Chartered Accountants

#16/23, APN Building, 2nd floor, TTK Road 1st Cross Street, Alwarpet, Chennai 600 018, TN, India p: +91 44 4287 0378 e: contact@vkan.co

Independent Auditor's Report

To the members of SEI Tejas Private Limited

Report on the standalone Ind AS Financial Statements

Qualified Opinion

We have audited the accompanying standalone Ind AS financial statements of SEI Tejas Private Limited ("the Company") which comprises the Balance Sheet as at March 31, 2024, the Statement of Profit and Loss (including Other Comprehensive income), the Statement of Changes in Equity and the Statement of Cash Flows for the year then ended, and Notes to the financial statements, including a summary of material accounting policies and other explanatory information.

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, except for the effects of the matter described in the Basis of Qualified opinion section of our report, the aforesaid standalone Ind AS financial statements give the information required by the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the Indian Accounting Standards prescribed under section 133 of the Act read with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, as amended, ("Ind AS") and other accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the state of affairs of the Company as at March 31, 2024, and profit, changes in equity and its cash flows for the year ended on that date.

Basis for Qualified Opinion

Our report is qualified in respect of the matters stated below:

With respect to certain liabilities aggregating to Rs. 7,877.37 thousand outstanding under other current liabilities as at March 31, 2024 sufficient appropriate audit evidence is not available to corroborate the management's assessment of such obligations. Moreover, in the previous years, based on the management's assessment and conclusion, liabilities were written back aggregating to Rs. 59,347.18 thousand and taken as income in such years consequently impacting the Reserves as at March 31, 2024 and March 31, 2023. Consequently, we are unable to determine whether any adjustments might be necessary to the outstanding liabilities and the impact on the reserves due to write back in previous years along with the corresponding impact arising out of both the matters on income tax, net profit, and shareholders' funds.

We conducted our audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing (SAs) specified under section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013. Our responsibilities under those Standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the standalone Ind AS Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the Code of Ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the standalone Ind AS financial statements under the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and the Rules thereunder, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our qualified opinion on the standalone Ind AS financial statements.



Chartered Accountants

Material uncertainty relating to Going Concern

We draw attention to Note 37 of the standalone Ind AS financial statements annexed to this report which indicates that the net worth of the Company has been fully eroded as at 31st March 2024 thereby raising substantial doubt about the Company's ability to continue in operation for the foreseeable future. Consequently, the standalone Ind AS financial statements of the Company have been prepared on a liquidation basis wherein assets have been re-measured at the values they are expected to realise and liabilities have been remeasured at the values they are expected to settle. Our opinion is not modified in respect of this matter.

Key Audit Matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the standalone Ind AS financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the standalone Ind AS Financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters. In addition to the matters described in the Basis for Qualified opinion section and Material Uncertainty Related to Going Concern section of our report, we have determined the matters described below to be the key audit matters to be communicated in our report.

Sr. No.	Key Audit Matter	Auditor's Response
1	Accuracy of recognition, measurement, presentation and disclosure of revenues and other related balances in view of adoption of Ind AS 115 "Revenue from Contracts with Customers" The application of the revenue accounting standard involves certain key judgements relating to identification of distinct performance obligations, determination of transaction price of the appropriateness of the basis used to measure revenue recognized over a period. Further, it comprises the point in time when transfer of control has occurred regarding sale of solar water pumps (supplyonly and supply-and-installation), sale of solar components, and assessing the degree of completion of service contracts which are accounted for over time. Recognition of the Company's revenue is complex due to several types of customer contracts utilized, including sale of solar water pumps and service income related aspects. Refer Note 3(a) of the standalone Ind AS financial statements.	Our procedures included, among others, obtaining an understanding of contract execution processes and relevant controls relating to the accounting for customer contracts. We tested the relevant internal controls used to ensure the completeness, accuracy and timing of revenue recognized, including controls over the degree of completion of service contracts at year-end.
		We evaluated and challenged the significant judgements and estimates made by Management in applying the Company's

Chartered Accountants

contracts and separable performance obligations of contracts, and we obtained
evidence to support them, including details of contractual agreements, delivery records and
cash receipts. For the contracts selected, we inspected original signed contracts and
reconciled the revenue recognized to the underlying accounting records.

Information Other than the standalone Ind AS Financial Statements and Auditor's Report Thereon

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the other information. The other information obtained at the date of this auditor's report is information included in the Director's report but does not include the standalone Ind AS financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the standalone Ind AS financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the standalone Ind AS financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the standalone Ind AS financial statements or our knowledge obtained during the course of our audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. As described in the Basis for Qualified Opinion section above, we were unable to obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence with respect to certain liabilities aggregating to INR 7,877.37 thousand lying outstanding as at March 31, 2024 under other current liabilities to corroborate the management's assessment of such obligations and Liabilities written back in the previous years, aggregating to Rs. 59,347.18 thousand and taken as income in such years consequently impacting the Reserves as at March 31, 2024 and March 31, 2023.

Hence, we are unable to determine whether any adjustments might be necessary to such amounts and the corresponding impact on income tax, net income and shareholders' funds. Accordingly, we are unable to conclude whether the other information is materially misstated with respect to this matter.

Management's Responsibility for the Standalone Ind AS Financial Statements

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the matters stated in section 134(5) of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") with respect to the preparation of these standalone Ind AS financial statements that give a true and fair view of the financial position, financial performance, changes in equity and cash flows of the Company in accordance with the Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) and accounting principles generally accepted in India. This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding of the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the Ind AS financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Chartered Accountants

In preparing the standalone Ind AS financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those Board of Directors are also responsible for overseeing the company's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibility for the Audit of the standalone Ind AS Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these standalone Ind AS financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the standalone Ind AS financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal financial controls relevant to the audit in order to design
 audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. Under section 143(3)(i) of the Act,
 we are also responsible for expressing our opinion on whether the Company has adequate
 internal financial controls system in place and the operating effectiveness of such controls.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the standalone Ind AS financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the standalone Ind AS financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the standalone Ind AS financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

Materiality is the magnitude of misstatements in the standalone Ind AS financial statements that, individually or in aggregate, makes it probable that the economic decisions of a reasonably knowledgeable user of the financial statements may be influenced. We consider quantitative materiality

Chartered Accountants

and qualitative factors in (i) planning the scope of our audit work and in evaluating the results of our work; and (ii) to evaluate the effect of any identified misstatements in the financial statements.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the Ind AS financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

- 1. As required by Section 143(3) of the Act, based on our audit we report that:
 - a) We have sought and except for the matter described in the Basis for Qualified opinion section above, obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit.
 - b) Except for the matter described in the Basis for Qualified opinion section above, in our opinion, proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as it appears from our examination of those books.
 - c) The Balance Sheet, the Statement of Profit and Loss including Other Comprehensive Income, Statement of Changes in Equity and the Statement of Cash Flow dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the relevant books of account.
 - d) Except for the matter described in the Basis for Qualified opinion section above, in our opinion, the aforesaid standalone Ind AS financial statements comply with the Accounting Standards specified under Section 133 of the Act.
 - e) The matter described in the Material uncertainty related to Going Concern section above, in our opinion, may have an adverse effect on the functioning of the Company.
 - f) On the basis of the written representations received from the directors for the year ended March 31, 2024 taken on record by the Board of Directors, none of the directors is disqualified as on March 31, 2024 from being appointed as a director in terms of Section 164 (2) of the Act.

The qualifications relating to the maintenance of accounts and other matters connected therewith are as stated in the Basis for Qualified Opinion section above.

Chartered Accountants

- h) With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls over financial reporting of the Company and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate Report in "Annexure A". Our report expresses an unmodified opinion on the adequacy and operating effectiveness of the Company's internal financial controls over financial reporting.
- i) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with the requirements of section 197(16) of the Act, as amended, in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the Company being a private company, section 197 of the Act related to the managerial remuneration is not applicable.
- j) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:
 - i. The Company has disclosed the impact of pending litigations on its financial position in note 16 (ii) and 30 of its standalone Ind AS financial statements.
 - The Company did not have any long-term contracts including derivative contracts for which there were any material foreseeable losses.
 - iii. There were no amounts which were required to be transferred to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Company.
 - iv. a) The management has represented that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, other than as disclosed in the notes to the accounts, no funds have been advanced or loaned or invested (either from borrowed funds or share premium or any other sources or kind of funds) by the company to or in any other person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities ("Intermediaries"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Intermediary shall, whether, directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the company ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries;
 - b) The management has represented, that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, other than as disclosed in the notes to the accounts, no funds have been received by the company from any person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities ("Funding Parties"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the company shall, whether, directly or indirectly, lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries;
 - c) Based on such audit procedures which we considered reasonable and appropriate in the circumstances, nothing has come to our notice that has caused us to believe that the representations under sub-clause (i) and (ii) contain any material misstatement.
 - v. The Company has not declared or paid any dividend during the year.



Chartered Accountants

vi. Based on our examination, which included test checks, the company has used accounting software for maintaining its books of account which has a feature of recording audit trail (edit log) facility and recording an audit trail of each and every transaction, creating an edit log of each change made in the books of account along with the date when such changes were made, except for cases where edit log feature is not enabled to retain the original entry which is edited or updated subsequently, the original entry is replaced with the updated one.

Except for the above-mentioned edit logs, the audit trail facility has been operating throughout the year for all relevant transactions recorded in the software. Further, during the course of our audit we did not come across any instance of audit trail feature being tampered with.

2. As required by the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2016 ("the Order"), issued by the Central Government of India in terms of sub-section (11) of section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013, we give in the "Annexure B" a statement on the matters specified in paragraphs 3 and 4 of the Order, to the extent applicable.

For V K A N & Associates

Chartered Accountants

ICAI Firm Registration No 014226S

Kaushik Venkatraman

Partner

Membership No. 222070

Place: Chennai Date: 22nd May 2024

UDIN: 24222070BKBRSR4362

Chartered Accountants

Annexure A to the Independent Auditor's Report

(Referred to in paragraph 1(g) under 'Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements' section of our report to the Members of SEI Tejas Private Limited of even date)

Report on the Internal Financial Controls under Clause (i) of Sub-section 3 of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act")

We have audited the internal financial controls over financial reporting of SEI Tejas Private Limited ("the Company") as of March 31, 2024 in conjunction with our audit of the standalone Ind AS financial statements of the Company for the year ended on that date.

Management's Responsibility for Internal Financial Controls

The Company's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India ('ICAI'). These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Companies Act, 2013.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's internal financial controls over financial reporting based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting (the "Guidance Note") and the Standards on Auditing, issued by ICAI and deemed to be prescribed under section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls, both applicable to an audit of Internal Financial Controls and, both issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls over financial reporting was established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.

Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls system over financial reporting and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls over financial reporting included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls over financial reporting, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Company's internal financial controls system over financial reporting.

Meaning of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting

A company's internal financial control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal financial control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that the pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that

Chartered Accountants

transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorisations of management and directors of the company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorised acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting

Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls over financial reporting, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls over financial reporting to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial control over financial reporting may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

Opinion

In our opinion, to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the Company has in all material respects, an adequate internal financial controls system over financial reporting and such internal financial controls over financial reporting were operating effectively as at March 31, 2024, based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India.

For V K A N & Associates

Chartered Accountants

ICAI Firm Registration No 014226S

Kaushik Venkatraman

Partner

Membership No. 222070

Place: Chennai Date: 22nd May 2024

UDIN: 24222070BKBRSR4362

Chartered Accountants

Annexure B referred to in Paragraph 2 under "Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements" of the Independent Auditor's Report of even date to the members of SEI Tejas Private Limited on the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2024.

In terms of the information and explanations sought by us and given by the Company and the books of account and records examined by us in the normal course of audit, and to the best of our knowledge and belief, we report that:

- (i) (a) (A) The Company has maintained proper records showing full particulars, including quantitative details and situation of property of plant and equipment.
 - (B) The Company does not have any intangible assets and accordingly, reporting under clause 3(i)(a)(B) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
 - (b) The Company has a regular program of physical verification of its property, plant and equipment under which the assets are physically verified in a phased manner over a period of three years, which, in our opinion, is reasonable having regard to the size of the Company and the nature of its assets. In accordance with this program, all property, plant and equipment were verified during the year and no material discrepancies were noticed on such verification.
 - (c) The Company does not own any immovable property. Accordingly, reporting under clause 3(i)(c) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
 - (d) The Company has not revalued its Property, Plant and Equipment during the year.
 - (e) No proceedings have been initiated or are pending against the Company for holding any Benami property under the Benami Transactions (Prohibition) Act, 1988 (45 of 1988) and rules made thereunder. Accordingly, reporting under clause 3(i)(e) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- (ii) (a) Since the company did not hold any inventory at any point during the year, the Physical verification was not carried out.
 - (b) The Company has not been sanctioned with working capital limits by banks or financial institutions on the basis of security of current assets during any point of time of the year. Accordingly, reporting under clause 3(ii)(b) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- (iii)(a) The Company has provided loans to its ultimate holding company. The details of the same are given below:

Particulars	Loans (₹ '000)
Aggregate amount during the year:	
-Subsidiaries	35
- Others	:=
Balance outstanding as at balance sheet date:	
-Subsidiaries	<u> </u>
- Others	20,667.11



(b) The terms and conditions of all loans provided during the year are not, prima facie, prejudicial to the Company's interest.

Chartered Accountants

- (c) In respect of loans outstanding as at the year, the schedule of repayment of principal and the payment of the interest has not been stipulated and accordingly, we are unable to comment as to whether the repayments of principal and interest are regular.
- (d) In the absence of a stipulated schedule of repayment of principal and payment of interest, we are unable to comment as to whether there is any amount which is overdue for more than 90 days.
- (e) The Company has not granted loans which had fallen due during the year. Further, no fresh loans were granted to any party to settle the overdue loans in nature of loan.
- (f) The Company has granted loans which are repayable on demand, as per details below:

(₹ '000) Particulars **All Parties Promoters Related Parties** Aggregate of loans/advances in nature of loan - Repayable on demand (A) 20,667.11 20,667.11 - Agreement does not specify any terms or period of repayment (B) Total (A+B) 20,667.11 20,667.11 Percentage of loans/advances in 100% nature of loan to the total loans

- (iv) In our opinion, and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has complied with the provisions of sections 185 and 186 of the Act in respect of loans, investments, guarantees and security, as applicable.
- (v) The Company has not accepted any deposits or there is no amount which has been considered as deemed deposit within the meaning of sections 73 to 76 of the Act and the Companies (Acceptance of Deposits) Rules, 2014 (as amended). Accordingly, reporting under clause 3(v) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- (vi) The Central Government has not specified maintenance of cost records under sub-section (1) of section 148 of the Act, in respect of Company's products/business activity. Accordingly, reporting under clause 3(vi) of the Order is not applicable.
- (vii)(a) In our opinion, and according to the information and explanations given to us, undisputed statutory dues including goods and services tax, provident fund, employees' state insurance, income-tax, sales-tax, service tax, duty of customs, duty of excise, value added tax, cess and other material statutory dues, as applicable, have generally been regularly deposited with the appropriate authorities by the Company except for TDS, where there have been delays up to 30 days in depositing the dues. Further, no undisputed amounts payable in respect thereof were outstanding at the year-end for a period of more than six months from the date they became payable.
 - (b) According to the information and explanations given to us, there are no statutory dues referred in sub-clause (a) which have not been deposited with the appropriate authorities on account of any dispute except for the following:

Chartered Accountants

	I		_		(₹ '000
Name of the statute	Nature of dues	Gross Amount (₹)	Amount paid under Protest (₹)	Period to which the amount relates	Forum where dispute is pending
Income tax Act,1961	Income Tax	9,341.71	Nil	AY 2015-16	Commissioner of Income Tax
Income tax Act,1961	Income Tax	808.69	Nil	AY 2017-18	Commissioner of Income Tax
Income tax Act,1961	Income Tax	490.58	Nil	AY 2018-19	Commissioner of Income Tax

- (viii) According to the information and explanations given to us, no transactions were surrendered or disclosed as income during the year in the tax assessments under the Income Tax Act, 1961 (43 of 1961) which have not been recorded in the books of accounts.
- (ix) (a) According to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not defaulted in repayment of its loans or borrowings or in the payment of interest thereon to any lender.
 - (b) According to the information and explanations given to us including representation received from the management of the Company, and on the basis of our audit procedures, we report that the Company has not been declared a willful defaulter by any bank or financial institution or other lender.
 - (c) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, there was no term loan applied for or received during the year. Hence, reporting under clause 3(ix)(c) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
 - (d) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, and on an overall examination of the financial statements of the Company, funds raised by the Company on short term basis have not been utilized for long-term purposes.
 - (e) According to the information and explanations given to us and on an overall examination of the financial statements of the Company, the Company has not taken any funds from any entity or person on account of or to meet the obligations of its subsidiaries, joint ventures, or associates.
 - (f) According to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not raised any loans during the year on the pledge of securities held in its subsidiaries, joint ventures, or associate companies.
- (x) (a) The Company has not raised any money by way of an initial public offer or further public offer (including debt instruments), during the year. Accordingly, reporting under clause 3(x)(a) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
 - (b) According to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not made any preferential allotment or private placement of shares or (fully, partially, or optionally) convertible

Chartered Accountants

- debentures during the year. Accordingly, reporting under clause 3(x)(b) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- (xi) (a) To the best of our knowledge and according to the information and explanations given to us, no fraud by the Company or on the Company has been noticed or reported during the period covered by our audit.
 - (b) No report under section 143(12) of the Act has been filed with the Central Government for the period covered by our audit.
 - (c) According to the information and explanations given to us, the Company is not required to establish a whistle blower mechanism as per section 177 read with rule 7 of the Companies (Meetings of board and its powers) Rules, 2014. Accordingly, reporting under clause 3(vi) of the Order is not applicable.
- (xii) The Company is not a Nidhi Company and the Nidhi Rules, 2014 are not applicable to it. Accordingly, reporting under clause 3(xii) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- (xiii) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, all transactions entered into by the Company with the related parties are in compliance with sections 177 and 188 of the Act, where applicable. Further, the details of such related party transactions have been disclosed in the financial statements, as required under Indian Accounting Standard (Ind AS) 24, Related Party Disclosures specified in Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules 2015 as prescribed under section 133 of the Act].
- (xiv) According to the information and explanations given to us, the Company is not required to have an internal audit system under section 138 of the Act and consequently, does not have an internal audit system. Accordingly, reporting under clause 3(xiv) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- (xv) According to the information and explanation given to us, the Company has not entered into any non-cash transactions with its directors or persons connected with them and accordingly, provisions of section 192 of the Act are not applicable to the Company.
- (xvi) The Company is not required to be registered under section 45-IA of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934. Accordingly, reporting under clause 3(xvi) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- (xvii) The Company has incurred cash losses in the current and immediately preceding financial years amounting to Rs. 7,177.93 thousand and Rs. 6,131.66 thousand respectively.
- (xviii) There has been no resignation of the statutory auditors during the year. Accordingly, reporting under clause 3(xviii) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- (xix) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of the financial ratios, ageing and expected dates of realization of financial assets and payment of financial liabilities, other information accompanying the standalone financial statements, our knowledge of the plans of the Board of Directors and management, we are unable to comment on the going concern ability of the Company. We further state that our reporting is based on the facts up to the date of the audit report.

(xx)

According to the information and explanations given to us, the Company does not fulfill the eriteria as specified under section 135(1) of the Act read with the Companies (Corporate Social Responsibility Policy) Rules, 2014 and according, reporting under clause (xx) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.

Chartered Accountants

(xxi) The reporting under clause (xxi) is not applicable in respect of audit of standalone financial statements of the Company. Accordingly, no comment has been included in respect of said clause under this report.

For V K A N & Associates

Chartered Accountants

Firm's Registration No.: 0014226S

Kaushik Venkatraman

Partner

Membership No.: 222070

Place: Chennai Date: 22nd May 2024

UDIN: 24222070BKBRSR4362

SEI Tejas Private Limited CIN: U40101TN2013FTC094224 Standalone Balance Sheet as at 31 March 2024 (All amounts are in INR thousands unless otherwise stated)

ASSETS	Notes	As at 31 March 2024	As at 31 March 2023
Non-Current Assets			
(a) Property, Plant and Equipment			
(b) Financial Assets	4	48.98	62.77
(i) Other financial assets			
(c) Other non-current assets	5	31,468.47	31,711.16
Total Non-Current Assets	7	7,848.39	7,669.23
converse of your section and a section of the secti		39,365.84	39,443.16
Current Assets			
(a) Financial Assets			
(i) Trade Receivables			
(ii) Cash and Cash Equivalents	8	7,543.29	7,363.29
(iii) Bank balances other than (ii) above	9	456.37	889.30
(iv) Loans	10	1,790.30	4,794.54
(v) Other Financial Assets	11	20,667.11	20,667.11
(b) Other Current Assets	12	10,696.17	7,568.27
	13	3,699.36	2,799.05
Total Current Assets		70.00	
TOTAL ASSETS		44,852.60	44,081.56
		84,218.44	83,524.72
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES			
Equity			
(a) Equity Share capital			
(b) Other Equity	14	72,152.50	72,152.50
(i) Reserves and Surplus			
	15	(2,61,011.86)	(2,63,166.28)
Total Equity			macroscourrences
		(1,88,859.36)	(1,91,013.78)
LIABILITIES			
Non-Current Liabilities			
(a) Provisions	***		
(b) Other Non-Current Liabilities	16	5,821.56	12,901.36
Total Non-Current Liabilities	17	1,664.94	5,754.93
Current Liabilities	-	7,486.50	18,656.29
(a) Provisions		87000	
(b) Financial Liabilities		2,231.15	13.04
(i) Borrowings	10	7 a 7 a 2 2 3 3 2 3 1 7 7 7 7 7 7	
(ii) Trade Payables	18 19	1,35,666.55	1,33,130.65
Total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises	19		
Total outstanding dues other than micro enterprises and small enterprises		24,386.66	25,170.96
(iii) Other Financial Liabilities	20	16,539.41	16,260.40
c) Other Current Liabilities	20	82,380.79	75,561.88
otal Current Liabilities	21	4,386.74	5,745.28
		2,65,591.30	2,55,882.21
OTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES	() 	84,218,44	83,524.72
lotes forming part of the Ind AS Financial Statements			03,324.72
his is the Standalone Balance Sheet referred to in our report	1 - 41		

