SINGE SOLAR ENERGY PRIVATE LIMITED CIN: U40108KA2015PTC084881 Balance Sheet as at 31st March 2021 (All amounts are in Indian rupees, unless otherwise stated)			
		As at	As at
	Notes	31-Mar-21	31-Mar-20
ASSETS			
NON-CURRENT ASSETS			
Property, Plant and Equipment	4	47,867,040	53,673,493
Financial Assets			
Loans	5	152,333	413,865
Total Non-Current Assets		48,019,373	54,087,358
CURRENT ASSETS			
Financial Assets			
Trade Receivables			
Cash and Cash Equivalents	6	19,102,383	13,218,829
Loans	7	1,604,629	1,410,774
Other Financial assets	8	-	109,050
Other Current Assets	9	2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	5,611
Total Current assets	10 _	128,678	124,390
Total Assets		20,835,690	14,868,654
	100	68,855,063	68,956,011
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES EQUITY			
Equity Share Capital	11	100,000	100,000
Other Equity	12	51,093,958	41,304,967
Total Equity		51,193,958	41,404,967
LIADH PERC			
LIABILITIES Non-Current Liabilities			
Financial Liabilities			
Borrowings	13	14,474,188	17,187,612
Deferred Tax Liabilities (Net) Total Non-Current Liabilities	25 _	1,347,347	8,786,283
Total Non-Current Liabilities		15,821,535	25,973,895
Current Liabilities			
Financial Liabilities			
Trade Payables Due to	14		
Micro and Small Enterprises	14	270.011	101.70
Other than Micro and Small Enterprises		279,911	121,784
Other Financial Liabilities	15	1 521 410	1.454015
Provisions	16	1,531,410	1,454,316
Other Current Liabilities	17	13,702	1.050
Total Current Liabilities		1,839,570	1,050 1,577,150
Total Liabilities		17,661,105	
Total Equity and Liabilities	-	68,855,063	27,551,045 68,956,011
ee accompanying notes to the Financial Statements :1-32		00,000,000	00,730,011
s per our report of even date			
or ABCD & Co.	Singe Solar F	Energy Pvt Ltd	. /
Thartered Accountants irm No. 016405S	ST4)	~	-1/12

Vinav Lumar Bachhawat Partner Membership No: 214520

Place: Chennai,

Date: 05.08.2021

Director

Dinesh Kumar Agarwal

Bangalore

Director

DIN: 07544759

CIN: U40108KA2015PTC084881

Statement of Profit and Loss for the year ended 31 March 2021

(All amounts are in Indian rupees, unless otherwise stated)

INCOME		For the Year ended 31-Mar-21	For the Year ended 31-Mar-20
Revenue From Operations	10	9724 7726 5755	
Other Income	18	12,472,168	12,629,215
Total Income	19	76,977	11,997
Total Income		12,549,145	12,641,212
EXPENSES			
Employee Benefit Expenses	20	68,410	
Finance Costs	21	2,105,306	1,651,951
Depreciation / Amortisation Expenses	22	6,083,753	6,849,916
Other Expenses	23	1,941,621	1,383,288
Total expenses		10,199,090	9,885,155
Profit / (Loss) Before tax		-	
Less: Tax Expenses	24	2,350,054	2,756,057
Current Tax	24		
Deferred Tax		(7.429.027)	1 (40 550
Profit for the Year		(7,438,937)	1,642,778
Other Comprehensive Income		9,788,991	1,113,279
Items that will not be reclassified to Profit or Loss		-	70
Remeasurements of defined benefit obligations, net			
Total Comprehensive Income for the year		9,788,991	1,113,279
	•	2,766,771	1,113,279
Earnings per equity share (of face value of Rs. 10 c	ach)		
Basic Earnings Per Share	25	978.90	111.33
Diluted Earnings Per Share		30.01	12.41

See accompanying notes to the Financial Statements: 1-32

As per our report of even date

For ABCD & Co,

Chartered Accountants

Firm No: 016415S

Partner

Membership No: 214520

Place: Chennai Date: 05.08.2021 For Singe Solar Energy Pvt Ltd

Sunny Jain Director

DIN: 07544759

Dinesh Kumar Agarwa

Director

CIN: U40108KA2015PTC084881

Cash Flow Statement for the year ended March 31, 2021

(All amounts are in Indian rupees, unless otherwise stated)

Particulars	For the year ended	For the year ended
A. Cash flow from operating activities	31 March 2021	31 March 2020
Net Profit/ (Loss) before tax	2.250.054	
Adjustments for:	2,350,054	2,756,057
Depreciation	6,083,753	7.041.017
Interest income	(76,977)	6,841,916
Interest expense	2,076,691	(6,234)
Operating loss before working capital changes	10,433,522	1,545,832
Adjustments for (increase) / decrease in operating assets:	10,433,322	11,137,571
Adjustments for increase / (decrease) in operating liabilities :		
Trade Receivables	(5,883,555)	(6.720.216)
Other Financial Assets	5,611	(6,739,315)
Other Current Assets	(4,288)	(22.5(1)
Loans	331,561	(22,561)
Trade Payables	158,127	3,802,804
Other Financial Liabilities	62,200	(2,130,608)
Provisions	13,702	(163)
Other Current Liabilities	13,498	-
Cash used in operations	5,130,377	6,047,778
Net cash flow from / (used) in operating activities	5,130,377	6,047,778
B. Cash flow from investing activities	3,200,077	0,047,778
Purchase of tangible and intangible assets	(277,300)	
Interest received	76,977	-
Net cash flow from / (used) investing activities	(200,323)	
C. Cash flow from financing activities		
Proceeds from /(Repayment of) Borrowings	(3,868,289)	(62,755,964)
Interest Paid	(867,911)	(1,221,889)
Increase in Share Capital		58,810,782
Net cash flow from / (used) in financing activities	(4,736,200)	(5,167,071)
Net increase / (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents (A+B+C)	193,855	880,707
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year	1,410,774	530,067
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the period	1,604,629	1,410,774
Cash and cash equivalents as per cash flow statement	1,604,629	1,410,774
Cash on hand	-,==,,,==	936
Balance with banks in current account	1,604,629	1,409,838
Cash and cash equivalents as per Balance sheet	1,604,629	1,410,774
Notes -		2,122,173

 The cash flow statement is prepared under Indirect Method as set out in Ind AS 7, Statement of Cash Flows notified under section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013.

