company by its officers or employees has been noticed or reported during the year.
- (xi) Since the Company is a private limited company the provisions of Section 197 of the Act is not applicable to the Company. Accordingly, paragraph 3(xii) of the Order is not applicable.
- (xii) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company is not a Nidhi company. Accordingly, paragraph 3(xii) of the Order is not applicable.
- (xiii) According to the information and explanations given to us and based on our examination of the records of the Company, Transaction with the related parties are in compliance with section 188 of the Act where applicable and details of such transactions have been disclosed in the standalone Ind AS financial statements as required by the applicable India accounting standards. The provisions of section 177 are not applicable to the company and accordingly reporting under clause 3(xiii) is so far as it relates to section 177 of the act is not applicable to the Company and hence not commented upon.
- (xiv) According to the information and explanations give to us and on the basis of our examination of books of accounts, the Company has not made any preferential allotment or private placement of shares or fully or partly convertible debentures during the year.
- (xv) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of books of accounts, the Company has not entered into non-cash transactions with directors or persons connected with him. Accordingly, paragraph 3(xv) of the Order is not applicable.



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(xvi) The Company is not required to be registered under section 45-IA of the Reserve Bank of India Act 1934.

For V K A N & Associates
Chartered Accountants
ICAI Firm Registration No 014226S



Kaushik Venkatraman
Partner

Membership No. 222070

Place: Chennai

Date: August 4, 2021



Ishaan Solar Power India Private Limited

CIN: U40106MP2010PTC024790

Balance Sheet as at 31 March 2021

(All amount are in Indian rupees, unless otherwise stated)

	Notes	As at March 31, 2021	As at 31 March 2020
ASSETS			
Non-Current Assets			
Property, plant and equipment	4	34,663	-
Financial Assets			
(i) Investments	5	-	-
(i) Other Financial Assets	6	2,70,41,952	77,97,166
Non-Current Tax Assets	7	4,94,733	-
Total Non-Current Assets		2,75,71,348	77,97,166
Current Assets			
Inventories	8	1,65,105	16,12,499
Financial Assets			
(i) Trade Receivables	9	11,46,38,551	21,92,66,136
(ii) Cash and Cash Equivalents	10	2,25,77,879	92,283
(iii) Other Bank Balances	11	63,38,312	1,67,67,147
(iii) Loans Receivable	12	1,56,37,733	7,30,30,348
(iv) Other Financial Assets	13	5,27,69,651	4,62,91,344
Other Current Assets	14	40,72,208	80,80,108
Total Current Assets		21,61,99,439	36,51,39,865
TOTAL ASSETS		24,37,70,787	37,29,37,031
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES			
Equity			
Equity Share capital	15	18,50,000	18,50,000
Other Equity			
(i) Reserves and Surplus	16	13,35,35,585	13,00,14,268
Total Equity		13,53,85,585	13,18,64,268
LIABILITIES			
Non-Current Liabilities			
Provisions	17	16,56,025	77,65,252
Total Non-Current Liabilities		16,56,025	77,65,252
Current Liabilities			
Financial Liabilities			
(i) Borrowings	18	1,05,62,354	1,56,00,000
(ii) Trade Payables	19		
Total outstanding dues of micro enterprise and small enterprises		45,77,280	12,64,37,070
Total outstanding dues other than micro enterprise and small enterprises		8,58,60,447	8,60,03,844
(iii) Other Financial Liabilities	20	26,68,607	47,56,948
Other Current Liabilities	21	30,60,489	5,09,649
Total Current Liabilities		10,67,29,177	23,33,07,511
TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES		24,37,70,787	37,29,37,031

Notes forming part of the Ind AS Financial Statements

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This is the Balance Sheet referred to in our report

For V K A N & Associates
Chartered Accountants
Firm Registration No: 014226S



Kaushik Venkatraman
Kaushik Venkatraman
Partner
Membership No: 222070
Place: Chennai
Date : August 04,2021

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of
Ishaan Solar Power India Private Limited

Shankar Sivan
Shankar Sivan
Director
DIN: 08088393
Place: Chennai
Date : August 04,2021



Shailesh Rajagopalan
Shailesh Rajagopalan
Director
DIN: 01855598
Place: Chennai
Date : August 04,2021

Ishaan Solar Power India Private Limited

CIN: U40106MP2010PTC024790

Statement of Profit and Loss for the year ended 31 March 2021*(All amount are in Indian rupees, unless otherwise stated)*

	Notes	For the year ended 31 March 2021	For the year ended 31 March 2020
Income			
Revenue from operations	22	4,91,95,238	25,54,53,660
Other income	23	3,95,78,892	94,97,054
Total Income		8,87,74,130	26,49,50,714
Expenses			
Consumption of material, erection and engineering expenses	24	5,57,48,006	23,99,77,697
Finance costs	25	16,81,448	6,979
Depreciation	4	1,037	-
Other operating expenses	26	2,78,22,322	1,38,52,802
Total expenses		8,52,52,813	25,38,37,478
Profit Before Tax		35,21,317	1,11,13,236
Tax Expense:			
Current Tax	27	1,00,000	23,01,594
MAT credit entitlement		(1,00,000)	-
Deferred Tax		-	-
Profit After Tax		35,21,317	88,11,642
Other Comprehensive Income			
Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss		-	-
Other comprehensive income not to be reclassified to profit or loss		35,21,317	88,11,642
Total Comprehensive Income for the year		35,21,317	88,11,642

Earnings per equity share (face value Rs. 10 each)

Basic and Diluted Earnings Per Share

28

19.03

47.63

Notes forming part of the Ind AS Financial Statements

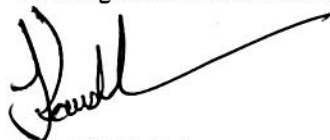
1-39

This is the Statement of Profit and Loss referred to in our report

For V K A N & Associates

Chartered Accountants

Firm Registration No: 014226S


Kaushik Venkatraman

Partner

Membership No: 222070



Place: Chennai

Date : August 04,2021

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of**Ishaan Solar Power India Private Limited**

Shankar Sivan

Director

DIN: 08088393

Place: Chennai

Date : August 04,2021


Shailesh Rajagopalan

Director

DIN: 01855598

Place: Chennai

Date : August 04,2021



Ishaan Solar Power India Private Limited
CIN: U40106MP2010PTC024790
Cash Flow Statement for the year ended March 31, 2021
(All amount are in Indian rupees, unless otherwise stated)

