Balance Sheet as at 31st March 2021			
(All amounts are in Indian rupees, unless otherwise stated	")		
2000 (1.00 (As at	As at
	Notes	31-Mar-21	31-Mar-20
ASSETS			31-Mai-20
NON-CURRENT ASSETS			
Property, Plant and Equipment	4	87,268,252	00 210 40
Deferred Tax Assets (Net)	21	7,045,256	98,318,68
Total Non-Current Assets	-	94,313,508	98,318,687
CURRENT ASSETS	_		
Financial Assets			
Trade Receivables		2/	700000000000000000000000000000000000000
Cash and Cash Equivalents	5	36,731,971	17,781,048
Loans	6	110,331	102,491
Other Current Assets	7	53,000	53,000
Total Current assets	8	201,395	205,926
Total Assets	_	37,096,697	18,142,465
	-	131,410,205	116,461,152
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES EQUITY Equity Share Capital	9	100,000	100,000
Other Equity	10	98,604,555	(46,680,178)
Total Equity	_	98,704,555	(46,580,178)
LIABILITIES			
Non-Current Liabilities			
Financial Liabilities			
Borrowings	11	31,362,123	135 471 900
Deferred Tax Liabilities (Net)	21	البشاة وشاراتهواه الد	135,471,800 17,890,180
Total Non-Current Liabilities		31,362,123	153,361,980
2			155,561,560
Current Liabilities			
inancial Liabilities			
Trade Payables Due to			
Micro and Small Enterprises	12	1,136,165	853,972
Other than Micro and Small Enterprises		3,776	-
Other Financial Liabilities	13	174,377	7,946,864
Other Current Liabilities	14	29,209	878,514
otal Current Liabilities	1733400	1,343,527	9,679,350
Total Liabilities	<u>198</u> 1000	32,705,650	163,041,330
Total Equity and Liabilities ee accompanying notes to the Financial Statements: 1-28	le de les	131,410,205	116,461,152
10 D 20 D			

As per our report of even date

For ABCD & Co, Chartered Accountants Firm No: 016415S

Vinay Kumar Bachhawat - Carpe Membership No: 214520

Place: Chennai, Date: 05.08.2021 For Torrid Solar Power Private Limited

Director

DIN: 07544759

Dinesh Kumar Agarwal

Director

TORRID SOLAR POWER PRIVATE LIMITED

CIN: U74999KA2017PTC102966

Statement of Profit and Loss for the year ended 31 March 2021

(All amounts are in Indian rupees, unless otherwise stated)

Nicovis		For the Year ended 31-Mar-21	For the Year ended 31-Mar-20
INCOME			
Revenue From Operations	15	18,950,922	16,809,705
Other Income	16		195,948
Total Income		18,950,922	17,005,653
EXPENSES			
Finance Costs	17	5,752,731	8,754,333
Depreciation / Amortisation Expenses	18	11,118,699	12,546,119
Other Expenses	19	4,625,267	2,825,634
Total expenses		21,496,698	24,126,086
Profit / (Loss) Before tax		(2,545,775)	(7,120,432)
Less: Tax Expenses	20	X-1 1. 1 /	(7,120,152)
Current Tax		-	_
Deferred Tax		(24,935,436)	1,856,629
Profit for the Year		22,389,661	(8,977,061)
Other Comprehensive Income		,000,001	(0,577,001)
Items that will not be reclassified to Profit or Loss			
Remeasurements of defined benefit obligations, net			
Total Comprehensive Income for the year		22,389,661	(8,977,061)
Earnings per equity share (of face value of Rs. 10 each)			
Basic Earnings Per Share	21	2 238 07	(909)
Dilutive Earnings Per Share	21		(898)
	21	2,238.97 2.38	(

See accompanying notes to the Financial Statements: 1-28

As per our report of even date

For ABCD & Co,

Chartered Accountants

Firm No: 016415S

Vinay Kumar Bachhawat

Partner

Membership No: 214520

Place: Chennai Date: 05.08.2021 For Torrid Solar Power Private Limited

Director

DIN: 07544759

Dinesh Kumar Agarwal

Director

TORRID SOLAR POWER PRIVATE LIMITED CIN: U74999KA2017PTC102966		
Cash Flow Statement for the year ended March 31, 2021		
(All amounts are in Indian rupees, unless otherwise stated)		
Particulars	For the year ended	For the year ende
A. Cash flow from operating activities	31 March 2021	31 March 202
Net Profit/ (Loss) before tax		
Adjustments for:	(2,545,775)	(7,120,43
Depreciation		3 (0.000)
Interest expense	11,118,699	12,522,11
Operating loss before working capital changes	5,746,755	8,746,51
Adjustments for (increase) / decrease in operating assets :	14,319,679	14,148,20
Adjustments for increase / (decrease) in operating liabilities:		
Trade Receivables		
Other Current Assets	(18,950,922)	12,961,65
Loans	4,531	(32,87
Trade Payables	-	(53,00
Other Financial Liabilities	285,969	(121,228,46
Other Current Liabilities	77,972	31,00
Cash used in operations	(849,305)	877,56
2 Linear Description 40	(5,112,077)	(93,295,922
	(5,112,077)	(93,295,922
3. Cash flow from investing activities		
Purchase of Fixed Assets	(68,264)	
Net cash flow from / (used) investing activities	(68,264)	-
C. Cash flow from financing activities	(00,204)	<u> </u>
Proceeds from / (Repayment of) Non Current Borrowings	(120 704 70-	
Issue of Preference Shares	(129,784,597)	94,240,600
Interest Paid	146,704,890	-
Net cash flow from / (used) in financing activities	(11,732,112)	(874,651
	5,188,182	93,365,949
et increase / (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents (A+B	7.041	
ash and eash equivalents at the beginning of the year	7,841	70,027
ash and cash equivalents at the end of the period	102,491	32,464
ash and cash equivalents as per cash flow statement	110,331	102,491
	110,331	102,491
ash on hand	•	
plance with banks in current account	110,331	102.401
ash and cash equivalents as per Balance sheet		102,491
les —	110,331	102,491

The cash flow statement is prepared under Indirect Method as set out in Ind AS 7, Statement of Cash Flows notified under section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013. 2. Reconciliation of cash and cash equivalents with the Balance Sheet.