For V K A N & Associates

Chartered Accountants Trim Registration No: 014226S

Chennai

ed Acco

Partner Membership No: 222070

Place : Chennai Date :22nd May 2024 For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of SEI Tejas Private Limited

Thirunavukkarasu Dakshinamoorthy Director DIN: 07345667

Place : Chennai Date :22nd May 2024

Venkatesan Krishnan

Director DIN: 08245718 Place : Chennai Date :22nd May 2024

CIN: U40101TN2013FTC094224

Standalone statement of profit and loss for the year ended March 31, 2024

(All amounts are in INR thousands unless otherwise stated)

Revenue from operations Other Income Total Income	22 23	6,153.98 16,487.17	7,521.59
		16,487.17	200 - 100 -
Total Income	²³ –		
	=		78,774.85
		22,641.15	86,296.44
EXPENSES			
Consumption of material, erection and engineering expenses	24		
Employee benefit expenses	24	7-	1,092.31
Finance costs	25	3,339.49	4,631.82
Depreciation	26	10,172.35	10,214.62
Other expenses	4	13.79	229.54
Total expenses	27 _	7,350.05	50,001.53
Profit/(Loss) before tax		20,875.68	66,169.82
Tax Expense:		1,765.47	20,126.62
Current Year			3,1-3,0-
Profit/(Loss) for the year	28	-	_
Tone (1988) for the year		1,765.47	20,126.62
Other Community of the	Ø		20,120.02
Other Comprehensive Income			
Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss			
Remeasurements of defined benefit obligations, net of tax		388.95	100.39
Other comprehensive income not to be reclassified to profit or loss	1	2,154.42	
	_	2,154.42	20,227.01
Total Comprehensive Income for the year		2,154.42	20,227.01
Earnings per equity share (of Rs. 10 each)			
Basic and Diluted earnings per share	29	1011210	
	29	0.30	2.80
Notes forming part of the Ind AS Financial Statements This is the Standalone statement of profit and loss referred to in our report	1 - 41		

For V K A N & Associates

Chartered Accountants

m Registration No: 0142268

Chennai

ed Acco

Kaushik Venkatraman

Partner

Membership No: 222070

Place: Chennai Date :22nd May 2024 For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of

SEI Tejas Private Limited

Thirunavukkarasu Dakshinamoorthy

Director DIN: 07345667 Place: Chennai Date :22nd May 2024

C. Venkatosa

Venkatesan Krishnan Director DIN: 08245718 Place: Chennai Date :22nd May 2024

SEI Tejas Private Limited CIN: U40101TN2013FTC094224 Standalone Cash Flow Statement for the year ended March 31, 2024 (All amounts are in INR thousands unless otherwise stated)

	For the year ended	For the year ended
A. Cash Flow from Operating Activities	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
Net Profit/ (Loss) before tax		
Adjustments for:	1,765.48	20,126.62
Depreciation		
Interest income on fixed deposits/loans	13.79	229.54
Provision for doubtful debts and write off	(3,955.52)	(3,914.53
Provision for GST ITC Credit		30.22
Advances written off		19,994.17
Other receivables written off	243.05	7.0087.018M
Other Income		13,347.17
Liabilities no longer required written back		(35.96
Interest Expense	(11,376.83)	(69,560.58
Provision for Doubtful Assets	10,172.35	10,214.62
Obsolete inventory written off	8	1,406.50
Provision for Pending Litigations		8,360.89
Operating loss before working capital changes	2,176.58	-,000.07
Adjustments for (increase) / decrease in operating accets	(961.10)	198.66
Adjustments for increase / (decrease) in operating liabilities		
Inventories		
Trade Receivables	22	6,488.09
Other Financial Assets	(179.99)	(11,313.23)
Other Current Assets	(102.07)	22,278.39
Trade Payables	(207.90)	3,177.61
Other Non Current Assets	444.27	24,804.40
Other Non Current Liabilities		(2,155.79)
Other Liabilities and Provisions	(4,089.98)	(5,683.36)
Cash generated from operations	(1,869.49)	(18,784.10)
Net Income Tax (paid) /refund received	(6,966.26)	19,010.67
Net Cash from Operating Activities	(179.10)	(219.33)
	(7,145.36)	18,791,34
B. Cash Flow from Investing Activities		53,721,04
Bank deposits matured / (deposited) during the year		
Sale of Property, Plant and Equipment	3,246.93	(1,132.65)
Interest income received		1,559 44
Net Cash from/(used in) Investing Activities	929.69	363.90
	4,176.62	790.69
C. Cash Flow from Financing Activities		770.07
Borrowings		
Interest paid during the year	2,535.81	(24,928.15)
Net Cash from/(used in) Financing Activities	•	(71.30)
	2,535.81	(24,999.45)
Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents (A+B+C)		
Cash and Cash Equivalents at the beginning of the year	(432.93)	(5,417.42)
Cash and Cash Equivalents as per Cash Flow Statement	889.30	6,306.72
Note:	456.37	889.30
The cash flow statement is prepared under "Indirect method" as set out in IND AS 7 Statements 2013.		007,50
2013. Proposed and in Indirect method as set out in IND AS 7 Statements	s of Cash Flows notified in Section 133 of	f the Companies Act
Reconciliation of Cash and cash equivalents with the Standalone Balance Sheet Cash and Cash Equipment		the Companies Act,
Cash and Cash Equivalents as per Standalone Balance Sheet		
Less: Restricted bank balances not to be considered as part of cash and	456.37	889 30
cash equivalents		007.30
Cash and Cash Equivalents at the end of the year		
	456,37	000.53
-	750,07	889.30

Notes forming part of the Ind AS Financial Statements This is the Statement of cash flows referred to in our report

Chennai

ed Accou

For V K A N & Associates Chartered Accountants Firm Registration No: 014226S

shik Venkatraman

Membership No: 222070 Place : Chennai Date :22nd May 2024

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of SEI Tejas Private Limited

Thirunavukkarasu Dakshinamoorthy

Director DIN: 07345667 Place Chennai Date 22nd May 2024

Venkatesan Krishnan Director DIN: 08245718

K. Venkator

Place : Chennai Date :22nd May 2024

CIN: U40101TN2013FTC094224

Statement of changes in equity for the year ended March 31, 2024

(All amounts are in INR thousands unless otherwise stated)

A. Equity Share Capital (also refer Note 14)

Equity shares INR 10 each issued, subscribed and paid	Number	Amount in Rs
As at 31 March 2023		
Issue of equity shares	72,15,250	72,152.50
As at 31 March 2024	-	
	72,15,250	72,152.50

B. Other Equity

Particulars As at 01 April 2022	Retained Earnings	Items of Other comprehensive income	Total equity attributable to equity holders
Profit/(Loss) for the year	(2,84,105.67)	712.37	
Other comprehensive income for the year	20,126.62		(2,83,393.30
As at 31 March 2023	100.39		20,126.62
Profit/(Loss) for the year	(2,63,878.66)	712.37	100.39
Other comprehensive income for the year	1,765.48	/12.3/	(2,63,166.29)
as at 31 March 2024	388.95	-	1,765.48
is at 51 March 2024	71 (All 1941)	7	388.95
lotae fem. !	(2,61,724.23)	712.37	(2,61,011.86)

Notes forming part of the Ind AS Financial statements

This is the Statement of changes in equity referred to in our report

Chennai

d Accol

1 - 41

For V K A N & Associates

Chartered Accountants

Firm Registration No: 014226S

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of SEI Tejas Private Limited

Kanshik Venkatraman

Membership No: 222070

Place : Chennai Date :22nd May 2024 Thirunavukkarasu Dakshinamoorthy

Director

DIN: 07345667 Place: Chennai Date :22nd May 2024 Venkatesan Krishnan

Director DIN: 08245718 Place : Chennai Date :22nd May 2024

CIN: U40101TN2013FTC094224

Notes to Standalone Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2024

(All amounts are in INR thousands unless otherwise stated)

Background

SEI Tejas Private Limited ('the Company') is a private company domiciled and headquartered in India and was incorporated on 19 December 2013 under the Companies Act, 1956. The Company is engaged in the business of rendering design, engineering, installation

2 Basis of preparation

a. Statement of compliance

These financial statements are prepared in accordance with Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) under the historical cost convention except for certain financial instruments which are measured at fair values, at the end of each reporting period as explained in the accounting policies below. The Ind AS are prescribed under Section 133 of of the Companies Act, 2013 ('the Act') read with Rule 3 of the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 and Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Amendment Rules, 2016.

Accounting policies have been consistently applied except where a newly-issued accounting standard is initially adopted or a revision to an existing accounting standard requires a change in the accounting policy hitherto in use. Details of the Company's significant

b. Functional and presentation currency

The functional currency of the Company is the Indian National Rupee (Rs.). All the financial information have been presented in Rs. except for share data or as stated otherwise.

c. Basis of measurement

These financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis except for the following items:

- a) Net defined benefit liability Present value of defined benefit obligations
- b) Certain financial assets and financial liabilities Fair value

d. Use of estimates

In preparing these financial statements, Management has made judgments, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of accounting policies and the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, income and expenses. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an on-going basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognized prospectively.

Judgements are made in applying accounting policies that have the most significant effects on the amounts recognized in the financial statements and the same is disclosed in the relevant notes to the financial statements.

Assumptions and estimation uncertainties that have a significant risk of resulting in a material adjustment are reviewed on an on-going basis and the same is disclosed in the relevant notes to the financial statements.

e. Measurement of fair values

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date, regardless of whether that price is directly observable or estimated using another valuation technique. In estimating the fair value of an asset or a liability, the Company takes into account the characteristics of the asset or liability if market participants would take those characteristics into account when pricing the asset or liability at the measurement date. Fair value for measurement and /or disclosure purposes in these financial statements is determined on such a basis and measurements that have some similarities to fair value but are not fair value, such as net realisable value in Ind AS 2 or value in use in Ind AS 36.