	For the year ended 31 March 2021	For the year ended 31 March 2020
A. Cash Flow from Operating Activities		
Profit / (Loss) Before Tax	35,21,317	1,11,13,236
<i>Adjustments for:</i>		
Depreciation and amortisation expenses	1,037	-
Interest income on fixed deposits/loans	(81,95,598)	(94,62,310)
Advances written off	-	7,34,919
Liabilities no longer required written back	(3,12,11,571)	-
Provision for diminution in the value of investment	9,42,103	-
Finance Cost	16,81,448	6,979
Provision for doubtful debts	0	43,81,063
Provision for Warranty	13,05,000	3,60,000
Operating loss before working capital changes	(3,19,56,264)	71,33,887
Change in operating assets and liabilities:		
Adjustments for (increase) / decrease in operating assets :		
Adjustments for increase / (decrease) in operating liabilities :		
Inventories	14,47,395	(16,12,499)
Trade Receivables	10,46,27,585	(21,95,79,264)
Other financial assets	(18,65,262)	3,01,85,771
Other Current Assets	40,07,900	3,95,29,222
Trade Payables	(9,07,91,617)	13,28,51,872
Other Current Liabilities	25,41,863	4,22,669
	(1,19,88,401)	(1,10,68,341)
Taxes (Paid) / Refund	(78,99,985)	4,53,055
Net Cash used in Operating Activities	(1,98,88,386)	(1,06,15,286)
B. Cash Flow from Investing Activities		
Inter corporate loans	5,73,92,615	(95,68,812)
Changes in bank balances not available for immediate use	(86,70,268)	1,69,58,900
Interest received from Fixed deposits/loans	34,36,870	26,95,449
Investment in equity shares	(9,42,103)	-
Purchase of fixed asset	(35,700)	-
Net Cash from Investing Activities	5,11,81,414	1,00,85,537
C. Cash Flow from Financing Activities		
(Repayment of Borrowings) / Proceeds from borrowings	(50,37,646)	-
Interest paid during the year	(37,69,789)	(6,979)
Net Cash from / (used in) Financing Activities	(88,07,435)	(6,979)
Net increase in Cash and Cash Equivalents (A+B+C)	2,24,85,594	(5,36,728)
Cash and Cash Equivalents at the beginning of the year	92,283	6,29,011
Cash and Cash Equivalents at the end of the year	2,25,77,879	92,283
Note :		
1. The cash flow statement is prepared under "Indirect method" as set out in IND AS 7 Statements of Cash Flows notified in Section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013.		
2. Reconciliation of Cash and cash equivalents with the Balance sheet		
Cash and Cash Equivalents	2,25,77,879	92,283
Cash and Cash Equivalents at the end of the year	2,25,77,879	92,283

Notes forming part of the Ind AS Financial Statements
This is the Statement of Cash Flow referred to in our report

1-39

For V K A N & Associates
Chartered Accountants
Firm Registration No: 014226S

Kaushik Venkatraman
Partner
Membership No: 222070
Place: Chennai
Date : August 04,2021



For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of
Ishaan Solar Power India Private Limited

Shankar Sivan
Director
DIN: 08088393
Place: Chennai
Date : August 04,2021



Shailesh Rajagopalan
Director
DIN: 01855598
Place: Chennai
Date : August 04,2021

Ishaan Solar Power India Private Limited

CIN: U40106MP2010PTC024790

Statement of Changes in Equity for the year ended 31 March 2021*(All amount are in Indian rupees, unless otherwise stated)***A. Equity Share capital (also refer note 15)**

Particulars	Number	Amount in Rs
Equity shares INR 10 each issued, subscribed and paid	1,85,000	18,50,000
As at 31 March 2020	1,85,000	18,50,000
Issue of equity shares	-	-
As at 31 March 2021	1,85,000	18,50,000

B. Other Equity

Particulars	Capital Reserve	Securities Premium account	Retained Earnings	Other Comprehensive Income	Total equity attributable to equity holders
As at 31 March 2019	12,69,51,633	17,50,000	(74,99,007)	-	(2,24,11,242)
Profit for the year	-	-	88,11,642	-	88,11,642
Other comprehensive income for the year	-	-	-	-	-
As at 31 March 2020	12,69,51,633	17,50,000	13,12,635	-	13,00,14,268
Profit for the year	-	-	35,21,317	-	35,21,317
Other comprehensive income for the year	-	-	-	-	-
As at 31 March 2021	12,69,51,633	17,50,000	48,33,952	-	13,35,35,585

Notes forming part of the Ind AS Financial statements

1-39

This is statement of changes in equity referred to in our report

For V K A N & Associates

Chartered Accountants

Firm Registration No: 014226S

Kaushik Venkatraman

Partner

Membership No: 222070

Place: Chennai

Date : August 04,2021



For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of

Ishaan Solar Power India Private Limited

Shankar Sivan

Director

DIN: 08088393

Place: Chennai

Date : August 04,2021

Shailesh Rajagopalan

Director

DIN: 01855598

Place: Chennai

Date : August 04,2021



Ishaan Solar Power India Private Limited
Notes to Standalone Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2021
(All amount are in Indian rupees, unless otherwise stated)

1 Background

Ishaan Solar Power Private Limited ('the Company') is a private company domiciled and headquartered in India and was incorporated on 23 November 2010 under the Companies Act, 1956. The Company is engaged in the business of rendering design, engineering, installation and maintenance of solar water pumps.

2 Basis of preparation

a. Statement of compliance

These financial statements are prepared in accordance with Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) under the historical cost convention on the accrual basis except for certain financial instruments which are measured at fair values, at the end of each reporting period as explained in the accounting policies below, the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 ('the Act') (to the extent notified). The Ind AS are prescribed under Section 133 of the Act read with Rule 3 of the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 and Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Amendment Rules, 2016.

Accounting policies have been consistently applied except where a newly-issued accounting standard is initially adopted or a revision to an existing accounting standard requires a change in the accounting policy hitherto in use. Details of the Company's significant accounting policies are included in Note 3.

b. Functional and presentation currency

The functional currency of the Company is the Indian rupee. All the financial information have been presented in Indian Rupees (Rs.) except for share data or as stated otherwise.

c. Basis of measurement

These financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis except for the following items:

a) Certain financial assets and financial liabilities - Fair value

d. Use of estimates

In preparing these financial statements, Management has made judgments, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of accounting policies and the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, income and expenses. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an on-going basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognized prospectively.

Judgements are made in applying accounting policies that have the most significant effects on the amounts recognized in the financial statements and the same is disclosed in the relevant notes to the financial statements.