See accompanying notes to the Financial Statements: 1-28

As per our report of even date

For ABCD & Co. Chartered Accountants

Firm No: 016415S

Partner

Membership No: 214520

Place: Chennai, Date: 05.08.2021 For Torrid Solar Power Private Limited

Director

DIN: 07544759

Dinesh Kumar Agarwat

Director

TORRID SOLAR POWER PRIVATE LIMITED

CIN: U74999KA2017PTC102966

Statement of Changes in Equity for the year ended 31 March 2021

(All amounts are in Indian rupees, unless otherwise stated)

A. Equity Share Capital

Particulars	No of Shares	Amount in Rs	
Equity shares INR 10 each issued, subscribed and fully paid			
As at 31st March 2020	10,000	100,000	
Issue of equity shares	-	-	
As at 31st March 2021	10,000	100,000	

B. OTHER EQUITY

Particulars	Retained Earnings	Equity Component of Compound Financial Instruments	Total equity attributable to equity holders	
As at 31 March 2020	(46,680,178)	#1	(46,680,178)	
Add: Profit/(Loss) for the year	22,389,661		22,389,661	
Preference Shares 0.01% Dividend issued		122,895,072	122,895,072	
As at 31 March 2021	(24,290,517)	122,895,072	98,604,555	

See accompanying notes to the Financial Statements: 1-28

As per our report of even date

For ABCD & Co,

Chartered Accountants

Firm No: 016415S

Vinay Kumar Bachhawat

Partner

Membership No: 214520

For Torrid Solar Power Private Limited

Director

DIN: 07544759

Dinesh Kumar Agarwal

Director

DIN: 07544757

Place: Chennai Date: 05.08.2021

TORRID SOLAR POWER PRIVATE LIMITED

CIN: U74999KA2017PTC102966

Notes to Standalone Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2021

(All amounts are in Indian rupees, unless otherwise stated)

1. Corporate Information

TORRID SOLAR POWER PRIVATE LIMITED is incorporated in May 2017 having its registered office in Karnataka, registered under the Companies Act 2013. It is formed to act as a Special Purpose Vehicle (SPV) for the limited purpose to develop, execute, manage and run solar power generation project.

2. Basis of Preparation

a. Statement of compliance

These financial statements are prepared in accordance with Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) under the historical cost convention on the accrual basis except for certain financial instruments which are measured at fair values, at the end of each reporting period as explained in the accounting policies below, the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 ('the Act') (to the extent notified). The company's financial statements for the period ended March 31, 2021 are prepared in accordance with Companies (Indian Accounting Standard) Rules, 2015 and Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Amendment Rules, 2016 as prescribed under Sec 133 of the Act and the company adopted all the Ind AS.

Accounting policies have been consistently applied except where a newly-issued accounting standard is initially adopted or a revision to an existing accounting standard requires a change in the accounting policy hitherto in use. Details of the Company's significant accounting policies are included in Note 3.

b. Functional and presentation currency

The functional currency of the Company is the Indian rupee. All the financial information have been presented in Indian Rupees (Rs.) except for share data or as stated otherwise.

c. Basis of measurement

These financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis except for the following items:

- a) Net defined benefit liability Present value of defined benefit obligations
- b) Certain financial assets and financial liabilities Fair value

d. Use of estimates

In preparing these financial statements, Management has made judgments, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of accounting policies and the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, income and expenses. Actual results

Estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an on-going basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognized prospectively.

Judgements are made in applying accounting policies that have the most significant effects on the amounts recognized in the financial statements and the same is disclosed in the relevant notes to the financial statements.

Assumptions and estimation uncertainties that have a significant risk of resulting in a material adjustment are reviewed on an on-going basis and the same is disclosed in the relevant notes to the financial statements.

e. Measurement of fair values

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date, regardless of whether that price is directly observable or estimated using another valuation technique. In estimating the fair value of an asset or a liability, the Company takes into account the characteristics of the asset or liability if market participants would take those characteristics into account when pricing the asset or liability at the measurement date. Fair value for measurement and /or disclosure purposes in these financial statements is determined on such a basis and measurements that have some similarities to fair value but are not fair value, such as net realisable value in Ind AS 2 or value in use in Ind AS 36.

In addition, for financial reporting purposes, fair value measurements are categorised into Level 1, 2 or 3 based on the degree to which the inputs to the fair value measurements are observable and the significance of the inputs to the fair value measurement in its entirety, which are described as follows:

- Level 1 inputs are quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the entity can access at the measurement date;

- Level 2 inputs are inputs, other than quoted prices included within Level 1, that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (i.e. as prices) or indirectly (i.e. derived from prices);

- Level 3 inputs are unobservable inputs for the asset or liability.