In addition, for financial reporting purposes, fair value measurements are categorised into Level 1, 2 or 3 based on the degree to which the inputs to the fair value measurements are observable and the significance of the inputs to the fair value measurement in its entirety, which

- Level 1 inputs are quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the entity can access at the
- Level 2 inputs are inputs, other than quoted prices included within Level 1, that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (i.e. as prices) or indirectly (i.e. derived from prices); - Level 3 inputs are unobservable inputs for the asset or liability.



CIN: U40101TN2013FTC094224

Notes to Standalone Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2024

(All amounts are in INR thousands unless otherwise stated)

f. Operating Cycle

Based on the nature of activities of the company and the normal time between rendering of services and their realisation in cash or cash equivalents, the Company has determined its operating cycle as 12 months for the purpose of classification of its assets and liabilities as

g. Amended standards adopted by the Company

The Ministry of Corporate Affairs vide notification dated 31st March 2023, notified the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Amendment Rules, 2023, which amended certain accounting standards (see below), and are effective April 1, 2023: Disclosure of accounting policies - amendments to Ind AS 1

Definition of accounting estimates - amendments to Ind AS 8

The other amendments to Ind AS notified by these rules are primarily in the nature of clarifications. These amendments did not have any material impact on the amounts recognised in prior periods and are not expected to significantly affect the current or future periods.

3 Material accounting policies

Revenue recognition

The Company recognises revenue from contracts with customers when it satisfies a performance obligation by transferring promised goods or service to a customer. The revenue is recognised to the extent of transaction price allocated to the performance obligation satisfied. Revenue is recognised at a point in time whenever there is a transfer of control in relation to sale of solar water pumps for the projects (supply-only and supply-and-installation) and 'over a period of time' for Maintenance services. Transaction price is the amount of consideration to which the Company expects it to be entitled in exchange for transferring goods or services to a customer excluding amounts collected on behalf of a third party. Significant judgments are used in:

- a). Determining the revenue to be recognised in case of performance obligation satisfied over a period of time. Revenue recognition is done by measuring the progress towards complete satisfaction of performance obligation.
- b). For contracts where the aggregate of contract cost incurred to date plus recognised profits (or minus recognised losses as the case may be) exceeds the progress billing, the surplus is shown as "Unbilled Revenue" under Other Current Assets in the Standalone Balance Sheet.
- c). For contracts where the billing exceeds the aggregate of contract costs incurred to-date plus recognised profits (or minus recognised losses, as the case may be), the surplus is shown as "Billing in Excess of revenue" under Other Current Liabilities in the Standalone

Amounts received before the related work is performed are disclosed in the Standalone Balance Sheet under Other Current Liabilities and

The amounts billed on customer for work performed and are unconditionally due for payment i.e. only passage of time is required before payment falls due, are disclosed in the Standalone Balance Sheet as "Trade Receivables".

b Cash and Cash Equivalents

For the purpose of presentation in the statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents includes cash on hand, deposits held at call with financial institutions, other short-term, highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value, and bank overdrafts.

c Cash flow statements

Cash flows are reported using the indirect method, whereby profit for the period is adjusted for the effects of transactions of a non-cash nature, any deferrals or accruals of past or future operating cash receipts or payments and item of income or expenses associated with investing or financing cash flows. The cash flows from operating, investing and financing activities of the Company are segregated.

Earnings per share

Basic earnings per equity share is computed by dividing the net profit for the year attributable to the Equity Shareholders by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the year. Diluted earnings per share is computed by dividing the net profit for the year, adjusted for the effects of dilutive potential equity shares, attributable to the Equity Shareholders by the weighted average number of the equity shares and dilutive potential equity shares outstanding during the year except where the results are anti-dilutive.



CIN: U40101TN2013FTC094224

Notes to Standalone Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2024 (All amounts are in INR thousands unless otherwise stated)

e Employee benefits

i. Short-term employee benefits: Employee benefits payable wholly within twelve months of receiving employee services are classified as short-term employee benefits. These benefits include salaries and wages, bonus and ex-gratia. The undiscounted amount of short-term employee benefits to be paid in exchange for employee services is recognized as an expense as the related service is rendered by employees.

Defined contribution plans

A defined contribution plan is a post-employment benefit plan under which an entity pays specified contributions to a separate entity and has no obligation to pay any further amounts. The Company makes specified monthly contributions towards employee provident fund to Government administered provident fund scheme which is a defined contribution plan. The Company's contribution is recognized as an expense in the Standalone statement of profit and loss during the year in which the employee renders the related service.

Defined benefit plans

The Company provides for gratuity, a defined benefit plan (the "Gratuity Plan") covering eligible employees. The Plan provides payment to vested employees at retirement, death or termination of employment, of an amount based on the respective employee's salary and the tenure of employment with the Company. The Company provides for gratuity based on actuarial valuation as at the Standalone Balance Sheet date. The actuarial valuation has been carried out using 'Projected Unit Method' by an independent actuary.

Compensated absences

Provision for compensated absences is made by the Company as at the Standalone Balance Sheet date of the un-availed leave standing to the credit of employees in accordance with the service rules of the Company. Liabilities related to the compensated absences are determined by actuarial valuation using projected unit credit method as at the Standalone Balance Sheet date.

Actuarial gains and losses are recognized in the Statement of other comprehensive income in the period in which they occur. The retirement benefit obligation recognized in the Balance Sheet represents the present value of the defined benefit obligation as adjusted for unrecognized past service cost, as reduced by the fair value of scheme assets.

f Provisions, contingent liabilities and contingent assets

The Company creates a provision when there is present obligation as a result of past event that probably requires an outflow of resources and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation. A disclosure for a contingent liability is made when there is a possible obligation or a present obligation that may, but probably will not, require an outflow of resources. Where there is a possible obligation or a present obligation in respect of which the likelihood of outflow of resources is remote, no provision or disclosure is made. Contingent

<This space has been intentionally left blank>



CIN: U40101TN2013FTC094224

Notes to Standalone Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2024

(All amounts are in INR thousands unless otherwise stated)

Financial instruments:

Initial recognition

The Company recognizes financial assets and financial liabilities when it becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. All financial assets and liabilities are recognized at fair value on initial recognition, except for trade receivables which are initially measured at transaction price. Transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of financial assets and financial liabilities, which are not at fair value through profit or loss, are added to the fair value on initial recognition. Regular way purchase and

Subsequent measurement

i) Financial assets carried at amortized cost

A financial asset is subsequently measured at amortized cost if it is held within a business model whose objective is to hold the asset in order to collect contractual cash flows and the contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

ii) Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income

A financial asset is subsequently measured at fair value through other comprehensive income if it is held within a business model whose objective is achieved by both collecting contractual cash flows and selling financial assets and the contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding. The Company has made an irrevocable election for its investments which are classified as equity instruments to present the subsequent changes in fair value in other comprehensive income based on its business model.

iii) Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss

A financial asset, which is not classified in any of the above categories, is subsequently fair valued through profit or loss.

iv) Impairment of Financial Assets

The Company recognizes loss allowances using the expected credit loss (ECL) model for the financial assets which are not fair valued through profit or loss. Loss allowance for the financial instruments is recognised at an amount equal to the lifetime expected credit losses if the credit risk on those financial instruments has increased significantly since initial recognition. If the credit risk on a financial instrument has not increased significantly since initial recognition, the Company measures the loss allowance for that financial instrument at an amount equal to 12 month expected credit losses. The amount of ECLs (or reversals, if any) that is required to adjust the loss allowance at the reporting date to the amount that is required to be recognized is recognized as an impairment gain or loss in the profit or loss.

v) Financial liabilities

Financial liabilities are subsequently carried at amortized cost using the effective interest method, except for contingent consideration recognized in a business combination, which is subsequently measured at fair value through profit or loss. For trade and other payables maturing within one year from the Balance Sheet date, the carrying amounts approximate fair value due to the short maturity of these

Derecognition of financial instruments

The company derecognizes a financial asset when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the financial asset expire or it transfers the financial asset and the transfer qualifies for derecognition under Ind AS 109. A financial liability (or a part of a financial liability) is derecognized from the Company's Balance Sheet when the obligation specified in the contract is discharged or cancelled or expires.



CIN: U40101TN2013FTC094224

Notes to Standalone Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2024 (All amounts are in INR thousands unless otherwise stated)

Note 4 - Property, Plant and Equipment

Description	Computers	Vehicles	Office equipment	Furniture & Fixtures	Total
Balance as at 01 April 2022 Additions Deletions Balance as at 31 March 2023 Additions Deletions Balance as at 31 March 2024	1,154.31 - 1,154.31 - 1,154.31	2,996.99 - 2,889.99 107.00 - - 107.00	72.12 - 53.13 18.99 - - 18.99	118.38 - 118.38 - - -	4,341.86 3,061.56 1,280.30
Accumulated Depreciation Balance as at 01 April 2022 Depreciation for the year Disposals Balance as at 31 March 2023 Depreciation for the year Disposals Balance as at 31 March 2024 Determined the year Disposals Balance as at 31 March 2024	1,136.94 13.94 - 1,150.88 3.06 - 1,153.94	1,294.35 191.49 1,438.18 47.66 10.73	54.91 12.26 48.18 18.99	39.81 11.84 51.65 0.00	2,526.01 229.53 1,538.01 1,217.53 13.79
s at 31 March 2023 s at 31 March 2024	3.43 0.37 <this b<="" has="" space="" td=""><td>59.34 48.61</td><td>-</td><td>-</td><td>62.77 48.98</td></this>	59.34 48.61	-	-	62.77 48.98

<This space has been intentionally left blank>



Notes to Standalone Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2024 (All amounts are in INR thousands unless otherwise stated)