Assumptions and estimation uncertainties that have a significant risk of resulting in a material adjustment are reviewed on an on-going basis and the same is disclosed in the relevant notes to the financial statements.

e. Measurement of fair values

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date, regardless of whether that price is directly observable or estimated using another valuation technique. In estimating the fair value of an asset or a liability, the Company takes into account the characteristics of the asset or liability if market participants would take those characteristics into account when pricing the asset or liability at the measurement date. Fair value for measurement and /or disclosure purposes in these financial statements is determined on such a basis, except for leasing transactions that are within the scope of Ind AS 17, and measurements that have some similarities to fair value but are not fair value, such as net realisable value in Ind AS 2 or value in use in Ind AS 36.



Ishaan Solar Power India Private Limited

Notes to Standalone Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2021

(All amount are in Indian rupees, unless otherwise stated)

e. Measurement of fair values (Continued)

In addition, for financial reporting purposes, fair value measurements are categorised into Level 1, 2 or 3 based on the degree to which the inputs to the fair value measurements are observable and the significance of the inputs to the fair value measurement in its entirety, which are described as follows:

- Level 1 inputs are quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the entity can access at the measurement date;
- Level 2 inputs are inputs, other than quoted prices included within Level 1, that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (i.e.as prices) or indirectly (i.e. derived from prices);
- Level 3 inputs are unobservable inputs for the asset or liability.

3 Significant accounting policies

a Foreign currency transactions

The functional currency of the Company is the Indian rupee. The financial statements are presented in Indian rupee.

Foreign-currency-denominated monetary assets and liabilities are translated into the relevant functional currency at exchange rate in effect at the Balance Sheet date. The gains or losses resulting from such translations are included in net profit in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

Transaction gains or losses realized upon settlement of foreign currency transactions are included in determining net profit for the period in which the transaction is settled. Revenue, expense and cash-flow items denominated in foreign currencies are translated into the relevant functional currencies using the exchange rate in effect on the date of the transaction.

All foreign exchange gains and losses are presented in the statement of profit and loss on a net basis within other gains/(losses).

b Revenue recognition

Revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for goods supplied and services rendered, net of returns and discounts to customers. Revenue from the sale of goods is recognised when significant risks and rewards of ownership have been transferred to the customer, which is mainly upon delivery, the amount of revenue can be measured reliably and recovery of the consideration is probable. Revenue from services is recognised in the periods in which the services are rendered and the Performance Obligations are discharged. However, where the ultimate collection of revenue lacks reasonable certainty, revenue recognition is postponed.

c Cash and Cash Equivalents

For the purpose of presentation in the statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents includes cash on hand, deposits held at call with financial institutions, other short-term, highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value, and bank overdrafts.

d Property, Plant and Equipment

Property, plant and equipment are stated at cost of acquisition less accumulated depreciation. Cost includes freight, duties and taxes and other incidental expenses related to the acquisition, but exclude duties and taxes that are recoverable subsequently from tax authorities. Capital work in progress includes the cost of assets that are not ready for its intended use and cost of assets not put to use before the balance sheet date. Dismantling costs and costs of removing the item and restoring the site on which it is located is required to be included in the cost of property, plant and equipment where ever applicable and Cost of major inspections is recognized in the carrying amount of property, plant and equipment as a replacement, if recognition criteria are satisfied and any remaining carrying amount of the cost of previous inspection is derecognized. An item of property, plant and equipment is derecognized upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected to arise from the continued use of the asset. Any gain or loss arising on the disposal or retirement of an item of property, plant and equipment is determined as the difference between the sale proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and is recognized in profit or loss.

Depreciation

Depreciation is provided on the Straight Line Method over the useful lives of assets as assessed by the management of the Company. The management estimates the useful lives of tangible fixed assets as follow:

Description	Useful life
Vehicles	10 years



3 Significant accounting policies (Continued)

e Income taxes

Income tax expense comprise current tax (i.e. amount of tax for the period determined in accordance with the income-tax law) and deferred tax charge or credit (reflecting that tax effects of timing differences between accounting income and taxable income for the period). The deferred tax charge or credit and the corresponding deferred tax liabilities or assets are recognized using the tax rates and tax laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date. Deferred tax assets are recognized only to the extent there is a reasonable certainty that the assets can be realized in future; however, where there is unabsorbed depreciation or carried forward loss under taxation laws, deferred tax assets are recognized only if there is a virtual certainty of realization of such assets. Deferred tax assets are reviewed as at the balance sheet date and written down or written up to reflect the amount that is reasonably/virtually certain (as the case may be) to be realized. Current tax and deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset to the extent to which the Company has a legally enforceable right to set off and they relate to taxes on income levied by the same governing taxation laws.

Minimum Alternate Tax ("MAT") paid in accordance with tax laws, which gives rise to future economic benefits in the form of adjustment of future income tax liability, is considered as an asset if there is convincing evidence that the company would pay normal income tax after tax holiday period and accordingly, MAT is recognized as an asset in the balance sheet when it is probable that the future economic benefit associated with it will flow to the company and the asset can be measured reliably. MAT credit entitlement is reviewed at each balance sheet date and written down to the extent there is no convincing evidence to the effect that the Company will pay normal income tax during the specified period.

Current and deferred tax for the year

Current and deferred tax are recognized in profit or loss, except when they relate to items that are recognized in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, in which case, the current and deferred tax are also recognized in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively.

f Provisions, contingent liabilities and contingent assets

The Company creates a provision when there is present obligation as a result of past event that probably requires an outflow of resources and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation. A disclosure for a contingent liability is made when there is a possible obligation or a present obligation that may, but probably will not, require an outflow of resources. Where there is a possible obligation or a present obligation in respect of which the likelihood of outflow of resources is remote, no provision or disclosure is made. Contingent assets are neither recognized nor disclosed in the financial statements.

Provision for onerous contracts i.e. contracts where the expected unavoidable costs of meeting the obligations under the contract exceed the economic benefits expected to be received under it, are recognized when it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle a present obligation as a result of an obligating event, based on reliable estimate of such obligation.

g Earnings per share

Basic earnings per equity share is computed by dividing the net profit for the year attributable to the Equity Shareholders by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the year. Diluted earnings per share is computed by dividing the net profit for the year, adjusted for the effects of dilutive potential equity shares, attributable to the Equity Shareholders by the weighted average number of the equity shares and dilutive potential equity shares outstanding during the year except where the results are anti-dilutive.

h Cash flow statements

Cash flows are reported using the indirect method, whereby profit for the period is adjusted for the effects of transactions of a non-cash nature, any deferrals or accruals of past or future operating cash receipts or payments and item of income or expenses associated with investing or financing cash flows. The cash flows from operating, investing and financing activities of the Company are segregated.

i Financial instruments:

Initial recognition

The Company recognizes financial assets and financial liabilities when it becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. All financial assets and liabilities are recognized at fair value on initial recognition, except for trade receivables which are initially measured at transaction price. Transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of financial assets and financial liabilities, which are not at fair value through profit or loss, are added to the fair value on initial recognition. Regular way purchase and sale of financial assets are accounted for at trade date.