2. Reconciliation of cash and cash equivalents with the Balance Sheet.

See accompanying notes to the Financial Statements :1-32

As per our report of even date

For ABCD & Co, Chartered Accountants

Firm No: 016415S

Vinay Kumar Bachhawat

Partner

Membership No: 214520

Place: Chennai, Date: 05.08.2021 For Singe Solar Energy Pvt Ltd

Sumy Jain Director

DIN: 07544759

Dinesh Kumar Agarwal

Director

CIN: U40108KA2015PTC084881

Statement of Changes in Equity for the year ended 31 March 2021

(All amounts are in Indian rupees, unless otherwise stated)

A. Equity Share Capital

Particulars	No of Shares	Amount in Rs
Equity shares INR 10 each issued, subscribed and fully paid		
As at 31st March 2020	10,000	100,000
Issue of equity shares	-	
As at 31st March 2021	10,000	100,000

B. OTHER EQUITY

Particulars	Retained Earnings	Equity Component of Compound Financial Instrument	Items of Other Comprehensive income	Total equity attributable to equity holders
As at 31 March 2020	(7,957,650)	49,262,617	-	41,304,967
Add: Profit/(Loss) for the year	9,788,991		-	9,788,991
Preference Shares @.01% Dividend Issued				-
As at 31 March 2021	1,831,341	49,262,617	-	51,093,958

See accompanying notes to the Financial Statements: 1-32

As per our report of even date

For ABCD & Co,

Chartered Accountants

Firm No: 016415S

Vinay Kumar Bachhawat

Partner

Membership No: 214520

Place: Chennai Date: 05.08.2021 For Singe Solar Energy Pvt Ltd

Supray Jai Director

DIN: 07544759

Dinesh Kumar Agarwa

Director

CIN: U40108KA2015PTC084881

Notes to Standalone Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2021

(All amounts are in Indian rupees, unless otherwise stated)

1. Corporate Information

SINGE SOLAR ENERGY PRIVATE LIMITED is incorporated in Dec 2015 having its registered office in Karnataka, registered under the Companies Act 2013. It is formed to act as a Special Purpose Vehicle (SPV) for the limited purpose to develop, execute, manage and run solar power generation project.

2. Basis of Preparation

a. Statement of compliance

These financial statements are prepared in accordance with Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) under the historical cost convention on the accrual basis except for certain financial instruments which are measured at fair values, at the end of each reporting period as explained in the accounting policies below, the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 ('the Act') (to the extent notified). The company's financial statements for the period ended March 31, 2021 are prepared in accordance with Companies (Indian Accounting Standard) Rules, 2015 and Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Amendment Rules, 2016 as prescribed under Sec 133 of the Act and the company adopted all the Ind AS.

Accounting policies have been consistently applied except where a newly-issued accounting standard is initially adopted or a revision to an existing accounting standard requires a change in the accounting policy hitherto in use. Details of the Company's significant accounting policies are included in Note 3.

b. Functional and presentation currency

The functional currency of the Company is the Indian rupee. All the financial information has been presented in Indian Rupees (Rs.) except for share data or as stated otherwise.

c. Basis of measurement

These financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis except for the following items:

- a) Net defined benefit liability Present value of defined benefit obligations
- b) Certain financial assets and financial liabilities Fair value

d. Use of estimates

In preparing these financial statements, Management has made judgments, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of accounting policies and the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, income and expenses. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an on-going basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognized prospectively.

Judgements are made in applying accounting policies that have the most significant effects on the amounts recognized in the financial statements and the same is disclosed in the relevant notes to the financial statements.

Assumptions and estimation uncertainties that have a significant risk of resulting in a material adjustment are reviewed on an on-going basis and the same is disclosed in the relevant notes to the financial statements.

e. Measurement of fair values

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date, regardless of whether that price is directly observable or estimated using another valuation technique. In estimating the fair value of an asset or a liability, the Company takes into account the characteristics of the asset or liability if market participants would take those characteristics into account when pricing the asset or liability at the measurement date. Fair value for measurement and /or disclosure purposes in these financial statements is determined on such a basis and measurements that have some similarities to fair value but are not fair value, such as net realisable value in Ind AS 2 or value in use in Ind AS 36.

In addition, for financial reporting purposes, fair value measurements are categorised into Level 1, 2 or 3 based on the degree to which the inputs to the fair value measurements are observable and the significance of the inputs to the fair value measurement in its entirety, which are described as follows:

- Level 1 inputs are quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the entity can access at the measurement date.

- Level 2 inputs are inputs, other than quoted prices included within Level 1, that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (i.e.as prices) or indirectly (i.e., derived from prices). CD8

theyel inputs are unobservable inputs for the asset or liability.

3. Significant Accounting Policies

a. Foreign Currency Transactions

The functional currency of the Company is the Indian rupee. The financial statements are presented in Indian rupee. Foreign-currency-denominated monetary assets and liabilities are translated into the relevant functional currency at exchange rate in effect at the Balance Sheet date. The gains or losses resulting from such translations are included in net profit in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

Transaction gains or losses realized upon settlement of foreign currency transactions are included in determining net profit for the period in which the transaction is settled. Revenue, expense and cash-flow items denominated in foreign currencies are translated into the relevant functional currencies using the exchange rate in effect on the date of the transaction.

All foreign exchange gains and losses are presented in the statement of profit and loss on a net basis within other gains/(losses).

b. Revenue Recognition

Revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for goods supplied and services rendered, net of returns and discounts to customers. Revenue from services is recognised in the periods in which the services are rendered, and the Performance Obligations are discharged. However, where the ultimate collection of revenue lacks reasonable certainty, revenue recognition is postponed. Interest income is recognized on effective interest rate taking into account the amount outstanding and the applicable interest rate.

c. Cash and Cash Equivalents

For the purpose of presentation in the statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents includes cash on hand, deposits held at call with financial institutions, other short-term, highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value, and bank overdrafts.

d. Inventories

Inventories are valued at the lower of cost and net realizable value. Cost of inventories comprises all cost of purchase, cost of conversion and other costs incurred in bringing the inventories to their present location and condition. Cost includes all taxes and duties but excludes duties and taxes that are subsequently recoverable from tax authorities.

The methods of determining cost of various categories of inventories are as follows:

Description	Methods of determining cost
Raw Materials	First-In-First-Out (FIFO)

Net realisable value is the estimated selling price less estimated costs for completion and sale. Obsolete, slow moving and defective inventories are identified from time to time and, where necessary, a provision is made for such inventories.

e. Property, plant and equipment

i. Tangible

Tangible property, plant and equipment (PPE) acquired by the Company are reported at acquisition cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses, if any. The acquisition cost includes any cost attributable for bringing an asset to its working condition net of tax/duty credits availed, which comprises of purchase consideration and other directly attributable costs of bringing the assets to their working condition for their intended use. PPE is recognised when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Company and the cost of the item can be measured reliably.