3. Significant Accounting Policies

a. Foreign Currency Transactions

The functional currency of the Company is the Indian rupee. The financial statements are presented in Indian rupee. Foreign-currency-denominated monetary assets and liabilities are translated into relevant functional currency at exchange rate in effect at the Balance Sheet date. The gains or losses resulting from such translations are included in net profit in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

Transaction gains or losses realized upon settlement of foreign currency transactions are included in determining net profit for the period in which the transaction is settled. Revenue, expense and cash-flow items denominated in foreign currencies are translated into the relevant functional currencies using the exchange rate in effect on the date of the transaction.

All foreign exchange gains and losses are presented in the statement of profit and loss on a net basis within other gains/(losses).

b. Revenue Recognition

Revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for goods supplied and services rendered, net of returns and discounts to customers. Revenue from services is recognised in the periods in which the services are rendered and the Performance Obligations are discharged. However, where the ultimate collection of revenue lacks reasonable certainty, revenue recognition is postponed. Interest income is recognized on effective interest rate taking into account the amount outstanding and the applicable interest rate.

c. Cash and Cash Equivalents

For the purpose of presentation in the statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents includes cash on hand, deposits held at call with financial institutions, other short-term, highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value, and bank overdrafts.

d. Inventories

Inventories are valued at the lower of cost and net realizable value. Cost of inventories comprises all cost of purchase, cost of conversion and other costs incurred in bringing the inventories to their present location and condition. Cost includes all taxes and duties, but excludes duties and taxes that are subsequently recoverable from tax authorities.

The methods of determining cost of various categories of inventories are as follows:

Description	Methods of determining cost
Raw Materials	
	First-In-First-Out (FIFO)

Net realisable value is the estimated selling price less estimated costs for completion and sale. Obsolete, slow moving and defective inventories are identified from time to time and, where necessary, a provision is made for such inventories.

e. Property, plant and equipment

i. Tangible

Tangible property, plant and equipment (PPE) acquired by the Company are reported at acquisition cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses, if any. The acquisition cost includes any cost attributable for bringing an asset to its working condition net of tax/duty credits availed, which comprises of purchase consideration and other directly attributable costs of bringing the assets to their working condition for their intended use. PPE is recognised when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Company and the cost of the item can be measured reliably.

ii. Capital work-in-progress

PPE not ready for the intended use on the date of the Balance Sheet are disclosed as "capital work-in-progress" and carried at cost, comprising direct cost, related incidental expenses and attributable interest.

iii. Intangible

Intangible assets are recognised when it is probable that the future economic benefits that are attributable to the asset will flow to the enterprise and the cost of the asset can be measured reliably. Intangible assets are stated at original cost net of tax/duty credits availed, if any, less accumulated amortisation and cumulative impairment. Administrative other general overhead expenses that are specifically attributable to the acquisition of antangible assets are presented as the cost of the asset of the acquisition of antangible assets are presented as the cost of the asset of the asset of the asset of the acquisition of antangible assets are presented as the cost of the asset of

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allocated and capitalised as a part of the cost of the intangible assets. Expenses on software support and maintenance are charged to the Statement of Profit and Loss during the year in which such costs are incurred.

iv. Intangible assets under development

Intangible assets not ready for the intended use on the date of Balance Sheet are disclosed as "Intangible assets under development".

v. Depreciation and Amortisation

Depreciable amount for tangible property, plant and equipment is the cost of an asset, or other amount substituted for cost, less its estimated residual value. Depreciation on tangible property, plant and equipment has been provided on the written down method as per the useful life prescribed in Schedule II to the Companies Act, 2013. Depreciation method is reviewed at each financial year end to reflect expected pattern of consumption of the future economic benefits embodied in the asset.

The estimated useful life and residual values are also reviewed at each financial year end with the effect of any change in the estimates of useful life/residual value is accounted on prospective basis. Depreciation for additions to/deductions on owned assets is calculated pro rata to the remaining period of use. Depreciation charge for impaired assets is adjusted in future periods in such a manner that the revised carrying amount of the asset is allocated over its remaining useful life. All capital assets with individual value less than Rs. 5,000 are depreciated fully in the year in which they are purchased.

Estimated useful life considered by the Company are:

Asset	Estimated Useful Life
Computer Equipment	3 Years
Furniture Fittings	10 Years
Plant and Machineries	25 Years
Motor Vehicles	10 Years

vi. Impairment of assets

Upon an observed trigger or at the end of each accounting year, the Company reviews the carrying amounts of its PPE, investment property and intangible asset to determine whether there is any indication that the asset have suffered an impairment loss. If such indication exists, the PPE, investment property and intangible assets are tested for impairment so as to determine the impairment loss, if any.

Impairment loss is recognised when the carrying amount of an asset exceeds its recoverable amount. Recoverable amount is the higher of fair value less cost of disposal and value in use.

vii. De-recognition of property, plant and equipment and intangible asset

An item of PPE and intangible assets is derecognised upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected to arise from the continued use of the asset. Any gain or loss arising on the disposal or retirement of an item of PPE is determined as the difference between the sales proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and is recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

f. Income Taxes

Income tax expense comprise current tax (i.e. amount of tax for the period determined in accordance with the incometax law) and deferred tax charge or credit (reflecting that tax effects of timing differences between accounting income and taxable income for the period). The deferred tax charge or credit and the corresponding deferred tax liabilities or assets are recognized using the tax rates and tax laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date. Deferred tax assets are recognized only to the extent there is a reasonable certainty that the assets can be realized in future; however, where there is unabsorbed depreciation or carried forward loss under taxation laws, deferred tax assets are recognized only if there is a virtual certainty of realization of such assets. Deferred tax assets are reviewed as at the balance sheet date and written down or written up to reflect the amount that is reasonably/virtually certain (as the case may be) to be realized. Current tax and deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset to the extent to which the Company has a legally enforceable right to set off and they relate to taxes on income levied by the same governing taxation laws.