3 Significant accounting policies (Continued)

Subsequent measurement

i) Financial assets carried at amortized cost

A financial asset is subsequently measured at amortized cost if it is held within a business model whose objective is to hold the asset in order to collect contractual cash flows and the contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

ii) Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income

A financial asset is subsequently measured at fair value through other comprehensive income if it is held within a business model whose objective is achieved by both collecting contractual cash flows and selling financial assets and the contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding. The Company has made an irrevocable election for its investments which are classified as equity instruments to present the subsequent changes in fair value in other comprehensive income based on its business model.

iii) Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss

A financial asset, which is not classified in any of the above categories, is subsequently fair valued through profit or loss.

iv) Impairment of Financial Assets

The Company recognizes loss allowances using the expected credit loss (ECL) model for the financial assets which are not fair valued through profit or loss. Loss allowance for trade receivables with no significant financing component is measured at an amount equal to lifetime ECL. For all other financial assets, ECLs are measured at an amount equal to the 12-month ECL, unless there has been a significant increase in credit risk from initial recognition in which case those are measured at lifetime ECL, as applicable, as the case may be. The amount of ECLs (or reversals, if any) that is required to adjust the loss allowance at the reporting date to the amount that is required to be recognized is recognized as an impairment gain or loss in the profit or loss.

v) Financial liabilities

Financial liabilities are subsequently carried at amortized cost using the effective interest method, except for contingent consideration recognized in a business combination, which is subsequently measured at fair value through profit or loss. For trade and other payables maturing within one year from the Balance Sheet date, the carrying amounts approximate fair value due to the short maturity of these instruments.

Derecognition of financial instruments

The company derecognizes a financial asset when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the financial asset expire or it transfers the financial asset and the transfer qualifies for derecognition under Ind AS 109. A financial liability (or a part of a financial liability) is derecognized from the Company's Balance Sheet when the obligation specified in the contract is discharged or cancelled or expires.

j Operating Cycle

Based on the nature of activities of the company and the normal time between rendering of services and their realisation in cash or cash equivalents, the Company has determined its operating cycle as 12 months for the purpose of classification of its assets and liabilities as current and non-current.

k Leases

The company assesses whether a contract contains a lease at the inception of the contract. A contract is, or contains, a lease if the contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration. To assess whether a contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset, the company assesses whether (i) the contract involves the use of an identified asset (ii) the company has substantially all of the economic benefits from the use of the asset through the period of the lease

l New accounting standards yet to be adopted by the Company

Ministry of Corporate affairs ("MCA") notifies new standards or amendments to the existing standards. There is no such notification which would have been applicable from April 1, 2020.



Ishaan Solar Power India Private Limited**Notes to Standalone Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2021**

(All amount are in Indian rupees, unless otherwise stated)

4 Property, plant and equipment

Description	Vehicle	Total
Gross block		
Balance as at 31 March 2019	-	-
Additions	-	-
Disposals	-	-
Balance as at 31 March 2020	-	-
Additions	35,700	35,700
Disposals	-	-
Balance as at 31 March 2021	35,700	35,700
Accumulated Depreciation		
Balance as at 31 March 2019	-	-
Charge for the year	-	-
Disposals	-	-
Balance as at 31 March 2020	-	-
Charge for the year	1,037	1,037
Disposals	-	-
Balance as at 31 March 2021	1,037	1,037
Net block		
As at 31 March 2021	34,663	34,663
As at 31 March 2020	-	-



Ishaan Solar Power India Private Limited
Notes to Standalone Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2021
(All amount are in Indian rupees, unless otherwise stated)

Particulars	As at 31 March 2021	As at 31 March 2020
Note 5 Investments- Non Current		
Investment in equity shares, fully paid up (unquoted)		
In Subsidiaries (at cost)		
SEI Tejas Private Limited		
7,215,250 equity shares of Rs 10 each fully paid up	9,42,103	-
Less: Provision for diminution, other than temporary in nature	(9,42,103)	-
Total	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
Note 6 Other Financial Assets - Non-Current		
Restricted Bank Balances- #	2,68,50,769	77,51,666
Security Deposits	1,91,183	45,500
Total	<u>2,70,41,952</u>	<u>77,97,166</u>
#- marked as lien against bank guarantees		
Note 7 Non-Current Tax Assets		
Taxes Receivable (Net of Provision for Income Tax: INR 10,727,721)	4,94,733	-
Total	<u>4,94,733</u>	<u>-</u>
Note 8 Inventories		
Raw Material	1,65,105	16,12,499
Total	<u>1,65,105</u>	<u>16,12,499</u>
Note 9 Trade Receivables		
Unsecured		
Outstanding for a period exceeding six months from the date they are due for payment	9,33,95,820	28,62,194
Considered good (also refer Note 30)	2,12,42,730	21,64,03,942
Considered doubtful	3,77,43,124	4,95,96,677
Total	<u>15,23,81,675</u>	<u>26,88,62,813</u>
Less: Provision for bad and doubtful debts (refer note 33)	(3,77,43,124)	(4,95,96,677)
Total	<u>11,46,38,551</u>	<u>21,92,66,136</u>
Note 10 Cash and Cash Equivalents		
Balances with Banks		
- In current accounts	2,25,77,879	92,283
Total	<u>2,25,77,879</u>	<u>92,283</u>
Note 11 Other Bank Balances		
Restricted Bank Balances@	63,38,312	1,67,67,147
(with original maturity of more than 3 months having remaining maturity of less than 12 months from the Balance Sheet date)		
Total	<u>63,38,312</u>	<u>1,67,67,147</u>
@ marked as Lien against Bank Guarantees		



Ishaan Solar Power India Private Limited
Notes to Standalone Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2021
(All amount are in Indian rupees, unless otherwise stated)