. ii. Capital work-in-progress

PPE not ready for the intended use on the date of the Balance Sheet are disclosed as "capital work-in-progress" and carried at cost, comprising direct cost, related incidental expenses and attributable interest.

iii. Intangible

Intangible assets are recognised when it is probable that the future economic benefits that are attributable to the asset will flow to the enterprise and the cost of the asset can be measured reliably. Intangible assets are stated at original cost net of tax/duty credits availed, if any, less accumulated amortisation and cumulative impairment. Administrative and other general overhead expenses that are specifically attributable to the acquisition of intangible assets are

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allocated and capitalised as a part of the cost of the intangible assets. Expenses on software support and maintenance are charged to the Statement of Profit and Loss during the year in which such costs are incurred.

iv. Intangible assets under development

Intangible assets not ready for the intended use on the date of Balance Sheet are disclosed as "Intangible assets under development".

v. Depreciation and Amortisation

Depreciable amount for tangible property, plant and equipment is the cost of an asset, or other amount substituted for cost, less its estimated residual value. Depreciation on tangible property, plant and equipment has been provided on the written down method as per the useful life prescribed in Schedule II to the Companies Act, 2013. Depreciation method is reviewed at each financial year end to reflect expected pattern of consumption of the future economic benefits embodied in the asset.

•The estimated useful life and residual values are also reviewed at each financial year end with the effect of any change in the estimates of useful life/residual value is accounted on prospective basis. Depreciation for additions to/deductions on owned assets is calculated pro rata to the remaining period of use. Depreciation charge for impaired assets is adjusted in future periods in such a manner that the revised carrying amount of the asset is allocated over its remaining useful life. All capital assets with individual value less than Rs. 5,000 are depreciated fully in the year in which they are purchased.

Estimated useful life considered by the Company are:

Asset	Estimated Useful Life
Tools and Equipments	10 Years
Furniture Fittings	10 Years
Plant and Machineries	25 Years

vi. Impairment of assets

Upon an observed trigger or at the end of each accounting year, the Company reviews the carrying amounts of its PPE, investment property and intangible asset to determine whether there is any indication that the asset have suffered an impairment loss. If such indication exists, the PPE, investment property and intangible assets are tested for impairment so as to determine the impairment loss, if any.

Impairment loss is recognised when the carrying amount of an asset exceeds its recoverable amount. Recoverable amount is the higher of fair value less cost of disposal and value in use.

vii. De-recognition of property, plant and equipment and intangible asset

An item of PPE and intangible assets is derecognised upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected to arise from the continued use of the asset. Any gain or loss arising on the disposal or retirement of an item of PPE is determined as the difference between the sales proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and is recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

f. Income Taxes

Income tax expense comprise current tax (i.e., amount of tax for the period determined in accordance with the incometax law) and deferred tax charge or credit (reflecting that tax effects of timing differences between accounting income and taxable income for the period). The deferred tax charge or credit and the corresponding deferred tax liabilities or assets are recognized using the tax rates and tax laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date. Deferred tax assets are recognized only to the extent there is a reasonable certainty that the assets can be realized in future; however, where there is unabsorbed depreciation or carried forward loss under taxation laws, deferred tax assets are recognized only if there is a virtual certainty of realization of such assets. Deferred tax assets are reviewed as at the balance sheet date and written down or written up to reflect the amount that is reasonably/virtually certain (as the case may be) to be realized. Current tax and deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset to the extent to which the Company has a legally enforceable right to set off and they relate to taxes on income levied by the same governing taxation laws.

Minimum Alternate Tax ("MAT") paid in accordance with tax laws, which gives rise to future economic benefits in the form of adjustment of future income tax liability, is considered as an asset if there is convincing evidence that the company would pay normal income tax after tax holiday period and accordingly, MAT is recognized as an asset in the balance sheet when it is probable that the future economic benefit associated with it will flow to the company and the asset can be measured reliably. MAT credit entitlement is reviewed at each balance sheet date and written down

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to the extent there is no convincing evidence to the effect that the Company will pay normal income tax during the specified period.

Current and deferred tax for the year

Current and deferred tax are recognized in profit or loss, except when they relate to items that are recognized in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, in which case, the current and deferred tax are also recognized in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively.

g. Provisions, contingent liabilities and contingent assets

The Company creates a provision when there is present obligation as a result of past event that probably requires an outflow of resources, and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation. A disclosure for a contingent liability is made when there is a possible obligation or a present obligation that may, but probably will not, require an outflow of resources. Where there is a possible obligation or a present obligation in respect of which the likelihood of outflow of resources is remote, no provision or disclosure is made. Contingent assets are neither recognized nor disclosed in the financial statements.

Provision for onerous contracts i.e., contacts where the expected unavoidable costs of meeting the obligations under the contract exceed the economic benefits expected to be received under it, are recognized when it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle a present obligation as a result of an obligating event, based on reliable estimate of such obligation.

h. Earnings Per Share

Basic earnings per equity share is computed by dividing the net profit for the year attributable to the Equity Shareholders by the weighted average number of equities shares outstanding during the year. Diluted earnings per share is computed by dividing the net profit for the year, adjusted for the effects of dilutive potential equity shares, attributable to the Equity Shareholders by the weighted average number of the equity shares and dilutive potential equity shares outstanding during the year except where the results are anti-dilutive.

i. Cash Flow Statements

Cash flows are reported using the indirect method, whereby profit for the period is adjusted for the effects of transactions of a non-cash nature, any deferrals or accruals of past or future operating cash receipts or payments and item of income or expenses associated with investing or financing cash flows. The cash flows from operating, investing and financing activities of the Company are segregated.

j. Financial Instruments:

Initial Recognition

The Company recognizes financial assets and financial liabilities when it becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. All financial assets and liabilities are recognized at fair value on initial recognition, except for trade receivables which are initially measured at transaction price. Transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of financial assets and financial liabilities, which are not at fair value through profit or loss, are added to the fair value on initial recognition. Regular way purchase and sale of financial assets are accounted for at trade date.

Subsequent Measurement

i) Financial Assets carried at Amortized Cost

A financial asset is subsequently measured at amortized cost if it is held within a business model whose objective is to hold the asset in order to collect contractual cash flows and the contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

ii) Financial Assets at Fair Value through Other Comprehensive Income

A financial asset is subsequently measured at fair value through other comprehensive income if it is held within a business model whose objective is achieved by both collecting contractual cash flows and selling financial assets and the contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding. The Company has made an irrevocable election for its investments which are classified as equity instruments to present the subsequent changes in fair value in other comprehensive income based on its business model.

iii) Financial Assets at Fair Value through Profit or Loss

A financial asset, which is not classified in any of the above categories, is subsequently fair valued through profit or loss.

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iv) Impairment of Financial Assets

The Company recognizes loss allowances using the expected credit loss (ECL) model for the financial assets which are not fair valued through profit or loss. Loss allowance for trade receivables with no significant financing component is measured at an amount equal to lifetime ECL. For all other financial assets, ECLs are measured at an amount equal to the 12-month ECL, unless there has been a significant increase in credit risk from initial recognition in which case those are measured at lifetime ECL, as applicable, as the case may be. The amount of ECLs (or reversals, if any) that is required to adjust the loss allowance at the reporting date to the amount that is required to be recognized is recognized as an impairment gain or loss in the profit or loss.

v) Financial Liabilities

Financial liabilities are subsequently carried at amortized cost using the effective interest method, except for contingent consideration recognized in a business combination, which is subsequently measured at fair value through profit or loss. For trade and other payables maturing within one year from the Balance Sheet date, the carrying amounts approximate fair value due to the short maturity of these instruments.