	The second secon		
5	Other Financial Assets - Non-Current	As at 31 March 2024	As
	Restricted Bank Balances @		31 March 20:
	Other Bank Balances		
	Security Deposits	1,547.61	31,711.1
	Total	29,920.86	13-1
	@ Marked as lien against bank guarantees	21 4/0 47	
	— against bank guarantees	31,468.47	31,711.16
6	Deferred Tax Assets (net)		
	Deferred tax liability		
	Excess of amortisation on fixed assets and a contract to the c		
	provided in the books		
	Deferred tax assets*	-	
	Employee homes, i.e.		80.28
	Employee benefit obligations		
	Employee benefit obligations Deferred tax assets (net)		
	* Deferred tax assets (net)	bility as there is no reasonable	80.28
7	* Deferred tax assets (net) * Deferred tax assets have been recognized only to the extent of deferred tax lia convincing evidence that sufficient future taxable income will be available against white taxable taxable income will be available against white taxable against against against white taxable against agains	ability as there is no reasonable ch all deferred tax assets can be	
· (* Deferred tax assets (net) * Deferred tax assets have been recognized only to the extent of deferred tax lia convincing evidence that sufficient future taxable income will be available against white the convincing evidence that sufficient future taxable income will be available against white the convincing evidence that sufficient future taxable income will be available against white the convincing evidence that sufficient future taxable income will be available against white taxable for the convincing evidence that sufficient future taxable income will be available against white taxable for the convincing evidence that sufficient future taxable income will be available against white taxable for the convincing evidence that sufficient future taxable income will be available against white taxable for the convincing evidence that sufficient future taxable income will be available against white taxable for the convincing evidence that sufficient future taxable income will be available against white taxable for the convincing evidence against the convincing evidence that sufficient future taxable income will be available against white taxable for the convincing evidence against the convincing evid	the disers can be	e certainty supporte reversed.
· (* Deferred tax assets (net) * Deferred tax assets have been recognized only to the extent of deferred tax lia convincing evidence that sufficient future taxable income will be available against white the convincing evidence that sufficient future taxable income will be available against white the convergence of the	7,848.39	
, (* Deferred tax assets (net) * Deferred tax assets have been recognized only to the extent of deferred tax lia convincing evidence that sufficient future taxable income will be available against white the convincing evidence that sufficient future taxable income will be available against white the convincing evidence that sufficient future taxable income will be available against white the convincing evidence that sufficient future taxable income will be available against white taxable for the convincing evidence that sufficient future taxable income will be available against white taxable for the convincing evidence that sufficient future taxable income will be available against white taxable for the convincing evidence that sufficient future taxable income will be available against white taxable for the convincing evidence that sufficient future taxable income will be available against white taxable for the convincing evidence that sufficient future taxable income will be available against white taxable for the convincing evidence against the convincing evidence that sufficient future taxable income will be available against white taxable for the convincing evidence against the convincing evid	the disers can be	e certainty supporte reversed.
) () T	* Deferred tax assets (net) * Deferred tax assets have been recognized only to the extent of deferred tax lia convincing evidence that sufficient future taxable income will be available against white the convincing evidence that sufficient future taxable income will be available against white the convergence of the	7,848.39	e certainty supporter reversed.
7 (7) () T	* Deferred tax assets (net) * Deferred tax assets have been recognized only to the extent of deferred tax lia convincing evidence that sufficient future taxable income will be available against white the convergence of the extent of deferred tax lia convincing evidence that sufficient future taxable income will be available against white the extent of deferred tax lia convincing evidence that sufficient future taxable income will be available against white the extent of deferred tax lia convincing evidence that sufficient future taxable income will be available against white taxable against white taxable income will be available against white taxable against white taxable against white taxable against white taxable against a	7,848.39	e certainty supporter reversed.
() () () () () () () () () ()	* Deferred tax assets (net) * Deferred tax assets have been recognized only to the extent of deferred tax lia convincing evidence that sufficient future taxable income will be available against white the convergence of the extent of deferred tax lia convincing evidence that sufficient future taxable income will be available against white the extent of deferred tax lia convincing evidence that sufficient future taxable income will be available against white the extent of deferred tax lia convincing evidence that sufficient future taxable income will be available against white taxable against white taxable income will be available against white taxable against white taxable income will be available against white taxable against white taxable against white taxable against a	7,848.39 7,848.39	7,669.23
() TO CO	* Deferred tax assets (net) * Deferred tax assets have been recognized only to the extent of deferred tax lia convincing evidence that sufficient future taxable income will be available against white the convincing evidence that sufficient future taxable income will be available against white the convergence of the	7,848.39 7,848.39	7,669.23 7,363.29
() THE CONTRACTOR	* Deferred tax assets (net) * Deferred tax assets have been recognized only to the extent of deferred tax lia convincing evidence that sufficient future taxable income will be available against white the convincing evidence that sufficient future taxable income will be available against white the convergence of the	7,848.39 7,848.39 7,543.29 52,394.73	7,669.23 7,363.29 52,394.73
() () () () () () () () () ()	* Deferred tax assets (net) * Deferred tax assets have been recognized only to the extent of deferred tax lia convincing evidence that sufficient future taxable income will be available against white the convergence of the extent of deferred tax lia convincing evidence that sufficient future taxable income will be available against white the extent of deferred tax lia convincing evidence that sufficient future taxable income will be available against white the extent of deferred tax lia convincing evidence that sufficient future taxable income will be available against white taxable against white taxable income will be available against white taxable against white taxable income will be available against white taxable against white taxable against white taxable against a	7,848.39 7,848.39 7,543.29 52,394.73 59,938.02	7,669.23 7,669.23 7,363.29 52,394.73 59,758.02
() () () () () () () () () ()	* Deferred tax assets (net) * Deferred tax assets have been recognized only to the extent of deferred tax lia convincing evidence that sufficient future taxable income will be available against white the convergence of the extent of deferred tax lia convincing evidence that sufficient future taxable income will be available against white the extent of deferred tax lia convincing evidence will be available against white the extent of deferred tax lia convincing evidence will be available against white the extent of deferred tax lia convincing evidence will be available against white the extent of deferred tax lia convincing evidence will be available against white the extent of deferred tax lia convincing evidence will be available against white the extent of deferred tax lia convincing evidence will be available against white the extent of deferred tax lia convincing evidence will be available against white the extent of deferred tax lia convincing evidence will be available against white the extent of deferred tax lia convincing evidence will be available against white the extent of deferred tax lia convincing evidence will be available against white the extent of deferred tax lia convincing evidence will be available against white the extent of deferred tax lia convincing evidence will be available against white tax lia convincing evidence will be available against white tax lia convincing evidence will be available against white tax lia convincing evidence will be available against white tax lia convincing evidence will be available against white tax lia convincing evidence will be available against white tax lia convincing evidence will be available against white tax lia convincing evidence will be available against white tax lia convincing evidence will be available against white tax lia convincing evidence against white tax lia convincing	7,848.39 7,848.39 7,543.29 52,394.73	7,669.23 7,363.29 52,394.73

Particulars	Less than 6	6 months	1-2	2-3 Years		
Undisputed Trade Receivables	months	- 1 year	years	2-3 rears	More than 3 Years	Total
Considered good						
Credit impaired	180.00		5.00			
Disputed Trade Receivables		-	5.00		7,358.29	7,543.2
Credit impaired			-	7,560.51	24,807.21	32,367.7
otal	-	-				
	180.00	-	5.00	-	20,027.00	20,027.0
Aging of trade receivables(31/03/2023):			5.00	7,560.51	52,192.50	59,938.02

Undisputed Trade Receivables	Less than 6 months	6 months	1-2 years	2-3 Years	More than 3 Years	
Undisputed Trade Receivables		- 1 year	70	-4-1-	than 5 Tears	Total
Considered good						
Credit impaired		5.00	7,358.29			
Disputed Trade Receivables	-		16,215.01	00.01	* 1	7,363.
Credit impaired			10,215.01	95.94	16,056.78	32,367.7
otal						
	-	5.00	22 572 44	-	20,027.00	20,027.0
		5.00	23,573.30	95.94	36,083.78	59,758.0



Notes to Standalone Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2024 (All amounts are in INR thousands unless otherwise stated)

	to angle of a control of the property of the state of the		
9	Cash and Cash Equivalents a) Cash on hand	As at 31 March 2024	As a 31 March 202.
	b) Balances with banks - In current accounts	ā	126.32
	Total	456.37	762.98
10	Rank holonov d	456.37	889.30
	Bank balances other than (ii) above Restricted Bank Balances@ (with original maturity of more than 3 months having remaining maturity of less than 12 months from the Balance Sheet date) Total	1,790.30	4,794.54
	@ marked as lien against bank guarantees	1,790.30	4,794.54
	Loans (Unsecured, considered good) To related parties: Loans receivable (refer note 31)		
3	Total	20,667.11	20,667.11
v	Vorking capital loans have been given to the related parties that are receivable on dem	20,667.11	

Working capital loans have been given to the related parties that are receivable on demand with an interest rate of 8% p.a. Interest shall accrue on a monthly basis and shall be receivable as mutually agreed between the parties from time to time.

12 Other Financial Assets - Current (Unsecured)	As at 31 March 2024	As a 31 March 2023
Security deposits:		
Considered good		
Considered doubtful	(= 3)	25.00
	9,183.85	9,209.85
Less: Loss allowance for doubtful deposits	9,183.85	9,234.85
- Footio	(9,183.85)	(9,209.85)
Internal	-	25.00
Interest accrued but not due on fixed deposits		0.00
Interest accrued on intercompany loans (Refer note 33) Other Advances	5,908.74	4,540.80
onici Advances	4,558.20	2,900.30
Total	229.23	102.16
3 Other Current Assets	10,696.17	7,568.26
Advances paid to suppliers		
Advances paid to suppliers - Credit Impaired	94.80	
Less: Loss Allowance	-	1,327.25
Unbilled revenue	0299 ■ 1	310.63
Prepaid expenses	2,030.33	(310.63) 1,218.20
Balances due from government authorities	255.50	253.60
Total	1,318.73	0.00
	3,699.36	2,799.05



Notes to Standalone Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2024

(All amounts are in INR thousands unless otherwise stated)

14 Share Capital		
Authorised	As at 31 March 2024	As at 31 March 2023
9,000,000 (Previous year: 9,000,000) equity Shares of ₹ 10 each Issued, Subscribed and Paid up	90,000.00	90,000.00
7,215,250 (Previous year: 7,215,250) equity Shares of ₹ 10 each a. Reconciliation of the shares outstanding at the beginning and at the end of the reposition and the shares outstanding at the beginning and at the end of the reposition and the shares outstanding at the beginning and at the end of the reposition and the shares outstanding at the beginning and at the end of the reposition and the shares outstanding at the beginning and at the end of the reposition and the shares of ₹ 10 each the shares outstanding at the beginning and at the end of the reposition and the shares of ₹ 10 each the shares outstanding at the beginning and the end of the reposition and the shares outstanding at the beginning and at the end of the reposition and the shares outstanding at the beginning and at the shares outstanding at the	72,152.50	72,152.50

a. Reconciliation of the shares outstanding at the beginning and at the end of the reporting period

	31 Marc	h 2024	31 Marc	h 2023
Equity Shares	Number	Amount	Number	Amount
At the commencement of the year Shares issued during the year	72,15,250	72,152.50	72,15,250	1,000
At the end of the year	- Julius		72,13,230	72,152.50
Rights, preferences and restrictions attached to shares	72,15,250	72,152.50	72,15,250	72,152.50

Rights, preferences and restrictions attached to shares

Equity Shares - The company has a single class of equity shares. Accordingly, all equity shares rank equally with regard to dividends and share in the company's residual assets. The equity shares are entitled to receive dividend as declared from time to time. The voting rights of an equity shareholder on a poll (not show of hands)

are in proportion to its share of the paid-up equity capital of the company.