Particulars	As at 31 March 2021	As at 31 March 2020
Note 12 Loans		
<i>(Unsecured , considered good)</i>		
To Related Parties:		
Loans Receivable (refer Note 30)	1,56,37,733	7,30,30,348
Total	<u>1,56,37,733</u>	<u>7,30,30,348</u>
<p>During the year, working capital loans have been given to the related parties. The loan carries interest at the rate which is equal to or more than the prevailing yield of Government Security rates closest to the tenure of the loan, as may be applicable from time to time. Interest shall accrue on a monthly basis and shall be payable as mutually agreed between the parties from time to time.</p>		
Note 13 Other Financial Assets		
<i>(Unsecured , considered good)</i>		
Security Deposits	1,00,64,446	96,75,021
Interest accrued on fixed deposits	4,54,384	19,57,304
Interest accrued on intercompany loans ((also refer Note 30)	4,09,20,667	3,46,59,019
Receivable from related parties (refer Note 30)	13,30,154	-
Total	<u>5,27,69,651</u>	<u>4,62,91,344</u>
Note 14 Other Current Assets		
Unbilled Revenue	51,547	-
Prepaid expenses	81,804	-
Balances due from government authorities	38,17,125	70,80,396
Advances paid to suppliers (also refer Note 30)	1,21,732	9,99,712
Total	<u>40,72,208</u>	<u>80,80,108</u>



Ishaan Solar Power India Private Limited
Notes to Standalone Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2021
(All amount are in Indian rupees, unless otherwise stated)

Note 15 Share Capital

a) Share Capital Authorised, Issued, Subscribed and Paid up;

	As at 31 March 2021		As at 31 March 2020	
	Number of shares	Amount	Number of shares	Amount
Authorised Share Capital				
Equity shares of ₹ 10 each	2,00,000	20,00,000	2,00,000	20,00,000
Issued, Subscribed and Paid up				
Equity shares of ₹ 10 each with voting rights	1,85,000	18,50,000	1,85,000	18,50,000

b) Reconciliation of the number of shares and amount outstanding at the beginning and at the end of the year

	As at 31 March 2021		As at 31 March 2020	
	Number of shares	Amount	Number of shares	Amount
Equity Shares of ₹10 each fully paid				
At the beginning of the year	1,85,000	18,50,000	1,85,000	18,50,000
Changes during the year	-	-	-	-
At the end of the year	1,85,000	18,50,000	1,85,000	18,50,000

c) Rights, preferences and restrictions attached to shares

Equity Shares- The company has a single class of equity shares. Accordingly, all equity shares rank equally with regard to dividends and share in the company's residual assets. The equity shares are entitled to receive dividend as declared from time to time. The voting rights of an equity shareholder on a poll (not show of hands) are in proportion to its share of the paid-up equity capital of the company.

On winding up of the company, the holder of equity shares will be entitled to receive the residual assets of the Company, remaining after distribution of all preferential amounts in proportion to the number of equity shares held.

d. Shares held by holding company and / or their subsidiaries / associates

	As at 31 March 2021		As at 31 March 2020	
	Number of shares	Amount	Number of shares	Amount
Equity shares of ₹ 10 each fully paid up held by :				
SunEdison Infrastructure Limited ('the Holding Company')	1,84,999	18,49,990	1,84,999	18,49,990
Pashupathy Shankar Gopalan	1	10	1	10
	1,85,000	18,50,000	1,85,000	18,50,000

e) Shareholder holding more than 5% of equity shares

	As at 31 March 2021		As at 31 March 2020	
	Number of shares	%	Number of shares	%
Equity Shares of ₹10 each with voting rights				
SunEdison Infrastructure Limited	1,84,999	100%	1,84,999	100%
	1,84,999	100%	3,69,998	150%

Capital Management

The Company's policy is to maintain a strong capital base so as to maintain shareholders' confidence and to sustain future development of the business. Capital Base comprises of Equity Share Capital and Other Equity. The Company's objective when managing capital is to maintain an optimal structure so as to maximize shareholder value.



Ishaan Solar Power India Private Limited
Notes to Standalone Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2021
(All amount are in Indian rupees, unless otherwise stated)

Particulars	As at 31 March 2021	As at 31 March 2020
Note 16 Other Equity		
Capital Reserve	12,69,51,633	12,69,51,633
Securities Premium Reserve	17,50,000	17,50,000
Retained Earnings	48,33,952	13,12,635
Items of Other Comprehensive Income	-	-
A Capital Reserve		
Opening balance	12,69,51,633	12,69,51,633
Movements	-	-
Closing Balance	<u>12,69,51,633</u>	<u>12,69,51,633</u>
B Securities Premium Reserve		
Opening Balance	17,50,000	17,50,000
Movements	-	-
Closing Balance	<u>17,50,000</u>	<u>17,50,000</u>
C Retained Earnings		
Opening Balance	13,12,635	(74,99,007)
Add: Profit for the year	35,21,317	88,11,642
Closing Balance	<u>48,33,952</u>	<u>13,12,635</u>
Total	<u>13,35,35,585</u>	<u>13,00,14,268</u>

Notes to Reserves

- a) Capital Reserve - represents excess of the identifiable assets and liabilities over consideration paid
b) Securities Premium Reserve - the amount received in excess of the face value of equity shares
c) Retained Earnings - are the profits earned by the company till date

Note 17 Provisions - Non-current		
Provision for Income Tax (Net of Advance Tax: March 31, 2020- INR 10,627,721)	-	74,05,252
Provision for Warranty (refer note below)	16,56,025	3,60,000
Total	<u>16,56,025</u>	<u>77,65,252</u>
Provision for warranty		
Balance at the beginning of the year	3,60,000	-
Provision made during the year	13,05,000	3,60,000
Utilisation during the year	8,975	-
Balance as at the end of the year	<u>16,56,025</u>	<u>3,60,000</u>



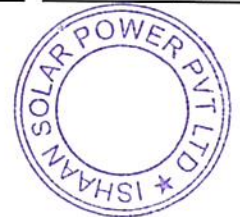
Ishaan Solar Power India Private Limited
Notes to Standalone Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2021
(All amount are in Indian rupees, unless otherwise stated)