Minimum Alternate Tax ("MAT") paid in accordance with tax laws, which gives rise to future economic benefits in the form of adjustment of future income tax liability, is considered as an asset if there is convincing evidence that the company would pay normal income tax after tax holiday period and accordingly, MAT is recognized as an asset in public balance sheet when it is probable that the future economic benefit associated with it will flow to the company and the accordingly. MAT credit entitlement is reviewed at each balance sheet date and written down

to the extent there is no convincing evidence to the effect that the Company will pay normal income tax during the specified period.

Current and deferred tax for the year

Current and deferred tax are recognized in profit or loss, except when they relate to items that are recognized in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, in which case, the current and deferred tax are also recognized in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively.

g. Provisions, contingent liabilities and contingent assets

The Company creates a provision when there is present obligation as a result of past event that probably requires an outflow of resources and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation. A disclosure for a contingent liability is made when there is a possible obligation or a present obligation that may, but probably will not, require an outflow of resources. Where there is a possible obligation or a present obligation in respect of which the likelihood of outflow of resources is remote, no provision or disclosure is made. Contingent assets are neither recognized nor disclosed in the financial statements.

Provision for onerous contracts i.e. contacts where the expected unavoidable costs of meeting the obligations under the contract exceed the economic benefits expected to be received under it, are recognized when it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle a present obligation as a result of an obligating event, based on reliable estimate of such obligation.

h. Earnings Per Share

Basic earnings per equity share is computed by dividing the net profit for the year attributable to the Equity Shareholders by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the year. Diluted earnings per share is computed by dividing the net profit for the year, adjusted for the effects of dilutive potential equity shares, attributable to the Equity Shareholders by the weighted average number of the equity shares and dilutive potential equity shares outstanding during the year except where the results are anti-dilutive.

i. Cash Flow Statements

Cash flows are reported using the indirect method, whereby profit for the period is adjusted for the effects of transactions of a non-cash nature, any deferrals or accruals of past or future operating cash receipts or payments and item of income or expenses associated with investing or financing cash flows. The cash flows from operating, investing and financing activities of the Company are segregated.

j. Financial Instruments:

Initial Recognition

The Company recognizes financial assets and financial liabilities when it becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. All financial assets and liabilities are recognized at fair value on initial recognition, except for trade receivables which are initially measured at transaction price. Transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of financial assets and financial liabilities, which are not at fair value through profit or loss, are added to the fair value on initial recognition. Regular way purchase and sale of financial assets are accounted for at trade date.

Subsequent Measurement

i) Financial Assets carried at Amortized Cost

A financial asset is subsequently measured at amortized cost if it is held within a business model whose objective is to hold the asset in order to collect contractual cash flows and the contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

ii) Financial Assets at Fair Value through Other Comprehensive Income

A financial asset is subsequently measured at fair value through other comprehensive income if it is held within a business model whose objective is achieved by both collecting contractual cash flows and selling financial assets and the contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding. The Company has made an irrevocable election for its investments which are classified as equity instruments to present the subsequent changes in fair value in other comprehensive income based on its business model.

iii) Financial Assets at Fair Value through Profit or Loss

A financial asset, which is not classified in any of the above categories, is subsequently fair calued through profit or

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iv) Impairment of Financial Assets

The Company recognizes loss allowances using the expected credit loss (ECL) model for the financial assets which are not fair valued through profit or loss. Loss allowance for trade receivables with no significant financing component is measured at an amount equal to lifetime ECL. For all other financial assets, ECLs are measured at an amount equal to the 12-month ECL, unless there has been a significant increase in credit risk from initial recognition in which case those are measured at lifetime ECL, as applicable, as the case may be. The amount of ECLs (or reversals, if any) that is required to adjust the loss allowance at the reporting date to the amount that is required to be recognized is recognized as an impairment gain or loss in the profit or loss.

v) Financial Liabilities

Financial liabilities are subsequently carried at amortized cost using the effective interest method, except for contingent consideration recognized in a business combination, which is subsequently measured at fair value through profit or loss. For trade and other payables maturing within one year from the Balance Sheet date, the carrying amounts approximate fair value due to the short maturity of these instruments.

Derecognition of Financial Instruments

The company derecognizes a financial asset when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the financial asset expire or it transfers the financial asset and the transfer qualifies for derecognition under Ind AS 109. A financial liability (or a part of a financial liability) is derecognized from the Company's Balance Sheet when the obligation specified in the contract is discharged or cancelled or expires.

k. Operating Cycle

Based on the nature of activities of the company and the normal time between rendering of services and their realisation in cash or cash equivalents, the Company has determined its operating cycle as 12 months for the purpose of classification of its assets and liabilities as current and non-current.

1. Leases

The company assesses whether a contract contains a lease at the inception of the contract. A contract is, or contains, a lease if the contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration. To assess whether a contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset, the company assesses whether (i) the contract involves the use of an identified asset (ii) the company has substantially all of the economic benefits from the use of the asset through the period of the lease and (iii) the company has the right to direct the use of the asset. The company has applied the exemption of not to recognize Right to Use assets and liabilities for leases with less than 12 months of lease term on the date of initial application as a practical expediency. For these short term and low value leases, the Company recognises the lease payments as an operating expense on a straight line basis over the term of the lease.