On winding up of the company, the holder of equity shares will be entitled to receive the residual assets of the company, remaining after distribution of all preferential amounts in proportion to the number of equity shares held.

b. Shares held by holding company and / or their subsidiaries / associates

	31 Marc	h 2024	31 Marc	h 2023
Equity shares of ₹ 10 each fully paid up held by :	Number	Amount	Number	Amount
Ishaan Solar Power Private Limited (Holding Company) Anil Jain*	72,15,249	72,152.49	72,15,249	72,152.49
* Nominee shareholder holding one share on behalf of Ishaan Solar Power Pvi	72,15,250	72,152.50	72,15,250	72,152.50

c. Particulars of shareholders holding more than 5% shares of a class of shares

			rch 2024	31 Ma	rch 2023
Equity shares of ₹ 10 each fully paid held by		Number	(% of total shares in the class)	Number	(% of total shares in the class)
shaan Solar Power Private Limited (Holding Company)		72,15,249	99.99%	72,15,249	99,999
.Shares held by promoters at the end of the year		72,15,249	99,99%	72,15,249	99,99%
Promoter Name	31 Ma	arch 2024	31 Mar	rch 2023	
shaan Solar Power Pvt Ltd	No of shares	% of total shares	No of shares	% of total	% of changes during the year
∖nil Jain*	72,15,249	99.99% 0.01%	72,15,249	99.99% 0.01%	0%
Nominee shareholder holding one share on behalf of Ishaan So	72,15,250	100%	72,15,250	100%	0%



Notes to Standalone Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2024

(All amounts are in INR thousands unless otherwise stated)

	onerwise stated)		
15	Other Equity Retained Earnings	As at 31 March 2024	As at 31 March 2023
A	Items of Other Comprehensive Income Retained Earnings Opening balance	(2,61,970.65) 958.79	(2,63,736.12) 569.84
	Profit/(Loss) for the year Closing Balance	(2,63,736.12) 1,765.48	(2,83,862.74)
	Items of Other Comprehensive Income Opening balance	(2,61,970.64)	20,126.62 (2,63,736.12)
	Add: Remeasurements of defined benefit obligations, net Closing Balance	569.83 388.95	469.44
	Total (A+B)	958.78	100.39 569.83
	Notes to Reserves	(2,61,011.86)	(2,63,166.29)
1	Retained Earnings: Retained Farmings		(=,55,100.29)

Retained Earnings: Retained Earnings represents undistributed accumulated profit and loss of the Company till date. The reserve would be utilised in Capital Management

The Company's policy is to maintain a strong capital base so as to maintain shareholders' confidence and to sustain future development of the business.

However the net worth of the company has eroded completely as at 31 March 2024 due to the accumulated losses incurred in the recent past. Refer

The Company's policy is to maintain a strong capital base so as to maintain shareholders' confidence and to sustain future development of the business.

The Company's policy is to maintain a strong capital base so as to maintain shareholders' confidence and to sustain future development of the business.

The Company's policy is to maintain a strong capital base so as to maintain shareholders' confidence and to sustain future development of the business.

The Company's policy is to maintain a strong capital base so as to maintain shareholders' confidence and to sustain future development of the business. note 37 which discloses issues surrounding going concern. Hence the mix of capital, at present, is not optimal and the Company is managing its operations with financial support in the form of short term loans from the affiliate companies.

<This space has been intentionally left blank>



Notes to Standalone Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2024

(All amounts are in INR thousands unless otherwise stated)

16	Provisions Short Term Provisions	As at 31 March 2024	As at 31 March 2023
	Provision for Gratuity (Refer Note 32) Provision for Compensated absences (Refer Note 32) Provision for pending litigations (Refer note (ii) below) Total	41.13 13.44 2,176.58	9.88 3.16
	Long Term Provisions	2,231.15	13.04
1	Provision for Gratuity (Refer Note 32) Provision for Compensated absences (Refer Note 32) Provision for Warranty (Refer note (i) below) Total	467.28 152.28 5,202.00	709.13 189.94
(i) I	Provision for Warranty	5,821.56	12,002.29
E L L	Balance at the beginning of the year Add: Provision created during the year Less: Provision utilised during the year Less: Provision reversed during the year Lealance at the end of the year	12,002.29 - (661.92)	30,838.00
	n August 4, 2023, The company received a legal potion 4.	(6,138.36) 5,202.01	(16,009.26) 12,002.29

(ii) On August 4, 2023, The company received a legal notice demanding a payment of Rs. 43,53,160/- to be made into the company's Escrow account with Alectrona energy Pvt Ltd. This demand arose because of the withdrawal of funds from the Escrow Account named "Alectrona Energy Private Limited - SEI Tejas Private Limited- Meghalaya Project - Escrow Account" was alleged to be in violation of Section 14 of the Insolvency and Bankruptcy Code (IBC) and considered fraudulent under Section 66 by the Liquidator of Alectrona Energy Private Limited. The company replied to the notice on August 17, 2023, asserting that the funds in the Escrow account are assets of the company and the account was established solely to receive payments due to the company from Alectrona, which in turn invoices the State Nodal Agencies. The company emphasized that these funds are held in trust for the company and that Alectrona has no right over them. Despite this clarification, the matter was escalated to the National Company Law Tribunal (NCLT), where the company reiterated its stance. The Liquidator has not filed any rejoinders to the counters submitted by the company. Separately, the company 's claims for the amounts due were rejected by the Liquidator due to a delay in filing, a decision which the company has challenged before the NCLT. The Management has made an estimate of Rs 21,76,580 as outflow for this matter & provided the same

17	Other Non-Current Liabilities Billing in excess of Revenue	As at 31 March 2024	As at 31 March 2023
	Total	1,664.94	5,754.93
18	Borrowings-Short Term Secured From Others *	1,664.94	5,754.93
	Unsecured From Related Parties (refer Note 31) #	**	663.27
	Total	1,35,666.55	1,32,467.37
	# Working capital loans have been obtained from related parties that are repayable on Interest shall accrue on a monthly basis and shall be recorded.	1,35,666.55	1,33,130.64

Working capital loans have been obtained from related parties that are repayable on demand with an interest rate ranging between 7.5% to 8% p.a. Interest shall accrue on a monthly basis and shall be payable as mutually agreed between the parties from time to time.

* Working capital loan with an interest rate of 12% p.a from SIL RES Energy Solutions Private Limited which is secured by way of first charge on all current assets.



Notes to Standalone Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2024

(All amounts are in INR thousands unless otherwise stated)

- inde I ayables	As at 31 March 2024	As at 31 March 2023
Dues to micro enterprises and small enterprises (refer Note 21a) Others	24,386.66	25,170.94
Total	16,539.41	16,260.40
Aging of trade payables (31/03/2024):	40,926.07	41,431.34

Undisputed trade payables	Unbilled	Less than 1				
Micro enterprises and	Chomed	Year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	Total
mall enterprises		5.40			, tale of the s	TOTAL
Others	1,058.70	- 765EX			24,381.26	24,386.66
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	1,058.70	366.06	39.06 39.06	173.97	14,907.02	16,539.41
ging of trade payables (31/03/2023):			39.00	173.97	39,288.28	40,926.07

Undisputed trade payables	Unbilled	Less than 1				
dicro enterprises and		Year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	Total
nall enterprises thers		-		107.77		North Colonia
otal	15,630.60	21.40		107.77	25,063.17	25,170.9
	15,630.60		16.29 16.29	22.25	569.86	16,260.4
			10.29	130.02	25,633.03	41,431.3

19a Disclosures required under Section 22 of the Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006

The management has identified certain enterprises which have provided goods and services to the Company and which qualify under the definition of 'Micro and Small Enterprises' as defined under Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006 ("the Act"). Accordingly the disclosure in respect of the amounts payable to such enterprises as at 31st March 2024 and 31st March 2023 have been made in the financial statements based on information available with the Company and relied upon by the auditors.

	(i) Principal amount remaining unpaid to any supplier as at the end of the	As at 31 March 2024	As at 31 March 2023
	(ii) The amount of interest paid along with the amounts of the payment made to the	16,515.80	17,339.16
	(iii) The amount of interest due and payable for the year	<u>=</u>	
	accounting year	-	3 € 3
	(v) The amount of further interest due and payable even in the succeeding year, until such date when the interest dues as above are actually paid		39.06
	as accuracy paid	7,870.84	7,831.78
20	Other Financial Liabilities		
	Interest accrued and due on loans (refer Note 33) Total	82,380.79	75,561.88
21	Other Current Liabilities Statutory dues payable	82,380.79	75,561.88
	Billing in excess of Revenue	29.28	42.60
	Dues to employees	4,089.89	5,341.83
	Other ducs	33.97	121.42
	Total	233.60	239.42
		4,386.74	5,745.27



22	D	For the year ended	For the year end
	The Holl operations	31 March 2024	31 March 20
	Revenue from sale and installation of solar water pumps		20
	r wantenance	*	346.
	Revenue from sale of Raw materials Total	6,153.98	6,378.
	Total	1 2	796.7
23	Other Income	6,153.98	7,521.5
	Interest income on fixed deposits	_	7,0211
	Interest income on intercompany loans		
	Liabilities/Provisions no longer required written back	2,297.62	2,261.2
	Gain on sale of Property, Plant & Equipment	1,657.90	1,653.3
	Others	11,376.83	69,560.5
	Total		35.9
24	C	1,154.82	5,263.79
24	Consumption of material, erection and engineering expenses Purchases	16,487.17	78,774.86
	(Increase)/decrease in inventory	4	
	Erection, installation, testing and certification charges Total	-	917.29
		<u> </u>	175.02
25	Employee Benefit Expenses		1,092.31
	Salaries and wages	_	1,072.31
(Contribution to provident and other funds (Refer note 32)	3,095.77	
	wentare expenses	224.37	4,323.23
1	Total	19.35	295.37
26 F	inance costs	3,339.49	13.22
	nterest expense	0,000,49	4,631.82
	otal	1.00	
7 0	4	10,172.35	10,214.62
	ther expenses ent	10,172.35	10,214.62
D	ower and fuel charges ates and Taxes	303.30	105 20
Le	nes and Taxes	343	495.30
Re	gal and Professional Charges	111.81	1.47 4,051.09
Ro	pairs and maintenance	3,379.56	670.03
Pay	yalty & Fees for technical services	*	11.54
Ine	yment to auditors (refer note (a) below) urance		50.00
		200.00	200.00
Pro	ovision for doubtful debts (refer note 35)	356.86	399.58
Pro	vision for GST Input Tax Credit		30.22
Dro	vision for Doubtful Assets	-	19,994.17
Obo	vision for Pending Litigations (Refer note 16 (ii))	141	1,406.50
	white inventory written off (refer note (b) balance	2,176.58	7,400.50
	ances to suppliers written off de receivables written off		8,360.89
Tras	relling and conveyance	243.05	-
Con	amission expenses	The state of the s	13,347.17
Com	amunication expenses	284.22	556.98
Bank	k charges		5.00
Misc	rellaneous expenses	191.43	215.12
		14.84	40.51
Tota	I	88.38	165.98
		7,350.03	50,001.55