Derecognition of Financial Instruments

The company derecognizes a financial asset when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the financial asset expire or it transfers the financial asset, and the transfer qualifies for derecognition under Ind AS 109. A financial liability (or a part of a financial liability) is derecognized from the Company's Balance Sheet when the obligation specified in the contract is discharged or cancelled or expires.

k. Operating Cycle

Based on the nature of activities of the company and the normal time between rendering of services and their realisation in cash or cash equivalents, the Company has determined its operating cycle as 12 months for the purpose of classification of its assets and liabilities as current and non-current.

l. Leases

The company assesses whether a contract contains a lease at the inception of the contract. A contract is, or contains, a lease if the contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration. To assess whether a contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset, the company assesses whether (i) the contract involves the use of an identified asset (ii) the company has substantially all of the economic benefits from the use of the asset through the period of the lease and (iii) the company has the right to direct the use of the asset. The company has applied the exemption of not to recognize Right to Use assets and liabilities for leases with less than 12 months of lease term on the date of initial application as a practical expediency. For these short term and low value leases, the Company recognises the lease payments as an operating expense on a straight line basis over the term of the lease.

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	Property, Plant and Equipment Tangible Assets				
	Description	Plant & Machinery	Tools & Equipments	Furniture	Total
	Gross Block				
	Balance as at 31st March 2020	68,250,000	50,280	26,000	68,326,280
	Additions			277,300	277,300
	Balance as at 31st March 2021	68,250,000	50,280	303,300	68,603,580
	Accumulated Depreciation				
	Balance as at 31st March 2020	14,610,780	23,352	18,655	14,652,787
	Charge for the year	6,057,378	6,971	19,404	6,083,753
-	Balance as at 31st March 2021	20,668,158	30,323	38,059	20,736,540
	Net Block				
-	Balance as at 31st March 2021	47,581,842	19,957	265,241	47,867,040
L	Balance as at 31st March 2020	53,639,220	26,928	7,345	53,673,493
	Loans – Non-Current Unsecured, Considered Good)			** 100 100 *	o k oorenear
				As at	As at
	lanca and dament Believe	lana Tana	3	1-Mar-21	31-Mar-20
	Loans and advances to Related parti- Other Loans and Advances	es		150 000	222,
	Total		· ·	152,333	191,
	Total			152,333	413,8
	Inter Corporate Loans are taken for wor	king capital requiren	nents. The loan car	ries an interest ra	te of 8% per ann
7	Inter Corporate Loans are taken for wor on the outstanding amount. (Refer note Frade Receivables	king capital requiren 26)	nents. The loan car	ries an interest ra	te of 8% per ann
7 (on the outstanding amount. (Refer note Frade Receivables (Unsecured)	king capital requiren 26)	nents. The loan car		
T (on the outstanding amount. (Refer note Trade Receivables	king capital requiren 26)	nents. The loan car	19,102,383	13,218,82
7 (T	on the outstanding amount. (Refer note Frade Receivables Unsecured) Frade Receivables	king capital requiren 26)	nents. The loan car		13,218,82
T (on the outstanding amount. (Refer note Frade Receivables (Unsecured) Frade Receivables Fotal	king capital requiren 26)	nents. The loan car	19,102,383	13,218,82
T (((((((((((((((((((on the outstanding amount. (Refer note Frade Receivables (Unsecured) Frade Receivables Fotal Refer Note: 28&29)	king capital requiren 26)	nents. The loan car	19,102,383	13,218,82 13,218,82
7 (((((((((((((((((((on the outstanding amount. (Refer note Frade Receivables Unsecured) Frade Receivables Fotal Refer Note: 28&29) Cash and Cash Equivalent	king capital requiren 26)	nents. The loan car	19,102,383	13,218,82 13,218,82
7 (((((((((((((((((((on the outstanding amount. (Refer note Frade Receivables Unsecured) Frade Receivables Fotal Refer Note: 28&29) Cash and Cash Equivalent Cash on hand Balance with Banks In Current Accounts	king capital requiren 26)	nents. The loan car	19,102,383	13,218,82 13,218,82 13,218,82
7 (T	on the outstanding amount. (Refer note Trade Receivables Unsecured) Trade Receivables Total Refer Note: 28&29) Cash and Cash Equivalent Cash on hand Balance with Banks	26)	nents. The loan car	19,102,383 19,102,383	13,218,82 13,218,82
7 (TT () C E	on the outstanding amount. (Refer note Frade Receivables Unsecured) Frade Receivables Fotal Refer Note: 28&29) Cash and Cash Equivalent Cash on hand Balance with Banks In Current Accounts In Fixed Deposits	ance Sheet		19,102,383 19,102,383 - 1,604,629	13,218,82 13,218,82 93 1,409,83
T (on the outstanding amount. (Refer note Trade Receivables Unsecured) Trade Receivables Total Refer Note: 28&29) Cash and Cash Equivalent Cash on hand Balance with Banks In Current Accounts In Fixed Deposits Cash and Cash Equivalents as per Balance	ance Sheet		19,102,383 19,102,383 - 1,604,629 1,604,629	13,218,82 13,218,82 93 1,409,83
7 (T T () C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C	on the outstanding amount. (Refer note Trade Receivables Unsecured) Trade Receivables Total Refer Note: 28&29) Cash and Cash Equivalent Cash on hand Balance with Banks In Current Accounts In Fixed Deposits Cash and Cash Equivalents as per Bal Cash and Cash Equivalents as per Cast Loan – Current	ance Sheet		19,102,383 19,102,383 - 1,604,629 1,604,629	13,218,82 13,218,82 93 1,409,83 1,410,77 1,410,77
T (. C C I (. C C I	on the outstanding amount. (Refer note Trade Receivables Unsecured) Trade Receivables Total Refer Note: 28&29) Cash and Cash Equivalent Cash on hand Balance with Banks In Current Accounts In Fixed Deposits Cash and Cash Equivalents as per Bal Cash and Cash Equivalents as per Bal Cash and Cash Equivalents as per Cast Cash and Cash Equivalents as per Cast Cash and Cash Equivalents as per Cast Coan – Current Unsecured, Considered Good)	ance Sheet		19,102,383 19,102,383 - 1,604,629 1,604,629	13,218,82 13,218,82 93 1,409,83
	on the outstanding amount. (Refer note Trade Receivables Unsecured) Trade Receivables Total Refer Note: 28&29) Cash and Cash Equivalent Cash on hand Balance with Banks In Current Accounts In Fixed Deposits Cash and Cash Equivalents as per Bal Cash and Cash Equivalents as per Cast Coan – Current Unsecured, Considered Good) Other Loans	ance Sheet		19,102,383 19,102,383 - 1,604,629 1,604,629	13,218,82 13,218,82 93 1,409,83 1,410,77 1,410,77
	on the outstanding amount. (Refer note Trade Receivables Unsecured) Trade Receivables Total Refer Note: 28&29) Cash and Cash Equivalent Cash on hand Balance with Banks In Current Accounts In Fixed Deposits Cash and Cash Equivalents as per Bal Cash and Cash Equivalents as per Cast Cash and Cash Equivalents as per Cast Loan – Current Unsecured, Considered Good) Other Loans Total	ance Sheet		19,102,383 19,102,383 - 1,604,629 1,604,629	13,218,82 13,218,82 93 1,409,83 1,410,77 1,410,77
	on the outstanding amount. (Refer note Trade Receivables Unsecured) Trade Receivables Total Refer Note: 28&29) Cash and Cash Equivalent Cash on hand Balance with Banks In Current Accounts In Fixed Deposits Cash and Cash Equivalents as per Bal Cash and Cash Equivalents as per Bal Cash and Cash Equivalents as per Cast Loan – Current Unsecured, Considered Good) Other Loans Total Other Financial Assets	ance Sheet		19,102,383 19,102,383 - 1,604,629 1,604,629	13,218,82 13,218,82 93 1,409,83 1,410,77 1,410,77 109,0
	On the outstanding amount. (Refer note Trade Receivables Unsecured) Trade Receivables Total Refer Note: 28&29) Cash and Cash Equivalent Cash on hand Balance with Banks In Current Accounts In Fixed Deposits Cash and Cash Equivalents as per Bal Cash and Cash Equivalents as per Cast Cash and Cash Equivalents as per Cast Cash and Cash Equivalents as per Cast Coan – Current Unsecured, Considered Good) Other Loans Total Other Financial Assets Interest Accrued not due Total Other Current Assets	ance Sheet sh Flow Statements		19,102,383 19,102,383 - 1,604,629 1,604,629	13,218,82 13,218,82 93 1,409,83 1,410,77 1,410,77 109,05
	on the outstanding amount. (Refer note Trade Receivables Unsecured) Trade Receivables Total Refer Note: 28&29) Cash and Cash Equivalent Cash on hand Balance with Banks In Current Accounts In Fixed Deposits Cash and Cash Equivalents as per Bal Cash and Cash Equivalents as per Bal Cash and Cash Equivalents as per Cast Loan – Current Unsecured, Considered Good) Other Loans Total Other Financial Assets Interest Accrued not due Total Other Current Assets Unsecured, Considered Good)	ance Sheet		19,102,383 19,102,383 - 1,604,629 1,604,629	13,218,82 13,218,82 93 1,409,83 1,410,77 1,410,77 109,0 109,05
T (. C) (.	On the outstanding amount. (Refer note Trade Receivables Unsecured) Trade Receivables Total Refer Note: 28&29) Cash and Cash Equivalent Cash on hand Balance with Banks In Current Accounts In Fixed Deposits Cash and Cash Equivalents as per Bal Cash and Cash Equivalents as per Cast Cash and Cash Equivalents as per Cast Cash and Cash Equivalents as per Cast Coan – Current Unsecured, Considered Good) Other Loans Total Other Financial Assets Interest Accrued not due Total Other Current Assets	ance Sheet sh Flow Statements		19,102,383 19,102,383 - 1,604,629 1,604,629	13,218,82 13,218,82 93 1,409,83 1,410,77 1,410,77 109,05