	Particulars	As at 31 March 2021	As at 31 March 2020
Note 18	Borrowings-Short Term (Unsecured)		
	Term loan		
	From Related Parties	1,05,62,354	-
	From Others	-	1,56,00,000
	Total	1,05,62,354	1,56,00,000
Note 19	Trade Payables		
	Dues to micro enterprises and small enterprises (refer note below)	45,77,280	12,64,37,070
	Others (also refer Note 30)	8,58,60,447	8,60,03,844
	Total	9,04,37,726	21,24,40,914
19a	Disclosures required under Section 22 of the Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006		
	The management has identified certain enterprises which have provided goods and services to the Company and which qualify under the definition of 'Micro and Small Enterprises' as defined under Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006 ("the Act"). Accordingly the disclosure in respect of the amounts payable to such enterprises as at 31st March 2021 and 31st March 2020 have been made in the financial statements based on information available with the Company and relied upon by the auditors.		
		As at 31 March 2021	As at 31 March 2020
	(i) Principal amount remaining unpaid to any supplier as at the end of the accounting year	22,23,216	12,41,81,369
	(ii) Interest due thereon remaining unpaid to any supplier as at the end of the accounting year	23,54,064	22,55,701
	(iii) The amount of interest paid along with the amounts of the payment made to the supplier beyond the appointed day	-	-
	(iv) The amount of interest due and payable for the year	-	-
	(v) The amount of interest accrued and remaining unpaid at the end of the accounting year	-	-
	(vi) The amount of further interest due and payable even in the succeeding year, until such date when the interest dues as above are actually paid	23,54,064	22,55,701
Note 20	Other Financial Liabilities		
	Interest Payable (also refer Note 30)	26,68,607	47,56,948
	Total	26,68,607	47,56,948
Note 21	Other Current Liabilities		
	Statutory Dues Payable	16,24,473	1,80,836
	Advances from customers	5,76,428	-
	Billing in excess of revenue	8,59,588	3,28,813
	Total	30,60,489	5,09,649



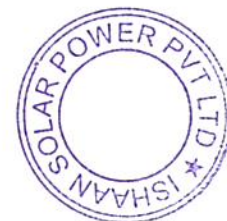
Ishaan Solar Power India Private Limited
Notes to Standalone Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2021
(All amount are in Indian rupees, unless otherwise stated)

Particulars	For the year ended 31 March 2021	For the year ended 31 March 2020
Note 22 Revenue from Operations		
Sale of Products	3,46,51,888	17,87,18,733
Sale of services	1,45,43,350	7,67,34,927
Total	4,91,95,238	25,54,53,660
Note 23 Other Income		
Interest income on fixed deposits	14,24,542	26,58,652
Interest income on intercompany loans	67,71,056	68,03,658
Liabilities no longer required written back	3,12,11,571	-
Miscellaneous income	1,71,723	34,744
Total	3,95,78,892	94,97,054
Note 24 Consumption of material, erection and engineering expenses	5,57,48,006	23,99,77,697
Total	5,57,48,006	23,99,77,697
Note 25 Finance Costs		
Interest Expense	16,81,448	6,979
Total	16,81,448	6,979
Note 26 Other operating expenses		
Rent Expenses	10,18,492	7,23,563
Rates and Taxes	77,15,215	30,72,606
Legal and Professional Fees	1,51,05,222	10,54,000
Travelling Expenses	4,86,380	35,885
Commission expenses	2,12,093	-
Repairs & Maintenance	1,82,000	1,42,902
Communication expenses	1,00,529	-
Warranty Expenses	13,05,000	3,60,000
Deposits written off	-	7,34,919
Project Management Expenses	-	12,50,205
Loss on foreign exchange fluctuation (net)	-	15,21,660
off Advance written off	1,16,640	-
Bank Charges	62,071	16,555
Provision for bad and doubtful debts	0	43,81,063
Provision for diminution in the value of investment, other than temporary in nature	9,42,103	-
Miscellaneous Expenses	5,76,577	5,59,444
Total	2,78,22,322	1,38,52,802
Payment to Auditors (excluding applicable taxes)		
Statutory Audit	2,00,000	1,25,000
Tax Audit	20,000	20,000
	2,20,000	1,45,000



Ishaan Solar Power India Private Limited
Notes to Standalone Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2021
(All amount are in Indian rupees, unless otherwise stated)

Particulars	For the year ended 31 March 2021	For the year ended 31 March 2020
Note 27 Tax Expense		
Current tax	-	23,01,594
Income tax expense reported in the Statement of Profit and Loss	-	23,01,594
The major components of income tax expense and reconciliation of expected tax expense based on the domestic effective tax rate of the Company at 26 % and the reported tax expense in the statement of profit or loss are disclosed in the note below.		
27A Reconciliation of tax expense and the accounting profit multiplied by tax rate		
Accounting profit before income tax	35,21,317	1,11,13,236
Applicable tax rate of for the Company	26%	27.82%
At country's statutory income tax rate	9,15,542	30,91,702
Effect of income and related expenses exempt from tax	(21,20,891)	(19,55,204)
Others	12,05,349	11,65,096
Income tax recognised in profit or loss	(0)	23,01,594
27B Details of Tax related Assets and Liabilities are :		
	As at 31 March 2021	As at 31 March 2020
Taxes receivable	1,85,27,707	1,06,27,721
Provision for taxation	(1,80,32,974)	(1,80,32,973)
Total	4,94,733	(74,05,252)
Note 28 Earnings Per Share		
Profit attributable to the equity holders of the Company	35,21,317	88,11,642
Weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the year (in Nos.)	1,85,000	1,85,000
Face value of share (Rs.)	10	10
Basic and diluted earnings per share	19.03	47.63
Note 29 Contingent Liabilities		
Bank guarantees outstanding	2,56,03,753	2,08,30,326
The company does not have any commitments as on 31st March 2021		



Ishaan Solar Power India Private Limited

Notes to Standalone Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2021

(All amount are in Indian rupees, unless otherwise stated)

30 Related Party Transactions

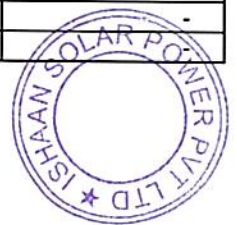
A. List of related parties (provided by the management and relied upon by the auditors)

Name of the related party and nature of relationship

Nature of Relationship	Name of the Related Party
Ultimate Holding Company	Sherisha Technologies Private Limited
Holding Company	SunEdison Infrastructure Limited
Subsidiary	SEI Tejas Private Limited (From December 15, 2020)
Fellow Subsidiaries	SEI Solartech private Limited
Fellow Subsidiaries	SILRES Energy Solutions Private Limited
Fellow Subsidiaries	Megamic Electronics Private Limited
Fellow Subsidiaries	Refex Industries Limited
Entities in which shareholders of Holding Company exert significant influence	SunEdison Energy India Private Limited
Entities in which shareholders of Holding Company exert significant influence	Refex Research India Private Limited
Key Managerial Personnel	Shailesh Rajagopalan
Key Managerial Personnel	Shankar Sivan