(a)	Auditors' remuneration Statutory audit	For the year ended 31 March 2024	For the year ended 31 March 2023
	Others Total	200.00	200.00
	30.20 00	<u> </u>	
b)	Obsolete Inventory written off	200.00	200.00
	Total obsolete inventory written off		
	Less: Provision for obsolete inventory written book		
	Net amount written off		8,360.89
0			
8	Tax Expense		8,360.89
	Current Tax		
	Deferred Tax		
1	ncome tax expense reported in the Standalone statement of profit and loss	•	-
7	The major company of		¥
ti	The major components of income tax expense and reconciliation of expected tax expense bas the reported tax expense in the statement of profit or loss are disclosed in the note below.	ed on the domestic effective tax rate o	f the Company at 260

	and note below.		pully at 20% a
28A	Reconciliation of tax expense and the accounting profit multiplied by tax rate Accounting profit before income tax	For the year ended '31 March 2024	For the year ended '31 March 2023
	At country's statutory income tax rate of 26% (31 March 2023: 26%) Effect of income and related expenses that are deductible in determining taxable profit Impact on current tax relating to earlier years arising due to closure of assessments Income tax recognised in profit or loss	1,765.48 459.02 (459.02)	20,126.62 5,232.92 (5,232.92)
28B	Details of Tax related Assets and Liabilities are :	8	
	Taxes receivable Provision for taxation Total	7,848.39	7,669.23
29	Earnings Per Share (EPS)	7,848.39	7,669.23
a) 1b) 1	Net profit/(loss) attributable to equity shareholders for calculation of EPS Weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the period (in Nos.) Basic and diluted earnings per share	2,154.43 72,15,250 0.30	20,227.01 72,15,250 2.80



Notes to Standalone Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2024 (All amounts are in INR thousands unless otherwise stated)

30 Commitments & Contingent Liabilities

Contingent Liabilities		
(a) Contingent liabilities - in respect of Income Tax For Assessment year 2015-16	As at 31 March 2024	As at 31 March 2023
For Assessment year 2017-18 For Assessment year 2018-19 (b) Bank guarantees outstanding towards project performance	9,341.71 808.69 490.58	9,569.81 721.81
The company does not have any commitments as on 31st March 2024 and 31st March 2023.	2,909.73	490.58 6,490.34
Related Party Town		

31 Related Party Transactions
A. List of Related Parties
Name of the related party and nature of relationship

Nature of Relationship Ultimate Holding Company	Name of the Related Party*
Holding Company	Refex Renewables & Infrastructura Ltd (6
Fellow subsidiaries	Refex Renewables & Infrastructure Ltd (formerly known as Sunedison Infrastructure Limited) Ishaan Solar Power Private Limited
Silvin Subsidiaries	SEI Solartech private Limited
	Refex Green Power Limited (Comments)
	Enrecover Energy Recovery Solution as SIL Rooftop Solar Power Private Limited
Entities in which shareholders exert	Enrecover Energy Recovery Solutions Private Limited (ceased to be fellow subsidiary wef 23rd March 2023) Megamic Electronics Private Limited (ceased to be fellow subsidiary wef 23rd March 2023) Avyan Pashupathy Capital Advisors Private Limited
ignificant influence	Avyan Pashupathy Capital Advisors Private Limited Sherisha Tashard Limited (ceased to be fellow subsidiary wef 23rd March 2023)
ignificant influence	Sherisha Technologie Private Limited
ev Monogori I B	Sherisha Technologies Private Limited (formerly known as SunEdison Energy India Private Limited) Refex Industries Limited
ey Managerial Personnel	Thirunavukkarasu Dakaki
as identified by the management and reli	Thirunavukkarasu Dakshinamoorthy- Non-Executive Director Venkatesan Krishnan- Non- Executive Director

B. Transactions with Related Parties

Nature of the Transaction	Name of Related Party		
Scrap Sales	Ishaan Solar Power Private Limited	For the year ended March 31, 2024	For the year ended March
	Fordali Fower Private Limited	539.25	31, 2023
Reimbursement of Expenses	Avyan Pashupathy Capital Advisors Private Limited	207.25	•
Finance Cost			220,3
Finance Cost	Ishaan Solar Power Private Limited		220,5
	Sherisha Technologies Private Limited	545.15	531.9
nterest Income		9,553.01	9,526.9
	Refex Renewables & Infrastructure Ltd		3,020,7
Short Term Loans Borrowed		1,657.90	1,653.33
	Ishaan Solar Power Private Limited		1,000,07
oan taken repaid		5,908.00	5,577.28
The state of the s	Ishaan Solar Power Private Limited		-1-77.20
alance as at year end		2,649.90	29,229.03

Nature of the Transaction	Name of Related Party	As at	
Short Term Borrowings Short Term Borrowings	Ishaan Solar Power Private Limited	March 31, 2024	As at March 31, 2023
onort Term Borrowings	Sherisha Technologies Private Limited	8,641.00	5,441.90
Frade Payables		1,27,025.48	1,27,025.48
nterest payable on borrowings	Ishaan Solar Power Private Limited	24,381.26	24,989.26
nterest payable on borrowings	Ishaan Solar Power Private Limited	36,254,96	
nterest payable on borrowings	SEI Solartech Private Limited Sherisha Technologies Private Limited	30,234.96	35,709.81 3,353.45
oans receivable		35,549.04	25,996.03
nterest receivable	Refex Renewables & Infrastructure Ltd	20,667.11	20,667.11
	Refex Renewables & Infrastructure Ltd	3,738.38	2,080.54



Notes to Standalone Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2024

(All amounts are in INR thousands unless otherwise stated)

32 Employee Benefits:

Defined Contribution Plans:

The Company makes Provident Fund and Employee State Insurance Scheme contributions which are defined contribution plans, for qualifying employees. Under the Schemes, the Company is required to contribute a specified percentage of the payroll costs to fund the benefits. For the Year ended 31 March 2024, the Company recognised Rs. 214.87 thousand (31 March 2023: Rs. 259.63 thousand) towards Provident Fund contributions and Rs. 23.13 thousand (31 March 2023: Rs. 34.07 thousand) towards Employee State Insurance Scheme contributions in the Standalone statement of profit and loss.

Defined Benefit Plans:

	Compensated Absences Plan		Gratuity	
Components of Employer's Expense:	31 March 2024	31 March 2023	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
Current Service Cost Interest Cost Actuarial Losses/ (Gains)	(13.49)	(12.95)	124.68 53.68	169.34 48.00
Total expense recognised in the	-	-	(388.95)	(100.39
Standalone statement of profit and	(13.49)	(12.95)	178.36	217.34
Total expense/(income) recognised in the Other Comprehensive Income	-	-	(388.95)	(100.39

Changes in the Defined Benefit Obligation (DBO) during the year:

	Compensated Absences Plan		Gratuity	
Present value at the beginning of year	31 March 2024	31 March 2023	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
Interest Cost	193.11	252.53	719.01	658.07
Service Cost Benefits Paid	(13.49) (13.90)	(12.95)	53.68 124.68	48.00 169.34
Actuarial (Gains)/Losses	(13.90)	(46.47)	2	(56.01
Present value at the end of year	165.73		(388.95)	(100.39
	165.72	193.11	508.41	719.01

Liability recognised in the balance

c	h	ρ	a	í
3		c	c	ı

Particulars	Compensated Absences Plan		Gratuity		
Current Portion	31 March 2024 31 March 2023		31 March 2024	-	
Non-Current Portion	13.44	3.16	41.13	31 March 2023 9.88	
Total	152.28	189.94	467.28	709.13	
	165.72	193.11	508.41	719.01	
Actuarial Assumptions: Discount Rate Expected rate of return on assets Expected rate of salary Increase Attrition Rate	7.15% NA 8% pa	7.45% NA 10% pa	7.15% NA 8% pa	7.45% NA 10% pa	
Upto 30 years 31-44 years Above 44 years Mortality (% of IALM 12-14)	8.00% 8.00% 8.00% 100%	3.00% 2.00% 1.00% 100%	8.00% 8.00% 8.00% 100%	3.00% 2.00% 1.00% 100%	



Notes to Standalone Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2024

(All amounts are in INR thousands unless otherwise stated)

Sensitivity Analysis

Gratuity:

	As at 31 Mar	ch 2024			
Discount P. C. C.	Decrease	Increase	As at 31 March 2023		
Discount Rate (-/+ 1%)	563.55		Decrease	Increase	
(% change compared to actual)	10.80%	461.46	873.67	595.99	
Salary growth rate (-/+1%)	10.0078	-9.20%	21.50%	-179	
(% change compared to actual)	461.40 -9.20%	562.53 10.60%	597.55 -16.90%	868.15 20.70%	
Attrition rate (-/+ 50%) % change compared to actual)	526.48 3.60%	497.81 -2.10%	750.78 4.40%	691.25	
Mortality rate (-/+10%) % change compared to actual)	508.48 0.00%	508.34 0.00%	719.80 0.10%	781.22 -0.10%	

	As at 31 Mar	ch 2024	4	
Discount Rate (-/+ 1%)	Decrease	Increase	As at 31 Marc	h 2023
(% change company)	183.28		Decrease	Increase
(% change compared to actual)	10.60%	150.69	232.21	161.72
Salary growth rate (-/+1%)	10.0070	-9.10%	20.30%	-16.30%
(% change compared to actual)	150.68	182.95		
compared to actual)	-9.10%		162.12	230.82
Attrition rate (-/+ 50%)		10.40%	-16.00%	19.50%
% change compared to actual)	171.36	162.37	90d9002AC 9000	
online compared to actual)	3.40%	-2.00%	200.61	186.58
fortality rate (-/+10%)		-2.00%	3.90%	-3.40%
% change comment	165.74	165.60		Visitorial Princip
% change compared to actual)	0.00%	165.69	193.31	192.20
	3.3076	0.00%	0.10%	-0.10%

33 Segment Reporting

Ind AS 108 establishes standards for reporting information about operating segments and related disclosure about product and services, geographical areas and major customers. Based on 'management approach' as defined in Ind AS 108, for the year ended March 2024 & 2023, the Board of Directors evaluate the company performance by its only business segment comprising of supply, installation, commissioning and maintenance of solar water pumps and hence information for such segment has been presented as part of the

Geographical Segments - The Company has only one geographical segment viz., India.