11. Share Capital

Authorised	As at 31 March 2021 :	As at 31 March 2020
40000 Equity Shares of ₹ 10 each	400,000	400,000
Issued, Subscribed and Paid up	400,000	400,000
10000 Equity Shares of ₹ 10 each	100,000	100,000 100,000

a.Reconciliation of the shares outstanding at the beginning and at the end of the reporting		rch 2021	31 March	1 2020
Equity Shares	Number	Amount	Number	Amount
At the commencement of the year Shares issued during the year	10,000	100,000	10,000	100,000
At the end of the year				
Societies Valente	10,000	100,000	10,000	100,000

Rights, preferences and restrictions attached to equity shares

The company has a single class of equity shares. Accordingly, all equity shares rank equally with regard to dividends and share in the company's residual assets. The equity shares are entitled to receive dividend as declared from time to time after subject to dividend to preference shareholders. The voting rights of an equity shareholder on a poll (not show of hands) are in proportion to its share of the paid-up equity capital of the company.

On winding up of the company, the holder of equity shares will be entitled to receive the residual assets of the company, remaining after distribution of all preferential amounts in proportion to the number of equity shares held.

b. Particulars of shareholders holding more		rch 2021	31 Marc	h 2020
than 5% shares of a class of shares Equity shares of ₹ 10 each fully paid held by Sherisha Solar LLP	Number	(% of total shares)	Number	(% of total shares)
SIL Rooftop Solar Power Private Limited Durgappa	74,000	74%	74,000	74%
~ Bulpha	26,000	26%	26,000	26%
part of France	100,000	100%	100,000	100.00%

As a part of Framework agreement, identified C&I business under Sherisha Solar Private Limited (SSPL) were transferred to SIL Rooftop Solar Power Private Limited (Holding of SSPL) for a valued business consideration. SSPL later has been converted into Sherisha Solar LLP (SSLLP) on October 29, 2020. On Dec 15th, SS LLP ownership of 36% of the partnership interest & economic interest constituting 99% has been transferred to the SunEdison Infrastructure Limited (SIL - holding of SIL Rooftop Solar Power Private Ltd).

12. Other Equity

Retained Earnings		
Equity component of optionally convertible professional	1,831,341	(7,957,650)
Total Total	49,262,617	49,262,617
OCV	51,093,958	41,304,967





A RETAINED EARNINGS				
Opening Balance				
Add: Surplus/Loss during the year			7,957,650)	(9,070,930
to a plast boss during the year			9,788,991	1,113,279
Less: Transfer to General Reserve			1,831,341	(7,957,650
Closing Balance		-		
			1,831,341	(7,957,650
B EQUITY COMPONENT OF COMPOUND				
FINANCIAL INSTRUMENT				
Opening balance		- 10		
Add: Shares issued during the year		49	9,262,617	-
Less: Liability component of OCPRS			1 <u>=</u> 1	58,810,782
Closing Balance		-		9,548,165
27 Table 1 Tab		49	,262,617	49,262,617
Total				
			093,958	41,304,967
		As at		As at
. Authorised share capital		31 March 2021		31 March 2020
5,00,000 Preference shares of ₹ 10 each				
5,00,000 i reference shares of ₹ 10 each		5,000,000		5,000,000
Issued Subsaribed and B. L.		5,000,000		5,000,000
Issued, Subscribed and Paid up share capital		,	·	
316187 (Previous year: 316187) Optionally		3,161,870		3,161,870
Convertible Preference Shares of ₹ 10 each	12	Maria de la composición dela composición de la composición de la composición de la composición dela composición dela composición dela composición de la composición de la composición de la composición dela composición de la composición dela composición de		2,101,070
		3,161,870	-	3,161,870
Reconciliation of the shares outstanding at		12 12/2001		
the beginning and at the end of the reporting	31 Mar		31 Mar	ch 2020
o g and the end of the reporting	Number	Amount	Number	Amount
Optionally convertible Preference Shares				
At the commencement of the year	316,187	2.171.070		
Shares issued during the year	310,167	3,161,870		-
Shares redeemed during the year	-	-	316,187	3,161,870
At the end of the year	216 107	2 1/1 076		
900° 1000000 ₩ 070.555	316,187	3,161,870	316,187	3,161,870