---- Space is left intentionally blank----



4.	Property, Plant and Equipment					
	Description	Plant &	Commut	T	Motor	T
	Gross Block	Machinery	Computer	s Furniture	Vehicle	CT1
	Balance as at 31st March 2020 Additions	136,500,000	34,000	26,000	-	136,560,000
	Balance as at 31st March 2021	136,500,000	34,000	26,000	68,264 68,264	68,264 136,628,264
	Accumulated Depreciation Balance as at 31st March 2020	38,194,412	21.041			8=-
	Charge for the year	11,101,469	31,941 1,300	14,960	-	38,241,313
	Balance as at 31st March 2021	49,295,881	33,241	2,858 17,818	13,072 13,072	11,118,699 49,360,012
	Net Block					
	Balance as at 31st March 2021	87,204,119	759	8,182	55,192	07.240.244
	Balance as at 31st March 2020	98,305,588	2,059	11,040	35,192	87,268,252 98,318,687
	Balance as at 31st March 2019	110,820,320	5,590	14,896		110,840,806
I	Balance as at 1st April 2018	124,928,234	15,173	20,099		124,963,506
6. (Total Cash and Cash Equivalent Cash on hand		=	36,731, 36,731,		17,781,048 17,781,048
В	alance with Banks In Current Accounts			110,3		102,491
C	In Fixed Deposits ash and Cash Equivalents as per Bala	ince Sheet	-			
C	ash and Cash Equivalents as per Casl	h Flow	STATE OF THE PARTY	110,3		102,491
	oan – Current Insecured, Considered Good)					
L	oans and Advances to Related Partie	s				
	Other Loans			53,0	000	53,000
1	otal			53,0		53,000
(L	ther Current Assets Insecured, Considered Good) thers					
	tal		1.	201,39		205,926
100.00	900 St. 00			201,39	5	205,926
Sh	are Capital					
	uthorised		31	As at March 202		s at ch 2020
10	0000 Equity Shares of ₹ 10 each	8CD&	60 -	100,000		400,000
	sued, Subscribed and Paid up	CHENNAI- FRN 01641		100,000		400,000
0.10	0000 Equity Shares of ₹ 10 each	10	15/ -	100,000		100,000
12	<u></u>	PED ACC	O) -	100,000	1	00,000

9.

a.Reconciliation of the shares outstanding at the beginning and at the end of the reporting		rch 2021	31 March	2020
Equity Shares	Number	Amount	Number	Amount
At the commencement of the year Shares issued during the year	10,000	100,000	10,000	100,000
At the end of the year	10,000	100,000	10,000	100 000
Rights, preferences and months			10,000	100,000

Rights, preferences and restrictions attached to equity shares

The company has a single class of equity shares. Accordingly, all equity shares rank equally with regard to dividends and share in the company's residual assets. The equity shares are entitled to receive dividend as declared from time to time after subject to dividend to preference shareholders. The voting rights of an equity shareholder on a poll (not show of hands) are in proportion to its share of the paid-up equity capital of the company.

On winding up of the company, the holder of equity shares will be entitled to receive the residual assets of the company, remaining after distribution of all preferential amounts in proportion to the number of equity shares held.

b. Particulars of shareholders holding more than 5% shares of a class of shares	31 March 2021		31 March 2020	
Equity shares of ₹ 10 each fully paid held by Sherisha Solar LLP	Number	(% of total shares)	Number	(% of total shares)
SIL Rooftop Solar Power Private Limited Rajamma	74,000 26,000	74% 26%	74,000 - 26,000	74% - 26%
part of Framework agreement ideals	100,000	100%	100,000	100.00%

As a part of Framework agreement, identified C&I business under Sherisha Solar Private Limited (SSPL) were transferred to SIL Rooftop Solar Power Private Limited (Holding of SSPL) for a valued business consideration. SSPL later has been converted into Sherisha Solar LLP (SSLLP) on October 29, 2020. On Dec 15th, SS LLP ownership of 36% of the partnership interest & economic interest constituting 99% has been transferred to the SunEdison Infrastructure Limited (SIL - holding of SIL Rooftop Solar Power Private Ltd).

10. Other Equity

Retained Earnings Equity component of optionally convertible preference shares Total	As at 31-Mar-21 (24,290,517) 122,895,072	As at 31-Mar-20 (46,680,178)
_	98,604,555	(46,680,178)
A RETAINED EARNINGS		(10,000,170)
Opening Balance		
Add: Surplus/Loss during the year	(46,680,178) 22,389,661	(37,703,117)
Add: Ind AS Adjustment - Processing Fees Closing Balance	(24,290,517)	(46,680,178)
	(24,290,517)	(46,680,178)
EQUITY COMPONENT OF COMPOUND FINANCIAL INSTRUMENT Opening balance Add: Shares issued during the year Less: Liability component of Redeemable preference	146,704,890	
Clasical	23,809,818	=
Total Palance (P(CHENNAI-14) (O) - FRN 016415S)	122,895,072	-
The state of the s	98,604,555	(46,680,178)

The compound financial instrument relate to the Optionally convertible preference shares ('OCPS') issued by the company.

	company.				
a	. Authorised share capital 1,49,90,000 Preference shares of ₹ 10 each		As at 31 March 2021	31	As at March 2020
	Issued, Subscribed and Paid up share capital 1,46,70,489 Optionally Convertible Preference Shares	- s of ₹ 10 each _	146,704,890 146,704,890	_	
b.	Reconciliation of the shares outstanding at the _ beginning and at the end of the reporting	31 Marc Number	h 2021 Amount	31 March Number	2020 Amount
	Optionally convertible Preference Shares At the commencement of the year Shares issued during the year Shares redeemed during the year	14,670,489	 146,704,890	-	•

c. Rights, preferences and restrictions attached to preference shares

0.01% Optionally convertible non-cumulative preference shares were issued in the month of August' 20 (14670489 Shares @ Rs.10) pursuant to the share holders agreement. Optionally convertible non - cumulative preference shares are convertible into equity share of par value Rs.10/- in the ratio of 1:1.