B. Transactions with related parties for the year ended March 31, 2021

Nature of the Transaction	Name of the Related Party	For the year ended 31 March 2021	For the year ended 31 March 2020
Sale of Products	SunEdison Infrastructure Limited	-	8,20,22,270
Reimbursement of materials	SunEdison Infrastructure Limited	16,12,499	-
Reimbursement of materials	SEI Tejas Private Limited	7,65,127	4,50,00,441
Sale of Products	SEI Tejas Private Limited	22,79,184	-
Purchases	SEI Tejas Private Limited	-	34,09,145
Purchases	SunEdison Infrastructure Limited	2,78,56,910	17,03,50,538
Purchases	Megamic Electronics Private Limited	3,21,000	4,05,770
Purchases	Refex Industries Limited	-	16,78,940
Expenses	Megamic Electronics Private Limited	1,82,000	-
Expenditure incurred by related party	SunEdison Infrastructure Limited	-	12,50,205
Expenditure incurred on behalf of related party	SunEdison Infrastructure Limited	3,36,055	17,63,200
Expenditure incurred on behalf of related party	SEI Tejas Private Limited	9,94,099	-
Interest Income	SEI Tejas Private Limited	12,48,481	35,07,422
Interest Income	SunEdison Energy India Private Limited	-	30,13,298
Interest Income	SEI Solartech Private Limited	-	1,467
Interest Income	SunEdison Infrastructure Limited	55,22,574	2,90,691
Interest Income	Refex Research India Private Limited	-	369
Interest Expense	SILRES Energy Solutions Private Limited	10,18,970	-
Interest Expense	SunEdison Energy India Private Limited	6,62,479	-
Loan Given	SunEdison Energy India Private Limited	-	1,49,96,895
Loan Given	SEI Solartech Private Limited	-	55,000
Loan Given	Refex Research Private Limited	-	20,092
Loan Given	SunEdison Infrastructure Limited	11,10,73,625	18,08,05,980
Loan Given	SEI Tejas Private Limited	83,40,000	5,61,10,639
Loans advanced received back	SEI Tejas Private Limited	3,40,40,493	-
Loans advanced received back	SunEdison Infrastructure Limited	14,27,65,747	-
Cross Charge for Services Received	SunEdison Infrastructure Limited	22,44,809	-
Cross Charge for Services Received	SILRES Energy Solutions Private Limited	1,20,86,984	-
Investment in Subsidiary	SEI Tejas Private Limited	9,42,103	-
Loans taken	SILRES Energy Solutions Private Limited	4,00,09,900	-
Loans repaid	SunEdison Energy India Private Limited	1,53,07,242	-
Loans repaid	SILRES Energy Solutions Private Limited	4,00,09,900	-



Ishaan Solar Power India Private Limited**Notes to Standalone Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2021**

(All amount are in Indian rupees, unless otherwise stated)

30 Related Party Transactions (Continued)**C. Balances as at year end**

Nature of the Transaction	Name of the Related Party	As at 31 March 2021	As at 31 March 2020
Trade Payable	SunEdison Infrastructure Limited	20,20,331	12,19,26,236
Trade Payable	Refex Industries Limited	1,053	10,01,053
Trade Payable	Megamic Electronics Private Limited	98,420	21,832
Trade Payable	SILRES Energy Solutions Private Limited	1,08,78,285	-
Loan Payable	SunEdison Energy India Private Limited	1,05,62,354	-
Interest Payable	SEI Solartech Private Limited	11,13,268	12,73,268
Interest Payable	SILRES Energy Solutions Private Limited	9,42,547	-
Interest Payable	SunEdison Energy India Private Limited	6,12,793	-
Trade Receivable	SunEdison Infrastructure Limited	4,60,48,765	5,07,04,854
Trade Receivable	SEI Tejas Private Limited	4,35,07,830	4,74,75,517
Loans Receivable	SEI Tejas Private Limited	1,56,37,733	4,13,38,226
Loans Receivable	SunEdison Infrastructure Limited	-	3,16,92,122
Interest Receivable	SEI Tejas Private Limited	3,29,74,417	3,18,19,565
Interest Receivable	Refex Research Private Limited	369	369
Interest Receivable	SunEdison Energy India Private Limited	25,48,272	25,48,394
Interest Receivable	SunEdison Infrastructure Limited	53,97,609	2,90,691
Receivable from related party	SEI Tejas Private Limited	9,94,099	-
Receivable from related party	SunEdison Infrastructure Limited	3,36,055	-
Investment in Subsidiary	SEI Tejas Private Limited	9,42,103	-

31 Segment Reporting

Ind AS 108 establishes standards for reporting information about operating segments and related disclosure about product and services, geographical areas and major customers. Based on 'management approach' as defined in Ind AS 108, for the year ended March 2021, the Board of Directors evaluate the company performance by its only business segment comprising of supply, installation, commissioning and maintenance of solar water pumps and hence information for such segment has been presented as part of the Balance Sheet and Statement of profit and loss.

Geographical Segments - The Company has only one geographical segment viz., India.

Details of income from major customers

Name of Customer	Year ended 31 March 2021	Year ended 31 March 2020
Maharashtra Energy Development Authorities	70%	67%
SunEdison Infrastructue Limited	-	31%
Assam Power Distribution Company Limited	13%	-



32 Fair Value Measurements

Financial instruments by category

Particulars	As at 31 March 2021			Fair value hierarchy		
	FVPL	FVOCI	Amortised cost	Level I	Level II	Level III
Financial Assets						
Investment in Equity Instruments	-	-	-	-	-	-
Trade Receivables*	-	-	11,46,38,551	-	-	-
Cash and Cash Equivalents #	-	-	2,25,77,879	-	-	-
Other Bank Balances#	-	-	63,38,312	-	-	-
Loans Receivable #	-	-	1,56,37,733	-	-	-
Other Financial Assets*	-	-	7,98,11,603	-	-	-
TOTAL ASSETS	-	-	23,90,04,078	-	-	-
Financial Liabilities						
Borrowings #	-	-	1,05,62,354	-	-	-
Trade Payables*	-	-	9,04,37,727	-	-	-
Other Financial Liabilities	-	-	26,68,607	-	-	-
TOTAL LIABILITIES	-	-	10,36,68,688	-	-	-

Particulars	As at 31 March 2020			Fair value hierarchy		
	FVPL	FVOCI	Amortised cost	Level I	Level II	Level III
Financial Assets						
Trade Receivables*	-	-	21,92,66,136	-	-	-
Cash and Cash Equivalents #	-	-	92,283	-	-	-
Other bank balances #	-	-	1,67,67,147	-	-	-
Loans Receivable #	-	-	7,30,30,348	-	-	-
Other Financial Assets	-	-	5,40,88,510	-	-	45,500
TOTAL ASSETS	-	-	36,32,44,424	-	-	45,500
Financial Liabilities						
Borrowings#	-	-	1,56,00,000	-	-	-
Trade Payables*	-	-	21,24,40,914	-	-	-
Other Financial Liabilities	-	-	47,56,948	-	-	-
TOTAL LIABILITIES	-	-	23,27,97,862	-	-	-

*The carrying value of these accounts are considered to be the same as their fair value, due to their short term nature.