c. Rights, preferences and restrictions attached to preference shares

0.01 % Optionally convertible non-cumulative preference shares were issued in the month of December' 19 (316187 Shares @ Rs.10; Premium of Rs.176) pursuant to the share holders agreement. Optionally convertible non - cumulative preference shares are convertible into equity share of par value Rs.10/- in the ratio of 1:1. These preference shares are convertible at any time on or before the end of nineteenth year from the date of issuance at the option of the company. Preference shares shall be mandatorily converted to equity shares upon completion of a period of 19 (Nineteen) years from the date of issuance and allotment of such preference shares. The holders of these shares are entitled to a non-cumulative dividend 0.01%. Preference shares carry a preferential right as to dividend over equity shareholders. The preference shares are entitled to one vote per share at meetings of the Company on any resolutions of the Company directly involving their rights.

d. Particulars of shareholders holding more than 5% shares of a class of shares

*	31 March	2021	31 March	2020
Sherisha Solar LLP	Number	%	Number	%
SIL Rooftop Solar Power Private Limited	316,187	100%	316,187	100%
ERGYPRI	316,187	100%	316,187	100%
2 CHENNAI-1				

31. Borrowings- Long Term SECURED As at 31-Mar-21 As at 31-Mar-20 Bank Borrowings 3,189,852 8,738,286 Less: Current Maturities of Long term Borrwings 1,379,316 1,379,316 Total 1,810,536 7,358,970

Bank Borrowings includes the Term loan sanctioned of Rs 2.00 crores during the year 2017-18, with a current outstanding as on 31.03.2021 amounting to Rs.31,89,852 (March 2020: 87,38,286). The loan is repayable by Jun 2029. Loan is secured by hypothecation of all Plant & Machineries procured for setting up the project & farmer's land of 5 acres, personal guarantee of Sunny Chandrakumar Jain, Anil Jain, Mandi Durgappa, Corporate guarantee of Sherisha Solar LLP. Refex Industries Limited & Sherisha Technologies Private Limited. Collateral Security of Egattur Property measuring 1725 sq.feet held by Anil Jain, assignment of Power Purchase Agreement and Pledge of 51% of Promoter Share. The loan carries an interest rate of 11.15% as on 31.03.2021(31.03.2020: 12.60%)

UNSECURED

Inter Corporate Deposits from Related Parties 0.01 % Non- Cumulative Optionally Convertible Preference Shares	1,680,145 10,983,507	9,828,642
Total	12,663,652	9,828,642

0.01 % Optionally convertible non-cumulative preference shares were issued in the month of December' 19 (316187 Shares @ Rs.10; Premium of Rs.176) pursuant to the shareholders agreement. Optionally convertible non - cumulative preference shares are convertible into equity share of par value Rs.10/- in the ratio of 1:1.

As per Accounting Standards (GAAP), the Par value of the Preference Shares are grouped under Share Capital & Premium paid on the Preference Shares are grouped under Securities Premium Reserve. Since the OCPS are in nature of compound financial instrument, as per Ind AS classification, the Equity component of the Preference Shares is regrouped under the Equity Component of Compound Financial Instrument, the financial liability portion of the OCPS shares are grouped under the Long-term borrowings (Unsecured) & Interest (calculated on EIR method) is charged till its redeemed / converted. Equity portion of OCPS is grouped under Other Equity.

Inter Corporate Loans are taken for working capital requirements. The loan carries an interest rate of 8% per annum on the outstanding amount. (Refer note 26)

14. Trade Payable Due to	14	. 7	Frade	Pavable	Due to
--------------------------	----	-----	-------	---------	--------

Micro and Small Enterprise		
	279,911	121,784
Other than Micro and Small Enterprise	500 (100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100	121,704
Total	270.011	
(Refer Note 27)	279,911	121,784
15. Other Financial Liabilities - Current		
Interest accrued but not paid		
Current maturities on Longterm borrowings	14,894	**
Other Payables	1,379,316	1,379,316
Total	137,200	
1 otai	1,531,410	75,000 1,454,316
16. Provisions		1,754,510
Provision		
Total	13,702	
Total	13,702	-
17. Other Current Liabilities		
Statutory Dues (GST, TDS, etc.,)		
Total	14,548	1,050
BCD&C	14,548	1,050
101		





18. Revenue from Operations		For the Year ended 31-Mar-21	For the Year ended
Sale of Power		12,472,168	
Total	·-	12,472,168	12,629,215 12,629,215
19. Other Income	·	12,172,100	12,029,213
Interest Income			
Other Income		76,977	6,234
Total	_		5,763
	-	76,977	11,997
20. Employee Benefit Expenses			
Salaries and wages		68,410	
Total	_	68,410	-
21. Finance Cost			
Interest cost			
Interest on Inter Corporate Deposits		2,076,691	1,545,832
Commitment Interest - Term Loan		130,112	i a)
Interest on Term Loan		59,590	59,754
Loan Processing Charges- Amortised		693,103	1,162,135
Interest on Financial Laibility - OCPS		39,021	43,466
Other Borrowing Cost		1,154,865	280,477
Total		28,615	106,119
	-	2,105,306	1,651,951
22. Depreciation & Amortisation			
Depreciation		6,083,753	6,841,916
Preliminary Expenses Write off			8,000
Total		6,083,753	6,849,916
23. Other Expenses			
Rates and Taxes		249,752	173,851
Professional Fees		226,461	5,100
Payment to Auditors		174,300	94,470
Travelling Expenses		129	J4,470 -
Operations and Maintenance		918,838	759,879
Rebate		173,470	155,545
Insurance Expenses		130,856	100,762
Miscellaneous Expenses		67,815	93,681
Total		1,941,621	1,383,288
Payment to Auditors			
Statutory Audit		125,000	*** ***
Certification & Other Charges		135,000	75,000
***	_	39,300 174,300	19,470 94,470
4. Tax Expenses	_		
		For the yea ended	r For the year ended
			021 31st March 202
Current Tou		o . o . iviai (ii 2	ozi otsewaren 20.
Current Tax Deferred Tax	&CD&C		-
	(0)	(7,438,9	
Tax reported in Profit & Loss	CHENNAI-14 FRN 016415S	(7,438,9	37) 1,642,77