14,670,489

146,704,890

These preference shares are convertible at any time on or before the end of nineteenth year from the date of issuance at the option of the company. Preference shares shall be mandatorily converted to equity shares upon completion of a period of 19 (Nineteen) years from the date of issuance and allotment of such preference shares. The holders of these shares are entitled to a non-cumulative dividend 0.01%. Preference shares carry a preferential right as to dividend over equity shareholders. The preference shares are entitled to one vote per share at meetings of the Company on any resolutions of the Company directly involving their rights.

d. Particulars of shareholders holding more than 5% shares of a class of shares

	31 March	2021	31 March 2020		
SIL Roofton Solar Power Private Limited	Number	%	Number	%	
SIL Rooftop Solar Power Private Limited	14,670,489	% Number 100% -	-		
	14,670,489	100%	-		

11. Borrowings- Long Term

At the end of the year

UNSECURED	As at 31-Mar-21	As at 31-Mar-20
Liability component of OCPRS Inter Corporate Deposits from Related Parties	25,674,920	
Total	5,687,203	135,471,800
Total	31,362,123	135,471,800

Inter Corporate Loans are taken for working capital requirements. The loan carries an interest rate of 8% per annum on the outstanding amount. (Refer note 22)

12. Trade Payable Due to

Fotal

Micro and Small Enterprise Other than Micro and Small Enterprise

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1,136,165	853,972
3,776	
1,139,941	853,972

13. Other Financial Liabilities - Current		
Interest accrued but not paid	W. Co.	
Other Payables	21,405	7,071,004
	152,972	75,000
	174,377	7,946,864
14. Other Current Liabilities		
Statutory Dues (GST, TDS, etc.,)		
Total	29,209	010401
	29,209	878,514
15. Revenue from Operations		
	For the Year ended	• · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	31-Mar-21	and rem ended
Sale of Power		31-Mar-20
Total	18,950,922	16,809,705
	18,950,922	16,809,705
6. Other Income		
Other Income		
Total		195,948
		195,948
7. Finance Cost		
Interest cost	5740765	
Interest on Inter Corporate Deposits	5,746,755 3,881,653	8,746,515
Interest on Financial Laibility - OCPS	1,865,102	8,746,515
Other Borrowing Cost		*
Total	5,977	7,818
D D	5,752,731	8,754,333
3. Depreciation & Amortisation		
Depreciation	11,118,699	10.500
Preliminary Expenses Write off Total		12,522,119
cotar	11,118,699	24,000
Others	11,118,699	12,546,119
. Other Expenses		
	For the Year ended	For the Year ended
Rates & Taxes	31-Mar-21	31-Mar-20
	1,995,477	(454,455,415,415
Travelling Expenses Professional Fees	-,,	28,813
	296,090	9,000
Operation and Maintenance Expenses	1,775,756	34,950
Insurance Charges	256,275	2,268,695
Rebate	250,275	200,531
Audit Fees	174,300	52,846
Miscellaneous expenses	127,369	82,920
Total		147,880
Payment to Auditors	4,625,267	2,825,634
Statutory Audit		
Certification & Other Charges	135,000	75,000
	39,300	7.020
Total CHENNAI-14	174,300	7,920





Current Tax	For the year ended 31st March 2021	For the year ended 31st March 2020
Deferred Tax	(24.026.426)	-
Tax reported in Profit & Loss	(24,935,436) (24,935,436)	1,856,629 1,856,629
A Deferred Tax Liabilties (Net) <u>Deferred Tax Liabilities</u>	As at 31 March 2021	As at 31 March 2020
Fixed assets: Impact of difference between tax depreciation and depreciation/amortisation for financial reporting Gross Deferred Tax Liability Deferred Tax Assets Financial assets at amortized cost	18,069,574 18,069,574	17,890,180 17,890,180
Carried Forward Unabsorbed Depn Losses Gross Deferred Tax Assets	25,114,830 25,114,830	
Net Deferred Tax Liability	(7,045,256)	17,890,180
B Reconciliation of Deferred Tax liability Opening Deferred Tax Laibility Deferred Credit recorded in Statement of Profit & Loss Deferred Tax change recorded in OCI Closing Deferred Tax Liability/(Asset) (Net)	17,890,180 (24,935,436) (7,045,256)	16,033,551 (1,856,629) 14,176,922

21. Earnings Per Share (EPS)

Basic earnings per equity share is computed by dividing the net profit attributable to the equity holders of the Company by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the period. Diluted earnings per equity share is computed by dividing the net profit attributable to the equity holders of the Company by the weighted average number of equity shares considered for deriving basic earnings per equity share and also the weighted average number of equity shares that could have been issued upon conversion of all dilutive potential equity shares.