Details of income from major customers

Name of Customer	Year ended 31 March	Year ended 31 March
Grassroot Trading Network for Women	2024	2023
Rich Phytocare Pvt Ltd	58%	50%
Ishaan Solar Power Pvt Ltd	26%	21%
T VI Eld	13%	11%



Financial	instruments	by	category

Financial Assets	1	As at 31 March	h 2024			
Trade Receivables*	FVTPL	FVOCI	Amortised cost	Level I	Fair value hierarch	ıy
Cash and Cash Equivalents#				Level I	Level II	Level III
Other Bank Balances #	-		7,543.29			
Loans	*:		456.37	•	12	
Other Financial Assets*			1,790.30			
Total Assets			20,667.11			
			42,164.64			
inancial Liabilities			72,621.71			
rade Payables*			72,021.71			
orrowings						
ther Financial Liabilities*			40,926.07			
otal Liabilities		•	1,35,666.55			
			82,380,79			
rticulars		<u> </u>	2,58,973.41	10		
	_					
nancial Assets	FVTPL	s at 31 March 2			P-1- 1	
ade Receivables*	FVIPL	FVOCI	Amortised cost	Level I	Fair value hierarchy	
sh and Cash Equivalents#				22.161	Level II	Level III
her Bank Balances #	200		7,363.29			
ins			889.30	1570	•	
er Financial Assets*			4,794,54	- F		
tal Assets			20,667.11		*	
			39,279.43		5 3	
ancial Liabilities	-		72,993.67			
de Payables*			Control of the last of the las			
rowings	*		200000			
er Financial Liabilities*			41,431.36	**	4	
al Liabilities		- 5	1,33,130.65	2		9
carrying value of these accounts are considered to be the same as their fair value, ness accounts are considered to be highly liquid and the carrying amount of the			75,561.88			
	due to their short term nature e considered to be the same		2,50,123.89			

35 Financial Risk Management
The Company's activities expose it to a variety of financial risks: credit risk, liquidity risk and foreign currency risk. The Company's primary focus is to foresee the unpredictability of financial markets and seek to minimize potential
The Board of Directors reviews and agrees policies for managing each of these risks, which are summarised below:

(I) Credit Risk

Credit risk management

Credit risk of financial loss to the company if a customer or counterparty to a financial instrument fails to meet its contractual obligations and arises principally from the company's receivables from customers and investment securities. Credit risk arises from cash held with banks and financial institutions, as well as credit exposure to clients, including outstanding accounts receivable. The maximum exposure to credit risk is equal to the position, past experience and other factors.

a)Provision for expected credit loss

Based on the average of historical trend of loss allowance from the previous years, the Company makes a provision for expected credit loss on the existing trade receivable balance. Over and above this, specific provision is made against receivable which are agred more than 365 days and where the management beleives that there is a risk of non collection. Year ended March 31, 2024 Expected credit loss for trade receivables under simplified approach :

Ageing in days Gross carrying amount			
Provision for expected credit loss	Upto 1 year	More than a year	
arrying amount of trade receivables (net of impairment)	180.00	59,758.02	Tot
	180.00	(52,394.73)	59,938.02 (52,394.73
ear ended March 31, 2023	100.00	7,363.29	7,543.29
spected credit loss for trade receivables under simplified approach:			1,040.2

Ageing in days			
Gross carrying amount Provision for expected credit loss	Upto I year	More than a year	
Carrying amount of trade receivables (not of impairment)	5.00	59,753,02 (52,394.73)	59,758.02
(ii) Liquidity Risk	5.00	7,358.29	(52,394.73)
Liquidity risk is the risk that the company will not be able to meet its finan-	dat ann		7,505.27

(ii) Liquidity Risk
Liquidity Risk is the risk that the company will not be able to meet its financial obligations as they become due. The company manages its liquidity risk by ensuring, as far as possible, that it will always have sufficient liquidity to meet its liabilities when due. The Company depends on its related parties for short term funds to maintain liquidity for fulfilling its working capital requirements. Also refer Note 37 on going concern.

Particulars	March 2024 and 31 March 2023.			
Trade Payables		Α	s at 31 March 2024	
Borrowings	Less than one year	1-2 years	2 years and above	Total
Other Financial Liabilities	40,926.05			40,926.05
otal	1,35,666.55 82,380.79	*		1,35,666.55
	2,58,973.39	- :	-	82,380.79
articulars				2,58,973.39
99-55- 77-78-8	-	As	at 31 March 2023	
rade Payables	Less than one year	I-2 years	2 years and above	Total
orrowings	41 431 36			

		A:	at 31 March 2023	
rade Payables	Less than one year	I-2 years	2 years and above	Total
orrowings	41,431.36			
ther Financial Liabilities	1,33,130.65	*.		41,431.36
otal				1,33,130.65
0121	75,561.88			75,561.88
	2,50,123.89			2,50,123.89



35 Financial Risk Management (Continued)

(iii) Foreign Currency Risk

The Company's operations are largely within India and hence the exposure to foreign currency risk is very minimal.

The Company's operations are largely within India and hence the exposure to foreign currency risk is very minimal. The following table presents foreign currency risk from non-derivative financial instruments as of 31 March 2024 and 31 March 2023

Particulars Foreign Currency		31 March 202	14	31 Marc	th 2023
	Foreign Currency	In Foreign Currency	Amount INR	In Foreign	
Cash Balance	Chinese Yuan		COCOMPONENTANT)	Currency	Amount INF

36 Disclosure of information in terms of section 186 (4) of the Companies Act, 2013 :

Name of Entity	(4) of the Companies Act, 2013 :	
Refex Renewables & Infrastructure Ltd	Nature of Relationship Note P.	
and a control of the	Ultimate Holding Company D. A	ordina 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
7 Going Concern Assumption	With the St.	orking capital 20,667.11 20,667.11

37 Going Concern Assumption

The Company has incurred accumulated losses because of which the net worth has been competetely eroded as at the balance sheet date thereby raising substantial doubt about the Company's ability to continue in operation for and the liabilities have been remeasured at the values they are expected to settle. 38 Subsequent Events

There are no events that occured after the reporting date which would required adjustment in this financial statement.

39 Financial ratios

Ratios	Determinant	23-24			22-23		
		Amount (Rs)	Ratio	Amount (Rs)		Variance	Reason (Where variance is greater than 25%
Current ratio	Current Asset	44,852.5	59	44,081.55			greater than 25%
	Current Liability	2,65,591.2	3 0	2,55,882.21	0,17	0.0	9%
Debt-Equity ratio	Total Liabilities	1,37,331.42	1				
	Shareholders Equity	(1,88,859.36	(0.	73) 1,38,885.57	(0.73)	0.0	%
Debt service coverage ratio	EBITDA	11,951.61	-	(1,91,013.78)			
	Principal + Interest	2,18,047.27	0.0	30,570.78	0.21	77.74	Ratio declined decimal
Return on equity ratio	Net Profit	1200.000000		1,49,100.20	v.21	-73.39	together with increase in the loans borrowed
	Shareholders Equity	2,154.43	0.0	20,227.01			
	Net Sales	(1,88,859.36)		(1,91,013.78)	0.11	-89.2%	
aventory turnover ratio		6,153.98		7,521.59			Ratio declined since no purchases were carried of during the year. Further, in the previous year there we inventory identified and written off.
	Average Inventory	*		7,424.49	1.01	-100.0%	
rade receivables turnover tio	Net Credit Sales	6,153.98	0.83	7,521.59			
	Average Trade Receivables	7,453.29		8,395.38	0.90	-7.8%	
rade payables turnover tio	Net Credit Purchase						
	Average Trade Payables	41,178.71	0.00	AND	0.02	-100.0%	Ratio declined since no purchases were carried or during the year. Further, in the previous year there wa inventory identified and written off.
et capital turnover ratio	Turnover	2000.00		63,809.46		100.076	
	Working Capital	6,153.98	(0.03)	7,521.59	(0.00)		
profit ratio	Net Profit	(2,20,738.64)		(2,11,800.66)	(0.04)	-21.5%	
	Turnover	2,154.43	0.35	20,227.01			
im on capital employed		6,153.98		7,521.59	2.69	-87.0% ir	Ratio declined primarily due to reduction in total
	EBIT	11,937.82	(0.06)	30,341.24			Ratio declined primarily due to reduction in total
	Capital Employed	(1,88,859.36)		(1,91,013.78)	(0.16)	-60.2% in	
m on investment	Net Income	2,154.43	(0.01)	20,227,01			Ratio declined primarily due to reduction in total
	Capital Employed	(1,88,859,36)		(1,91,013.78)	(0.11)	-89.2% R	



nal regulatory information required by Schedule III

(i) Details of Benami Property held

No proceedings have been initial iated on or are pending against the group for holding benami property under the Benami Transactions (Prohibition) Act, 1988 (45 of 1988) and Rules made (ii) Working capital limits from Banks/FIs on the basis of security of current assets

The Company does not have any outstanding borrowings from banks or financial institutions at the end of the financial year.

(iii) Willful defaulter

None of the entities in the group have been declared wilful defaulter by any bank or financial institution or government or any government authority

None of the entities in the group nave neen decisace within decisation by any points of infinitely instructions and points of infinitely instructions with struck off companies.

The Company has not entered into any transactions with companies which are struck off under section 248 of the Companies Act, 2013 or section 560 of Companies Act 1956 during the financial year ended on 31 March 2024.

(vi) Compliance with approved scheme(s) of arrangements

The Company has not entered into any scheme of arrangement which has an accounting impact on current or previous financial year.

In ecompany has not entered into any scheme of arrangement which has an accounting impact on current or previous financial year.

(vii) Utilisation of borrowed funds and share premium

The company has not advanced or loaned or invested funds to any other person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities (Intermediaries) with the understanding that the Intermediary shalla directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the group (Ultimate Beneficiaries) or

b, provide any guarantee, security or the like to or on behalf of the ultimate beneficiaries

Except fort the loan mentioned in note 32, the company has not received any fund from any person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities (Funding Party) with the understanding (whether recorded in writing or otherwise) that Except fort the toan mentioned in note 32, the company has not received any fund from any person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities (Funding Party) with the the group shall:

a directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party (Ultimate Beneficiaries) or

(viii) Undisclosed Income

There is no income surrendered or disclosed as income during the current or previous year in the tax assessments under the Income Tax Act, 1961, that has not been recorded in the books of

(ix) Details of crypto currency or virtual currency

The group has not traded or invested in crypto currency or virtual currency during the current or previous year.

The group has not traded or invested in crypto currency or virtual current.

(x) Valuation of PP&E, intangible asset and investment property

The Comapny has not revalued its property, plant and equipment (including right-of-use assets) or intangible assets or both during the current or previous year.

41 Previous year figures have been regrouped wherever necessary to confirm to current year's class

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of

Director DIN: 07345667 Place Chennai Date 22nd May 2024

2. Venkateson DIN: 08245718

Place : Chennai Date :22nd May 2024