Bangalore

A	Deferred Tax Liabilities (Net) Deferred Tax Liabilities	As at 31 March 2021	As at 31 March 2020
	Fixed assets: Impact of difference between tax depreciation and depreciation/amortisation for financial reporting Gross Deferred Tax Liability Deferred Tax Assets	9,006,494 9,006,494	8,836,036 8,836,03 6
	Financial assets at amortized cost Carried Forward Unabsorbed Depn Losses Gross Deferred Tax Assets	38,339 7,620,808 7,659,147	49,752 49,752
	Net Deferred Tax Liability	1,347,347	8,786,284
В	Reconciliation of Deferred Tax liability Opening Deferred Tax Laibility		
	Deferred Credit recorded in Statement of Profit & Loss	8,786,284	7,143,506
	Deferred Tax change recorded in OCI	(7,438,937)	1,642,778
	Closing Deferred Tax Liability (Net)	1,347,347	8,786,284

25. Earnings Per Share (EPS)

Basic earnings per equity share is computed by dividing the net profit attributable to the equity holders of the Company by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the period. Diluted earnings per equity share is computed by dividing the net profit attributable to the equity holders of the Company by the weighted average number of equity shares considered for deriving basic earnings per equity share and also the weighted average number of equity shares that could have been issued upon conversion of all dilutive potential equity shares.

The dilutive potential equity shares are adjusted for the proceeds receivable had the equity shares been actually issued at fair value (i.e. the average market value of the outstanding equity shares). Dilutive potential equity shares are determined independently for each period presented.

a. Net profit after Tax/(loss) attributable to equity	3/31/2021	3/31/2020
shareholders for calculation of EPS b. Weighted average number of equity shares	9,788,991	1,113,279
outstanding during the period c. Basic Earnings per share d. Weighted average number of Potential Equity shares	10,000 978.90	10,000 111.33
outstanding during the period e. Diluted Earnings per share Related Party Transactions	326,187 30.01	89,696 12.41

a. List of Related Parties*

Name of the Related Party and Nature of Relationship

Nature of Relationship	Name of the Related Party Sunction Infrastructure Limited (From 3-Jan-2020)	
Ultimate Holding Company		
Holding Company	SIL Rooftop Solar Power Private Limited (From 1st Oct 2020)	
	Sherisha Solar LLP** (Till 1st October 2020)	
Entities in which share holders / directors	Sherisha Technologies Pvt Ltd	
exert significant influence	Swelter Energy Private Limited	
Ni	Megamic Electronics	
Directors	Dhurugappa	
	Dinesh Kumar Agarwal	
as identified but the	Sunny Chandrakumar Jain	

^{*} as identified by the management and relied upon by the auditors

Sherisha Solar LLP was converted from Sherisha Solar Private Limited on October 28, 2020.



Nature of the Transaction	Name of Related Party	For the year ended March	For the year ended March
Preference Shares Issued (Issue Price)		31, 2021	31, 2020
Transfer of Equity Shares (Face	Sherisha Solar LLP	-	58,810,782
Value)	Sherisha Solar LLP to SIL Rooftop Private Limited	74,000	
Transfer of Preference Shares (Face Value)	Sherisha Solar LLP to SIL Rooftop Private Limited	3,161,870	
Interest Expense	SIL Rooftop Solar Power Pvt Ltd		-
Interest Expense	Sherisha Technologies Pvt Ltd	16,102	
Interest Income	Sherisha Solar LLP	114,010	
Operation & Maintenance Charges	Sunedison Infrastructure Limited	76,976 694,675	6,234
Repairs & Maintenance	Megamic Electronics	43,719	
Ann Dames 1	Swelter Energy Private Limited	172,500	1.005.000
oon A.J., 1	Swelter Energy Private Limited	172,500	1,095,000
oan Para	Sherisha Solar LLP	2,000,100	1,095,000
oan Repayment received oan Repaid	Sherisha Solar LLP	2,222,611	4.025.215
oon D 1	Sherisha Solar LLP	2,222,011	4,025,315
con D - 11	Sherisha Solar LLP	_	749,976
oon D	Sherisha Technologies Pvt Ltd	3,940,750	59,338,248
onn D	Sherisha Technologies Pvt Ltd	3,940,750	
c. Balance at Year end	SIL Rooftop Solar Power Pvt Ltd	1,680,145	

Nature of the Transaction	Name of Related Party	For the year ended March	For the year ended March
Creditors	Sunedison Infrastructure Limited	31, 2021	31, 2020
Creditors	Megamic Electronics	150,752	-
Loan Receivable		7,375	_
Loan Payable	Sherisha Solar LLP	-	222,511
nterest Receivable	SIL Rooftop Solar Power Pvt Ltd	1,680,145	222,311
nterest Payable	Sherisha Solar LLP	-	5.611
a yabic	SIL Rooftop Solar Power Pvt Ltd	14,894	5,611

27. Disclosures required under Section 22 of the Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006

The management has identified certain enterprises which have provided goods and services to the Company, and which qualify under the definition of 'Micro and Small Enterprises' as defined under Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006 ("the Act"). Accordingly, the disclosure in respect of the amounts payable to such enterprises as of 31st March 2021 and 31st March 2020 have been made in the financial statements based on information available with the Company and relied upon by the auditors.

	and matter availab
As at 31 March 2021	As at 31 March 2020
279,911	121,784
	121,764
	· ···
-	
* <u>**</u>	BCD&C
-	CHENNAL 14 (*)
	B (FRN 0164158) E
	100 ACCO 322
	31 March 2021

28. Fair Value Measurements A. Financial Instrument by Category **Particulars** As at 31 March 2021 Fair value hierarchy **FVPL FVOCI** Amortised cost Level 1 Level II **Financial Assets** Level III Trade Receivables 19,102,383 Cash and cash equivalents 1,604,629 Loans 152,333 Other Financial Assets TOTAL ASSETS 20,859,346 Financial Liabilities Borrowings 14,474,188 Trade Payable 279,911 Other Financial Liabilities 1,531,410 TOTAL LIABILITIES 16,285,509

Particulars	As at 31 March 2020			Fair value hierarchy		
Financial Assets	FVPL	FVOCI	Amortised cost	Level I	Level II	Level III
						Ecveriii
Trade Receivables	127		12 219 920			
Cash and cash equivalents		_	13,218,829	-		
Loans		2	1,410,774	_	1	
Other Financial Assets	-	-	522,915			
TOTAL ASSETS	2	*	5,611	-		
TOTAL ASSETS	-		15,158,128	-	-	

Fair value hierarchy

Level I - Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.

Level 2 - Inputs other than quoted prices included within Level I that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (i.e., as prices) or indirectly (i.e. Derived from prices).

Level 3 - Inputs for the assets or liabilities that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs). Accordingly, these are classified as level 3 of fair value hierarchy.