The dilutive potential equity shares are adjusted for the proceeds receivable had the equity shares been actually issued at fair value (i.e. the average market value of the outstanding equity shares). Dilutive potential equity shares are determined independently for each period presented.

a. Net profit after Tax/(loss) attributable to equity	31-Mar-21	31-Mar-20
shareholders for calculation of EPS b. Weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the period	22,389,661	(8,977,061)
c. Basic earnings per share d. Weighted average number of Potential Equity shares outstanding during the period	10,000 2,238.97 9,415,190	10,000 (898)
e. Diluted earnings per share	2.38	-
FRNO	NAI-14 (2) 16415S (2)	

22. Related Party Transactions

a. Name of the Related Party and Nature of Relationship* Name of the related party and nature of relationship

Nature of Relationship	Nome of the D. I
Ultimate Holding Company	Name of the Related Party
Holding Company	Sunedison Infrastructure Limited (From 3-Jan-2020)
	SIL Rooftop Solar Power Private Limited (From 1st Oct 2020)
	Sherisha Solar LLP** (Till 1st October 2020)
Entities in which share holders / directors exert significant influence	Sherisha Technolgies Pvt Ltd
	Megamic Electronics
	Sunny Chandrakumar Jain
	Rajamma
	Dinesh Kumar Agarwal

^{*} as identified by the management and relied upon by the auditors

Transaction with Related Parties

Nature of the Transaction	Name of Related Party	For the year ended March	For the year ended March
Preference Shares Issued (Issue		31, 2021	31, 2020
Price)	Sherisha Solar LLP	146,704,890	
Transfer of Equity Shares (Face	Sherisha Solar LLP to SIL Rooftop	, ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	-
Value)	Private Limited	74,000	
Transfer of Preference Shares (Face	Sherisha Solar LLP to SIL Rooftop	.,500	-
Value)	Private Limited	146,704,890	
Interest Expense	SIL Rooftop Solar Power Pvt Ltd	1,101,000	_
Interest Expense	Sherisha Technolgies Pvt Ltd	23,141	
nterest Expense	Sherisha Solar LLP	235,892	-
Operation & Maintenance Charges		3,622,620	8,746,515
Canaina C. M.	Sunedison Infrastructure Limited	1,399,495	
mount Daile G #	Megamic Electronics	72,411	-
oan Donald	Broil Solar Energy Private Limited	-	1,620,000
oan Dames 1	Sherisha Solar LLP	135,482,106	30,617,170
oan Banaid	Sherisha Solar LLP	146,715,196	124,857,770
oan Domester 1	Sherisha Technolgies Pvt Ltd	6,285,136	124,037,770
oon Power 1	Sherisha Technolgies Pvt Ltd	6,285,136	-
Borrowed	SIL Rooftop Solar Power Pvt Ltd	5,687,203	

c. Balance at Year end

Nature of the Transaction	Name of Related Party	For the year ended March	For the year ended March
Creditors	Sunedison Infrastructure Limited	31, 2021	31, 2020
Creditors	Megamic Electronics	268,536	
Loan Payable	Sherisha Solar LLP	13,657	_
Loan Payable		-	135,471,800
nterest Payable	SIL Rooftop Solar Power Pvt Ltd Sherisha Solar LLP	5,687,203	,,,,,,,,,,,
nterest Payable		-	7,871,864
	SIL Rooftop Solar Power Pvt Ltd	21,405	10.11001

23. Disclosures required under Section 22 of the Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006 &

The management has identified certain enterprises which have provided goods and services to the Company and which qualify under the definition of 'Micro and Small Enterprises' as defined under Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Dexelopment Act, 2006 ("the Act"). Accordingly, the disclosure in respect of the amounts payable to such enterprises

^{**} Sherisha Solar LLP was converted from Sherisha Solar Private Limited on October 28, 2020.

as at 31st March 2021 and 31st March 2020 have been made in the financial statements based on information available

Particulars (i) Principal amount remaining unpaid to any supplier	As at 31 March 2021	As at 31 March 2020
as at the end of the accounting year	1,136,165	853,972
(ii) Interest due thereon remaining unpaid to any supplier as at the end of the accounting year (iii) The amount of interest paid along with the amounts of the payment made to the supplier beyond the appointed day	-	-
(iv) The amount of interest due and payable for the year	-	-
(v) The amount of interest accrued and remaining impaid at the end of the accounting year	-	-
(vi) The amount of further interest due and payable even in the succeeding year, until such date when the interest dues as above are actually paid		-,

24. Fair Value Measurements

A. Financial Instrument by Category

Financial instruments by category **Particulars**

Tarticulars		As at 31 M	arch 2021		ENGLISHED TO THE STORY	
Financial Assets	FVPL	FVOCI	Amortised cost	Level 1	Fair value hie Level II	rarchy Level III
Trade Receivables Cash and cash equivalents Loans TOTAL ASSETS			36,731,971 110,331 53,000		-	
Financial Liabilities	-	-	36,895,302		-	-
Borrowings Trade Payable Other Financial Liabilities TOTAL LIABILITIES			31,362,123 1,139,941 174,377 32,676,441		-	
Particulars	EVIDI	As at 31 Mar			Fair value hiera	
Financial Assets	FVPL	FVOCI	Amortised cost 1	LevelI	Level II	Level III
Trade Receivables						
Cash and cash equivalents .oans	•	-	17,781,048 102,491		-: -	
OTAL ASSETS	-	-	53,000 17,936,539			
inancial Liabilities orrowings					·	
rade Payable ther Financial Liabilities	2	-	135,471,800 853,972	-		
OTAL LIABILITIES		3	7,946,864 144,272,636	-		-
danala II			-,,	-	-	

Fair value hierarchy

Level I - Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.