These accounts are considered to be highly liquid and the carrying amount of these are considered to be the same as their fair value.

33 Financial Risk Management

The Company's activities expose it to a combination of financial risks in the form of credit risk and liquidity risk. The Company's primary focus is to foresee the unpredictability of financial markets and seek to minimize potential adverse effects on its financial performance.

The Board of Directors reviews and agrees policies for managing each of these risks, which are summarised below:

(i) Credit Risk

Credit risk management

Credit risk is the risk of financial loss to the company if a customer or counterparty to a financial instrument fails to meet its contractual obligations and arises principally from the company's receivables from customers. The maximum exposure to credit risk is equal to the carrying value of the financial assets. The objective of managing counterparty credit risk is to prevent losses in financial assets. The company assesses the credit quality of the counterparties, taking into account their financial position, past experience and other factors.

a) Provision for expected credit loss

Based on the average of historical trend of loss allowance from the previous years, the Company makes a provision for expected credit loss on the existing trade receivable balance. Over and above this, specific provision is made against receivable which are aged more than 365 days and where the management believes that there is a risk of non collection



Ishaan Solar Power India Private Limited
Notes to Standalone Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2021
(All amount are in Indian rupees, unless otherwise stated)

Year ended March 31, 2021:

Aging in days	Upto 1 year	More than 1 year	Total
Gross carrying amount	2,84,89,355	12,93,30,716	15,78,20,071
Provision for expected credit loss	-12,16,124	-3,65,27,000	-3,77,43,124
Carrying amount of trade receivables (net of impairment)	2,72,73,231	9,28,03,716	12,00,76,947

Year ended March 31, 2020:

Aging in days	Upto 1 year	More than 1 year	Total
Gross carrying amount	22,11,25,639	4,77,37,174	26,88,62,813
Provision for expected credit loss	-18,59,503	-4,77,37,174	(4,95,96,677)
Carrying amount of trade receivables (net of impairment)	21,92,66,136	-	21,92,66,136

(ii) Liquidity Risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the company will not be able to meet its financial obligations as they become due. The company manages its liquidity risk by ensuring, as far as possible, that it will always have sufficient liquidity to meet its liabilities when due. The company depends on its related parties for short term funds to maintain liquidity for fulfilling its working capital requirements. In addition, processes and policies related to such risks are overseen by senior management.

The working capital position of the Company is given below:

Particulars	As at 31 March 2021	As at 31 March 2020
Cash and Cash Equivalents	2,25,77,879	92,283
Total	2,89,16,191	1,68,59,429

The table below provides details regarding the contractual maturities of significant financial liabilities as at 31 March 2021, 31 March 2020:

Particulars	As at 31 March 2021			
	Less than one year	1-2 years	2 years and above	Total
Trade Payables	9,04,37,726	-	-	9,04,37,727
Borrowings	1,05,62,354	-	-	26,68,607
Total	10,10,00,080	-	-	9,31,06,334

Particulars	As at 31 March 2020			
	Less than one year	1-2 years	2 years and above	Total
Trade Payables	8,60,03,844	-	-	8,60,03,844
Borrowings	1,56,00,000	-	-	1,56,00,000
Total	10,16,03,844	-	-	10,16,03,844

34 Unhedged Foreign Currency

The Company's operations and all transactions are within India and these are balances of previous years and hence, exposure to foreign current risk is very minimal.

Foreign currency exposures on account of trade receivables / trade payables not hedged by derivative instruments are as follows:

Particulars	Trade Receivable		Trade Payable	
	In USD	In INR	In USD	In INR
As at March 31, 2021	1,16,000	85,26,545	(1,47,392)	(1,08,34,005)
As at March 31, 2020	1,16,000	87,42,688	(1,47,392)	(1,11,08,640)



Ishaan Solar Power India Private Limited**Notes to Standalone Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2021**

(All amount are in Indian rupees, unless otherwise stated)

35 Compliance with Laws and Regulations

The Company had transactions in foreign currency with parties outside India (with group companies) relating to various contracts. As at the balance sheet date, there are balances which are receivable/payable from parties outstanding beyond the period permitted under RBI/FEMA regulations. Moreover relevant annual filings and returns required to be filed under RBI/FEMA regulation with respect to foreign currency transactions/balances have not yet been carried out by the Company. The Company is in the process of initiating necessary actions to comply with the relevant requirements under RBI/FEMA regulations. Accordingly impact for the same is not currently determinable and quantifiable.

36 Disclosure of information in terms of section 186 (4) of the Companies Act, 2013 :

Name of Entity	Nature of Relationship	Purpose	31 March 2021	31 March 2020
SEI Tejas Private Limited	Refer Note 28	Working Capital	1,56,37,733	7,30,30,348

37 The outbreak of Coronavirus (COVID -19) pandemic globally and in India is causing significant disturbance and slowdown of economic activity. The Company has evaluated impact of this pandemic on its business operations, assessed the Company's liquidity position for the next one year and evaluated the recoverability and carrying value of its assets as at March 31, 2021. Based on its review, consideration of internal and external information up to the date of approval of these financial statements and current indicators of future economic conditions relevant to the Company's operations, management has concluded that there are no adjustments required to the Company's financial statements. However, the estimated impact of COVID 19 might vary from the date of approval of these financial statements and the Company will continue to monitor any material changes to future economic conditions.

38 Subsequent Events

There are no events that occurred after the reporting date which would required adjustment in this financial statement

39 Previous Year Figures

Previous year figures have been regrouped wherever necessary to conform to current year's classification

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of
Ishaan Solar Power India Private Limited



Shankar Sivan
Director
DIN: 08088393
Place: Chennai
Date : August 04,2021



Shailesh Rajagopalan
Director
DIN: 01855598
Place: Chennai
Date : August 04,2021