B. Financial risk management

The Company business activities are exposed to a variety of financial risks, namely liquidity risk, foreign currency risks and credit risk. The Company's management has the overall responsibility for establishing and governing the Company risk management framework. The management is responsible for developing and monitoring the Company risk management policies. The Company risk management policies are established to identify and analyse the risks faced by the Company, to set and monitor appropriate risk limits and controls, periodically review the changes in market conditions and reflect the changes in the policy accordingly. The key risks and mitigating actions are also placed before the Board of directors of the Company.

i. Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk of financial loss to the company if a customer or counterparty to a financial instrument fails to meet its contractual obligations and arises principally from Company's trade receivables and other financial

The carrying amount of financial assets represents the maximum credit exposure which is as follows:





	Carrying :	Carrying amount		
Trade receivables	As at	As at 31 March 2020		
Cash and cash equivalents	19,102,383	13,218,829		
Loans	1,604,629	1,410,774		
Other financial assets	152,333	522,915		
	-	5,611		
Frade receivables	20,859,346	15,158,128		

Trade receivables are typically unsecured and are derived from revenue earned from customers. The company have an outstanding trade receivable amounting to Rs. 1.91 Crs from BESCOM as at 31st March 2021. As per Power Purchase Agreement (PPA) with BESCOM, Power Price is agreed at Rs.8.4/- per unit & invoice raised accordingly. BESCOM paid only Rs.4.36/- per unit against Rs.8.40/- per unit stating delay in the commissioning of the project by the company. The company has appealed to KERC for release of the balance Rs.4.04/- per unit, for which KERC has ruled the Appeal in BESCOM's favour. The company has appealed to the Karnataka High Court. As per Supreme Court decision, the company has withdrawn the case before High Court of Karnataka and has filed the appeal before the APTEL New Delhi against the KERC Order. So, we haven't provided any provision for doubtful debts till the final order from APTEL. The total amount held by BESCOM is Rs.1.79 Crs will be released only after final order from APTEL. Cash and cash equivalents

The Company held cash and cash equivalents with credit worthy banks as at the reporting dates which has been measured on the 12-month expected loss basis. The credit worthiness of such banks and financial institutions are evaluated by the management on an ongoing basis and is considered to be good with low credit risk.

ii. Liquidity Risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the company will encounter difficulty in meeting obligation, associated with financial liabilities that are settled by delivering cash or another financial asset. The Company manages liquidity risk by maintaining adequate reserves, banking facilities and reserve borrowing facilities, by continuously monitoring forecast and actual cash flows and matching the maturity profiles of financial assets and liabilities. The Company has access to a sufficient variety of sources of funding. Having regards to the nature of the business wherein the Company is able to generate fixed cash flows over a period of time and to optimize the cost of funding, the Company, from time to time, funds its long-term investment from short-term sources. The short-term borrowings can be roll forward or, if required, can be refinanced from long term borrowings. In addition, processes and policies related to such risks are overseen by senior management.

The table below provides details regarding the contractual maturities of significant financial liabilities as at

Particulars	Less than	As at 31 M		
Borrowings	one year	1-2 years	2 years and above	Total
Trade Payables	250 044	1,379,316	13,094,872	14,474,188
Other Financial Liabilities	279,911	-	-	279.911
Total	1,531,410 1,811,321	1,379,316	13,094,872	- 1,531,410
Particulars	•	As at 31 March 2020		
Borrowings	Less than one year	1-2 years	2 years and above	Total
rade Payables	121.704	1,379,316	15,808,296	17,187,612
Other Financial Liabilities	8 C 121,784 1,454,316	53	-	121,784
Total CHENN	1,576,100	1,379,316	15,808,296	1,454,316 1875 A.B.12
CHENN FRN 011	6415S N			12
REDAG	CCO			Bangalore

(iii) Foreign Currency Risk

The Company's operations are largely within India and hence the exposure to foreign currency risk is very minimal.

29. Contingent Liabilities & Commitments

- a. As per Power Purchase Agreement (PPA) with BESCOM, Power Price is agreed at Rs.8.4/- per unit & invoice raised accordingly. BESCOM paid only Rs.4.36/- per unit against Rs.8.40/- per unit stating delay in the commissioning of the project by the company. The company has appealed to KREDL for release of the balance Rs.4.04/- per unit, for which KERC has ruled the Appeal in BESCOM's favour. The company has appealed to the Karnataka High Court. As per Supreme Court decision, the company has withdrawn the case before High Court of Karnataka and has filed the appeal before the APTEL New Delhi against the KERC Order. Hence, until and unless a Final Judgement is passed by APTEL New Delhi, the balance portion of Rs.59,98,519.28 (14,84,782 X Rs.4.04) for the FY 2020-21, Rs.60,74,051 (1503478 X Rs.4.04) for the year 2019-20, Rs.58,29,057 /- (14,36,136 X 4.04) for FY 2018-19 (FY 2017-18 Rs. 27,068/- (6700 X Rs.4.04)) will not be written off or reversed from the Books of Accounts.
- The amount to be paid (Rs.1.23 per unit) to the Farmer as dividend (as per MOU), have not been recognized in the Financial Statements, since the company has not attained profitability. As per MOU, Farmer share will proportionately reduce if the Power price is reduced by BESCOM. From FY 2017-18 to FY 2020-21, no payment is made towards farmer, since the Farmer Share is not ascertained due to pending legal proceedings.
- c. The above-mentioned Statements were substantially reiterated by the Management in a written representation to

30. Segment Reporting

The Company is mainly engaged in the business of generation and selling of power in India. Based on the information reported for the purpose of resource allocation and assessment of performance, there are no reportable segments in accordance with the requirements of Indian Accounting Standard 108-'Operating Segments', notified under the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015.

- 31. The outbreak of Coronavirus (COVID -19) pandemic globally and in India is causing significant disturbance and slowdown of economic activity. The Company has evaluated impact of this pandemic on its business operations. assessed the Company's liquidity position for the next one year and evaluated the recoverability and carrying value of its assets as of March 31, 2021. Based on its review, consideration of internal and external information up to the date of approval of these financial statements and current indicators of future economic conditions relevant to the Company's operations, management has concluded that there are no adjustments required to the Company's financial statements. However, the estimated impact of COVID 19 might vary from the date of approval of these financial statements and the Company will continue to monitor any material changes to future economic conditions.
- 32. Previous year's figures are regrouped / rearranged, where necessary, to confirm to the current year's presentation.

See accompanying notes to the Financial Statements :1-32

As per our report of even date

For ABCD & Co.

Chartered Accountants

Firm No: 0164155

Vina Kumar Bachhawat Partner

Membership No: 214520

Place: Chennai, Date: 05.08.2021 For Singe Solar Energy Pvt Ltd

Director

Dinesh Kumar Agarwal

nesh

Bangal

Director

DIN: 07544759