Level 2 - Inputs other than quoted prices included within Level I that are observable for the asset or liability, Cithes directly (i.e. as prices) or indirectly (i.e. derived from prices).

Level 3 - Inputs for the assets or liabilities that are not based on observable market data (unobservable mous) ENNAI-14 OLAP

B. Financial risk management

The Company business activities are exposed to a variety of financial risks, namely liquidity risk, foreign currency risks and credit risk. The Company's management has the overall responsibility for establishing and governing the Company risk management framework. The management is responsible for developing and monitoring the Company risk management policies. The Company risk management policies are established to identify and analyse the risks faced by the Company, to set and monitor appropriate risk limits and controls, periodically review the changes in market conditions and reflect the changes in the policy accordingly. The key risks and mitigating actions are also placed before the Board of directors of the Company.

i. Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk of financial loss to the company if a customer or counterparty to a financial instrument fails to meet its contractual obligations, and arises principally from Company's trade receivables and other financial

The carrying amount of financial assets represents the maximum credit exposure which is as follows:

	Carrying amount			
Trade receivables	As at 31 March 2021	As at 31 March 2020		
Cash and cash equivalents	36,731,971	17,781,048		
Loans	110,331	102,491		
	53,000	53,000		
Trade receivables	36,895,302	17,936,539		

Trade receivables are typically unsecured and are derived from revenue earned from customers. The company have an outstanding trade receivable amounting to Rs.3.67 Crs from BESCOM as at 31st March 2021. The company is in the process of entering into a supplementary Power Purchase Agreement ("PPA") and is awaiting approval from the regulatory authorities. Since the same is pending the amount due from BESCOM is not being received from May 2019. The total amount held by BESCOM will be released only after the supplementary "PPA"

Cash and cash equivalents

The Company held cash and cash equivalents with credit worthy banks as at the reporting dates which has been measured on the 12-month expected loss basis. The credit worthiness of such banks and financial institutions are evaluated by the management on an ongoing basis and is considered to be good with low credit risk.

ii. Liquidity Risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the company will encounter difficulty in meeting obligation, associated with financial liabilities that are settled by delivering cash or another financial asset. The Company manages liquidity risk by maintaining adequate reserves, banking facilities and reserve borrowing facilities, by continuously monitoring forecast and actual cash flows and matching the maturity profiles of financial assets and liabilities. The Company has access to a sufficient variety of sources of funding. Having regards to the nature of the business wherein the Company is able to generate fixed cash flows over a period of time and to optimize the cost of funding, the Company, from time to time, funds its long-term investment from short-term sources. The short-term borrowings can be roll forward or, if required, can be refinanced from long term borrowings. In addition, processes and policies related to such risks are overseen by senior management.

The table below provides details regarding the contractual maturities of significant financial liabilities as at 31

Particulars	Loonthan	As at 31 March 2021		
Borrowings	Less than one year	1-2 years	2 years and above	Total
Trade Payables	(CHENNAI-14) တို့ 1,139,941		31,362,123	31,362,123
Other Financial Liabilities Total	P FRN 0164150 2 174 377	-	-	1,139,941
	314,318	-	31,362,123	174,377 32,676,441

Particulars Borrowings	Longation	As at 31 March 2020			
	Less than one year	1-2 years	2 years and above	Total	
Trade Payables Other Financial Liabilities	853,972	-	135,471,800	135,471,800	
Total	7,946,864 8,800,836			853,972 7,946,864	
(iii) Foreign Currency Risk	0,000,030	•	135,471,800	144,272,636	

The Company's operations are largely within India and hence the exposure to foreign currency risk is very minimal.

25. Contingent Liabilities & Commitments

The company have an outstanding trade receivable amounting to Rs. 3.67 Crs from BESCOM as at 31st March 2021. The company is in the process of entering into a supplementary Power Purchase Agreement ("PPA") and is awaiting approval from the regulatory authorities. Since the same is pending the amount due from BESCOM is not being received from May 2019. The total amount held by BESCOM will be released only after the supplementary "PPA"

The Management is confident of getting the approval from the regulatory authorities in the near future and thus no

26. Segment Reporting

The Company is mainly engaged in the business of generation and selling of power in India. Based on the information reported for the purpose of resource allocation and assessment of performance, there are no reportable segments in accordance with the requirements of Indian Accounting Standard 108-'Operating Segments', notified under the

- 27. The outbreak of Coronavirus (COVID -19) pandemic globally and in India is causing significant disturbance and slowdown of economic activity. The Company has evaluated impact of this pandemic on its business operations, assessed the Company's liquidity position for the next one year and evaluated the recoverability and carrying value of its assets as of March 31, 2021. Based on its review, consideration of internal and external information up to the date of approval of these mancial statements and current indicators of future economic conditions relevant to the Company's operations, management has concluded that there are no adjustments required to the Company's financial statements. However, the estimated impact of COVID 19 might vary from the date of approval of these financial statements and the Company will continue to monitor any material changes to future economic conditions.
- 28. Previous year's figures are regrouped / rearranged, where necessary, to confirm to the current year's presentation

See accompanying notes to the Financial Statements:1-28

As per our report of even date

For ABCD & Co. Chartered Accountants

Firm No: 016415S

dmar Bachhawat -

Membership No: 214520

Place: Chennai, Date: 05.08.2021 For TORRID SOLAR POWER PRIVATE LIMITED

Director

DIN: 07544759

Dinesh Kumar Agarwal

Director